Kansas Board of Nursing APRN Committee Agenda September 15, 2020

NOTE: The meeting will be held via Zoom. Link to access meeting to follow agenda.

Time:

2:00 p.m. - 3:00 p.m.

Committee Members:

Carol Bragdon, PhD, APRN, Chair

Patsy Zeller, MSN, APRN, NP-C, V. Chair

Jennifer Bendure, CRNA, DNP

Benjamin Cochran, DNP, APRN, NP-C

Bobbe Mansfield, DNP, FNP-BC

Jamie Harrington, DNP, APRN, CNM, FNP-BC

Dawn Gosnell, MSN, APRN, CNS, CCRN

Staff: Carol Moreland, MSN, RN - Executive Administrator

Jill Simons – Executive Assistant

- I. Call to Order
- II. Review of on-site packet
- III. Additions/Revisions to the agenda
- IV. Announcements
- V. Approval of minutes June 16, 2020
- VI. Unfinished Business
 - 1. Prescription Monitoring Program (PMP) Committee Report Bobbe Mansfield
 - 2. CNM-I Regulations
 - 3. HB 2412 Update Amy Siple, KAPN President
 - 4. NCSBN 2012 Model Rules Chapter 11
 - 5. Criteria for standard review for out of state programs
 - 6. Requirements for Accrediting Agencies and Criteria for APRN Certification
 - 7. Update for the Certification program of NBCRNA

VII. New Business

- 1. APRN Program approvals
 - a. North Park University Adult NP
 - b. Otterbein University Family NP
 - c. United States University Family NP
- VIII. Agenda for December 2020 Committee meeting
- IX. Adjourn

Please note: Additional items which have come to the attention of the Board or Committee will be handled as time permits. Agenda is subject to change based upon items to come before the Board. Handouts or copies of materials brought to the Board or Committee for discussion by Committee Members or visitors must be submitted to staff 30

calendar days prior to start of the meeting. Any items received after the $30^{\rm th}$ calendar day may be addressed at the meeting at the discretion of the President of the Board or Chairperson of the Committee.

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

 $\frac{https://us02web.zoom.us/j/85987944330?pwd=WWFuODdaZVFsUWRCcTlnWExrVHdY}{QT09}$

Passcode: KsbnAPComm

Or iPhone one-tap:

US: +12532158782,,85987944330#,,,,,,0#,,4660765665# or +13462487799,,85987944330#,,,,,,0#,,4660765665#

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Dial(for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):

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Webinar ID: 859 8794 4330

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International numbers available: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kc94rPEaaS

Website link to access meeting materials: https://ksbn.kansas.gov/board-packet/

Alternate Meeting Viewing Via KSBN YouTube Live:

https://www.youtube.com/user/ksnursing

The Committee may discuss, vote to approve, vote to disapprove, vote to table, change the sequence of any agenda item, or vote to strike or not discuss any agenda item.

In the event electronic communications are lost or compromised during the meeting, the Kansas State Board of Nursing will attempt to restore communications for a maximum of (2) two hours. If unable to restore communications the meeting will be adjourned.

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HOUSE BILL No. 2412

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

3-26

AN ACT concerning advanced practice registered nurses; board of nursing; relating to the definition of practice; prescribing authority; licensure requirements; rules and regulations; amending K.S.A. 65-1130 and 65-4101, K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 65-1113, as amended by section 2 of chapter 42 of the 2018 Session Laws of Kansas, and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 40-3401 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 65-1113, as amended by section 2 of chapter 42 of the 2018 Session Laws of Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1113. When used in this act and the act of which this section is amendatory:

(a) "Board" means the board of nursing.

(b) "Diagnosis" in the context of nursing practice, for licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, means-that the identification of and discrimination between physical and psychosocial signs and symptoms essential to effective execution and management of the nursing regimen and shall be construed as distinct from a medical diagnosis nursing regimen. Advanced practice registered nurses are educated and trained in using diagnoses and may develop primary and differential diagnoses within the advanced practice registered nurse scope of practice.

(c) "Treatment" means the selection and performance of those therapeutic measures essential to effective-execution implementation and management of the nursing regimen, and any prescribed medical regimen patient's healthcare, determined by the nurse's level of education.

(d) Practice of nursing. (1) The practice of professional nursing as performed by a registered professional nurse for compensation or gratuitously, except as permitted by K.S.A. 65-1124, and amendments thereto, means the process in which substantial specialized knowledge derived from the biological, physical, and behavioral sciences is applied to: the: Care, diagnosis, treatment, counsel and health teaching of persons who are experiencing changes in the normal health processes or who require assistance in the maintenance of health or the prevention or management of illness, injury or infirmity; administration, supervision or teaching of the process as defined in this section; and the execution of the medical treatment regimen as prescribed by a person licensed to practice

medicine and surgery—or, a person licensed to practice dentistry or a person licensed to practice advanced practice registered nursing.

- (2) The practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse means the performance for compensation or gratuitously, except as permitted by K.S.A. 65-1124, and-any amendments thereto, of tasks and responsibilities defined in paragraph (1), which-tasks and responsibilities are based on acceptable educational preparation within the framework of supportive and restorative care under the direction of a registered professional nurse, a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a person licensed to practice dentistry.
- (3) The practice of professional nursing as an advanced practice registered nurse as defined in subsection (g) within the APRN role means, in addition to the practice and responsibilities of professional nursing as defined in paragraph (1): Conducting an advanced assessment; ordering and interpreting diagnostic procedures; establishing primary and differential diagnoses; prescribing, ordering, administering and furnishing therapeutic measures as set forth by the board; delegating and assigning therapeutic measures to assistive personnel; collaborating and consulting with physicians and other healthcare providers; providing referrals to healthcare providers, agencies and community resources; and other acts that require education and training consistent with the professional standards and commensurate with the APRN's education, certification, demonstrated competencies and experience.
- (e) A "professional nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice professional nursing as defined in subsection (d)(1).
- (f) A "practical nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice practical nursing as defined in subsection (d)(2).
- (g) "Advanced practice registered nurse" or "APRN" means a professional nurse who holds a license from the board to-function practice advanced practice registered nursing as defined in subsection (d)(3) as a professional nurse in an advanced role, and this advanced role shall may be further defined by rules and regulations consistent with the Kansas nurse practice act adopted by the board in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1130, and amendments thereto.
- (h) "Continuing nursing education" means learning experiences intended to build upon the educational and experiential bases of the registered professional and licensed practical nurse for the enhancement of practice, education, administration, research or theory development to the end of improving the health of the public.
- (i) "Collaboration" means the process in which two or more healthcare professionals work together to meet the healthcare needs of a patient, as warranted by the patient.
 - (j) "Consultation" means the process in which an advanced practice

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registered nurse who maintains primary management responsibility for a patient's care seeks advice or opinion of a physician or another member of the healthcare team.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 65-1130 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1130. (a) No professional nurse shall announce or represent to the public that such person is an advanced practice registered nurse unless such professional nurse has complied with requirements established by the board and holds a valid license as an advanced practice registered nurse in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(b) (1) The board shall establish standards and requirements for any professional nurse who desires to obtain licensure as an advanced practice registered nurse. Such standards and requirements shall include, but not be limited to, standards and requirements relating to the education of advanced practice registered nurses. The board may give such examinations and secure such assistance as it deems necessary to determine the qualifications of applicants.

(2) On and after July 1, 2020, for an applicant, an initial advanced practice registered nurse license shall have a current advanced practice registered nurse certification in such applicant's specific role granted by a national certifying organization recognized by the board whose certification standards are approved by the board as equal to or greater than the corresponding standards established by the board.

(c) The board shall adopt rules and regulations consistent with the Kansas nurse practice act applicable to advanced practice registered nurses-which that:

(1) Establish roles and identify titles and abbreviations of advanced practice registered nurses-which that are consistent with nursing practice specialties recognized by the nursing profession including titles describing the four APRN roles of certified registered nurse anesthetist, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse midwife and certified nurse practitioner.

(2) Establish education and qualifications necessary for licensure for each role of advanced practice registered nurse established by the board-at a level adequate to assure the competent performance by advanced practice registered nurses of functions and procedures which advanced practice registered nurses are authorized to perform. Advanced practice registered nursing is based on knowledge and skills acquired in. Education and qualifications for APRN licensure established by the board shall include completion of basic nursing education, licensure as a registered nurse and graduation from or completion of a master's or higher degree an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the advanced practice registered nurse roles approved by the board of nursing.

(3) Define the role of advanced practice registered nurses and establish limitations and restrictions on such role consistent with the

Kansas nurse practice act. The board shall adopt a definition of the role under this paragraph which that is consistent with the education and qualifications required to obtain a license as an advanced practice registered nurse, which that protects the public from persons performing functions and procedures as advanced practice registered nurses for which they lack adequate education and qualifications and—which that authorizes advanced practice registered nurses to perform acts generally recognized by the profession of nursing as capable of being performed, in a manner consistent with the public health and safety, by persons with postbasic education in nursing. In defining such role the board shall consider:

- (A) The education required for a licensure as an advanced practice registered nurse;
- (B) the type of nursing practice and preparation in specialized advanced practice skills involved in each role of advanced practice registered nurse established by the board;
- (C) the scope and limitations of advanced practice nursing prescribed by national advanced practice organizations. Advanced practice nursing is built on the practice of health promotion, health maintenance, illness prevention, diagnosis, treatment and management of common health problems and acute and chronic conditions; and
- (D) acts recognized by the nursing profession as appropriate to be performed by persons with postbasic education in nursing.
- (4) Require an advanced practice registered nurse to wear identification that clearly identifies the nurse as such when providing direct patient care, unless wearing identification creates a safety or health risk to the nurse or patient.
- (d) (1) An advanced practice registered nurse may prescribe—drugs pursuant to a written protocol as authorized by a responsible physician. Each written protocol shall contain a precise and detailed medical plan of eare for each classification of disease or injury for which the advanced practice registered nurse is authorized to prescribe and shall specify all-drugs which may be prescribed by the advanced practice registered nurse. Any written, procure and administer prescription drugs and controlled substances in schedules II through V pursuant to applicable federal and state laws. An advanced practice registered nurse shall not prescribe any drug that is intended to cause an abortion.
- (2) A prescription order shall include the name, address and telephone number of the responsible physician. The advanced practice registered nurse. An advanced practice registered nurse may not dispense drugs, but may request, receive and sign for professional samples and may distribute professional samples to patients pursuant to a written protocol as authorized by a responsible physician.
 - (3) In order to prescribe controlled substances, the advanced practice

registered nurse shall: (1)

(A) Register with the federal drug enforcement administration; and (2)

- (B) notify the board of the name and address of the responsible physician or physicians. In no case shall the scope of authority of the advanced practice registered nurse exceed the normal and customary practice of the responsible physician federal drug enforcement administration registration as prescribed by the rules and regulations of the board. An advanced practice registered nurse shall comply with the federal drug enforcement administration requirements related to controlled substances.
- (4) An advanced practice registered nurse certified in the role of registered nurse anesthetist while functioning as a registered nurse anesthetist under K.S.A. 65-1151 through 65-1164, and amendments thereto, shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 65-1151 through 65-1164, and amendments thereto, with respect to drugs and anesthetic agents and shall not be subject to the provisions of this subsection. For the purposes of this subsection, "responsible physician" means a person-licensed to practice medicine and surgery in Kansas who has accepted responsibility for the protocol and the actions of the advanced practice registered nurse when prescribing drugs.
- (5) An advanced practice registered nurse shall maintain malpractice insurance coverage in effect as a condition of rendering professional service as an advanced practice registered nurse in this state and shall provide proof of insurance at the time of licensure and renewal of license. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to an advanced practice registered nurse who: Practices solely in employment for which the advanced practice registered nurse is covered under the federal tort claims act or Kansas tort claims act; practices solely as a charitable healthcare provider under K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto; or is serving on active duty in the military service of the United States.
- (e) As used in this section, "drug" means those articles and substances defined as drugs in K.S.A. 65-1626 and 65-4101, and amendments thereto.
- (f) A person registered to practice as an advanced registered nurse practitioner in the state of Kansas immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be licensed to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse under this act and such person shall not be required to file an original application for licensure under this act. Any application for registration filed which that has not been granted prior to the effective date of this act shall be processed as an application for licensure under this act.
- (g) An advanced practice registered nurse certified in the role of certified nurse-midwife and engaging in the independent practice of midwifery under the independent practice of midwifery act with respect to

prescribing drugs shall be subject to the provisions of the independent practice of midwifery act and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section.

- (h) (1) The board shall adopt rules and regulations establishing a program of transition to full practice as an advance practice registered nurse. Any advanced practice registered nurse who has less than 4,000 hours of licensed active practice as an advanced practice registered nurse under a collaborative relationship with a physician in accordance with this subsection shall be required to undergo such transition program. Any hours completed under a written protocol with a responsible physician prior to the amendments made to this section by this act shall not count towards the 4,000-hour requirement.
- (2) A transition period advanced practice registered nurse shall not prescribe, procure or administer prescription drugs, except as provided in this paragraph. As part of the transition to full practice as an advance practice registered nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse shall complete 4,000 hours in accordance with paragraph (1) within a period of three years while maintaining a collaborative relationship with a physician or a full practice advanced practice registered nurse for the prescription, procurement and administration of prescription drugs by the transition period advanced practice registered nurse.
- (3) A transition period advanced practice registered nurse may engage in the practice of nursing as an advanced practice registered nurse and may prescribe, procure and administer prescription drugs as part of the collaborative relationship described in paragraph (2).
- (4) The board shall specify the manner and form in which a transition period advanced practice registered nurse may identify and represent such credentials, professionally and to the public.
- (5) A transition period advanced practice registered nurse shall complete any documentation required by the board to demonstrate completion of the transition program prior to becoming a full practice advanced practice registered nurse. Upon successful completion of the transition program, the board shall authorize the advanced practice registered nurse to engage in the practice of advanced practice registered nursing without the limitations imposed by this subsection and as otherwise authorized by law.
- (6) The board shall adopt rules and regulations as necessary to implement and administer this subsection.
 - (7) As used in this subsection:
- (A) "Full practice" means the full extent of practice authorized under the Kansas nurse practice act, and rules and regulations adopted thereunder, without a written protocol with a responsible physician or a collaborative relationship with a physician.

(B) "Physician" means a person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice medicine and surgery.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 65-4101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4101. As used in this act: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:
- (1) A practitioner or pursuant to the lawful direction of a practitioner; or
- (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does not include a common carrier, public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
- (c) "Application service provider" means an entity that sells electronic prescription or pharmacy prescription applications as a hosted service where the entity controls access to the application and maintains the software and records on its server.
 - (d) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
- (e) "Bureau" means the bureau of narcotics and dangerous drugs, United States department of justice, or its successor agency.
- (f) "Controlled substance" means any drug, substance or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, 65-4107, 65-4109, 65-4111 and 65-4113, and amendments thereto.
- (g) (1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance that is intended for human consumption, and at least one of the following:
- (A) The chemical structure of the substance is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in or added to the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto:
- (B) the substance has a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto; or
- (C) with respect to a particular individual, such individual represents or intends the substance to have a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107, and amendments thereto.
 - (2) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:
 - (A) A controlled substance;

(B) a substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or

- (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. § 355, to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption.
- (h) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance—which that, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance.
- (i) "Cultivate" means the planting or promotion of growth of five or more plants-which that contain or can produce controlled substances.
- (j) "DEA" means the U.S. department of justice, drug enforcement administration.
- (k) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
- (l) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery, or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.
- (m) "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses, or a physician assistant who has authority to dispense prescription-only drugs in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28a08(b), and amendments thereto.
- (n) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
 - (o) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (p) "Drug" means: (1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopeia, official homeopathic pharmacopeia of the United States or official national formulary or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in human or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human or animals; and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in paragraph (1), (2) or (3). It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.
- (q) "Immediate precursor" means a substance—which that the board has found to be and by rule and regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used

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in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.

(r) "Electronic prescription" means an electronically prepared prescription that is authorized and transmitted from the prescriber to the

pharmacy by means of electronic transmission.

(s) "Electronic prescription application" means software that is used to create electronic prescriptions and that is intended to be installed on the prescriber's computers and servers where access and records are controlled by the prescriber.

(t) "Electronic signature" means a confidential personalized digital key, code, number or other method for secure electronic data transmissions which that identifies a particular person as the source of the message, authenticates the signatory of the message and indicates the person's approval of the information contained in the transmission.

"Electronic transmission" means the transmission of an electronic prescription, formatted as an electronic data file, from a prescriber's electronic prescription application to a pharmacy's computer, where the data file is imported into the pharmacy prescription application.

(v) "Electronically prepared prescription" means a prescription that is

generated using an electronic prescription application.

- (w) "Facsimile transmission" or "fax transmission" means the transmission of a digital image of a prescription from the prescriber or the prescriber's agent to the pharmacy. "Facsimile transmission" includes, but is not limited to, transmission of a written prescription between the prescriber's fax machine and the pharmacy's fax machine; transmission of an electronically prepared prescription from the prescriber's electronic prescription application to the pharmacy's fax machine, computer or printer; or transmission of an electronically prepared prescription from the prescriber's fax machine to the pharmacy's fax machine, computer or printer.
- "Intermediary" means any technology system that receives and transmits an electronic prescription between the prescriber and the pharmacy.
 - "Isomer" means all enantiomers and diastereomers.
- "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled

substance:

- (1) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance.
- (aa) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include: (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant—which that is incapable of germination; (2) any substance listed in schedules II through V of the uniform controlled substances act; or (3) cannabidiol (other trade name: 2-[(3-methyl-6-(1-methylethenyl)-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]-5-pentyl-1,3-benzenediol).
- (bb) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto.
- (cc) "Mid-level practitioner" means a certified nurse-midwife engaging in the independent practice of midwifery under the independent practice of midwifery act, an advanced practice registered nurse issued a license pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1131, and amendments thereto, who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-1130, and amendments thereto, or a physician assistant licensed under the physician assistant licensure act who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written agreement with a supervising physician under K.S.A. 65-28a08, and amendments thereto.
- (dd) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;
- (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
 - (3) opium poppy and poppy straw; or

(4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof—which that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves—which that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.

- (ee) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102, and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (ff) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum l. except its seeds.
- (gg) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government, or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association or any other legal entity.
- (hh) "Pharmacist" means any natural person licensed under K.S.A. 65-1625 et seq., and amendments thereto, to practice pharmacy.
- (ii) "Pharmacist intern" means: (1) A student currently enrolled in an accredited pharmacy program; (2) a graduate of an accredited pharmacy program serving such person's internship; or (3) a graduate of a pharmacy program located outside of the United States—which that is not accredited, and who had successfully passed equivalency examinations approved by the board.
- (jj) "Pharmacy prescription application" means software that is used to process prescription information, is installed on a pharmacy's computers and servers, and is controlled by the pharmacy.
- (kk) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- (II) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a controlled substance in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a controlled substance.
 - (mm) "Prescriber" means a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner.
- (nn) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- (00) "Readily retrievable" means that records kept by automatic data processing applications or other electronic or mechanized recordkeeping systems can be separated out from all other records within a reasonable time not to exceed 48 hours of a request from the board or other authorized agent or that hard-copy records are kept on which certain items are

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asterisked, redlined or in some other manner visually identifiable apart from other items appearing on the records.

- (pp) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for such person's own use or for the use of a member of such person's household or for administering to an animal owned by such person or by a member of such person's household.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 40-3401 is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-3401. As used in this act:
 - (a) "Applicant" means any healthcare provider.
- (b) "Basic coverage" means a policy of professional liability insurance required to be maintained by each healthcare provider pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3402(a) or (b), and amendments thereto.
 - (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance.
- (d) "Fiscal year" means the year commencing on the effective date of this act and each year, commencing on the first day of July thereafter.
- (e) "Fund" means the healthcare stabilization fund established pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3403(a), and amendments thereto.
- (f) (1) "Healthcare provider" means a person licensed to practice any branch of the healing arts by the state board of healing arts, a person who holds a temporary permit to practice any branch of the healing arts issued by the state board of healing arts, a person engaged in a postgraduate training program approved by the state board of healing arts, a medical care facility licensed by the state of Kansas, a podiatrist licensed by the state board of healing arts, a health maintenance organization issued a certificate of authority by the commissioner, an optometrist licensed by the board of examiners in optometry, a pharmacist licensed by the state board of pharmacy, a licensed professional nurse who is authorized to practice as a registered nurse anesthetist, a licensed professional nurse who has been granted a temporary authorization to practice nurse anesthesia under K.S.A. 65-1153, and amendments thereto, a professional corporation organized pursuant to the professional corporation law of Kansas by persons who are authorized by such law to form such a corporation and who are healthcare providers as defined by this subsection, a Kansas limited liability company organized for the purpose of rendering professional services by its members who are healthcare providers as defined by this subsection and who are legally authorized to render the professional services for which the limited liability company is organized, a partnership of persons who are healthcare providers under this subsection, a Kansas not-for-profit corporation organized for the purpose of rendering professional services by persons who are healthcare providers as defined by this subsection, a nonprofit corporation organized to administer the graduate medical education programs of community hospitals or medical care facilities affiliated with the university of Kansas

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school of medicine, a dentist certified by the state board of healing arts to administer anesthetics under K.S.A. 65-2899, and amendments thereto, a psychiatric hospital licensed prior to January 1, 1988, and continuously thereafter under K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-3307b, prior to its repeal, and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 39-2001 et seq., and amendments thereto, or a mental health center or mental health clinic licensed by the state of Kansas. On and after January 1, 2015, "healthcare provider" also means, a physician assistant licensed by the state board of healing arts, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse who is authorized by the board of nursing to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse in the classification of a nurse-midwife, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse who has been granted a temporary authorization by the board of nursing to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse in the classification of a nurse-midwife, a nursing facility licensed by the state of Kansas, an assisted living facility licensed by the state of Kansas-or, a residential healthcare facility licensed by the state of Kansas or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed by the board of nursing.

(2) "Healthcare provider" does not include: (1)(A) Any state institution for people with intellectual disability; (2)(B) any state psychiatric hospital; (3)(C) any person holding an exempt license issued by the state board of healing arts or the board of nursing; (4)(D) any person holding a visiting clinical professor license from the state board of healing arts; (5)(E) any person holding an inactive license issued by the state board of healing arts; (6)(F) any person holding a federally active license issued by the state board of healing arts; (7)(G) an advanced practice registered nurse who is authorized by the board of nursing to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse in the classification of nurse-midwife or nurse anesthetist and who practices solely in the course of employment or active duty in the United States government or any of its departments, bureaus or agencies or who provides professional services as a charitable healthcare provider as defined under K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto; or (8) (H) a physician assistant licensed by the state board of healing arts who practices solely in the course of employment or active duty in the United States government or any of its departments, bureaus or agencies or who provides professional services as a charitable healthcare provider as defined under K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto; or (I) an advanced practice registered nurse: (i) Holding an inactive license issued by the board of nursing; (ii) practicing solely in employment for which the advanced practice registered nurse is covered under the federal tort claims act or the Kansas tort claims act; (iii) practicing solely as a charitable healthcare provider in accordance with K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto; or (iv) practicing solely while serving on active duty in the military service of the United States.

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(g) "Inactive healthcare provider" means a person or other entity who purchased basic coverage or qualified as a self-insurer on or subsequent to the effective date of this act but who, at the time a claim is made for personal injury or death arising out of the rendering of or the failure to render professional services by such healthcare provider, does not have basic coverage or self-insurance in effect solely because such person is no longer engaged in rendering professional service as a healthcare provider.

- (h) "Insurer" means any corporation, association, reciprocal exchange, inter-insurer and any other legal entity authorized to write bodily injury or property damage liability insurance in this state, including workers compensation and automobile liability insurance, pursuant to the provisions of the acts contained in article 9, 11, 12 or 16 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (i) "Plan" means the operating and administrative rules and procedures developed by insurers and rating organizations or the commissioner to make professional liability insurance available to healthcare providers.
- (j) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance providing coverage for legal liability arising out of the performance of professional services rendered or that should have been rendered by a healthcare provider.
- (k) "Rating organization" means a corporation, an unincorporated association, a partnership or an individual licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-956, and amendments thereto, to make rates for professional liability insurance.
- (l) "Self-insurer" means a healthcare provider who qualifies as a self-insurer pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3414, and amendments thereto.
- (m) "Medical care facility" means the same when used in the healthcare provider insurance availability act as defined in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, except that as used in the healthcare provider insurance availability act such term, as it relates to insurance coverage under the healthcare provider insurance availability act, also includes any director, trustee, officer or administrator of a medical care facility.
- (n) "Mental health center" means a mental health center licensed by the state of Kansas under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 39-2001 et seq., and amendments thereto, except that as used in the healthcare provider insurance availability act such term, as it relates to insurance coverage under the healthcare provider insurance availability act, also includes any director, trustee, officer or administrator of a mental health center.
- (o) "Mental health clinic" means a mental health clinic licensed by the state of Kansas under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 39-2001 et seq., and amendments thereto, except that as used in the healthcare provider insurance availability act such term, as it relates to insurance coverage

 under the healthcare provider insurance availability act, also includes any director, trustee, officer or administrator of a mental health clinic.

- (p) "State institution for people with intellectual disability" means Winfield state hospital and training center, Parsons state hospital and training center and the Kansas neurological institute.
- (q) "State psychiatric hospital" means Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital and Rainbow mental health facility.
 - (r) "Person engaged in residency training" means:
- (1) A person engaged in a postgraduate training program approved by the state board of healing arts who is employed by and is studying at the university of Kansas medical center only when such person is engaged in medical activities that do not include extracurricular, extra-institutional medical service for which such person receives extra compensation and that have not been approved by the dean of the school of medicine and the executive vice-chancellor of the university of Kansas medical center. Persons engaged in residency training shall be considered resident healthcare providers for purposes of K.S.A. 40-3401 et seq., and amendments thereto; and
- (2) a person engaged in a postgraduate training program approved by the state board of healing arts who is employed by a nonprofit corporation organized to administer the graduate medical education programs of community hospitals or medical care facilities affiliated with the university of Kansas school of medicine or who is employed by an affiliate of the university of Kansas school of medicine as defined in K.S.A. 76-367, and amendments thereto, only when such person is engaged in medical activities that do not include extracurricular, extra-institutional medical service for which such person receives extra compensation and that have not been approved by the chief operating officer of the nonprofit corporation or the chief operating officer of the affiliate and the executive vice-chancellor of the university of Kansas medical center.
- (s) "Full-time physician faculty employed by the university of Kansas medical center" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery who holds a full-time appointment at the university of Kansas medical center when such person is providing healthcare. A person licensed to practice medicine and surgery who holds a full-time appointment at the university of Kansas medical center may also be employed part-time by the United States department of veterans affairs if such employment is approved by the executive vice-chancellor of the university of Kansas medical center.
- (t) "Sexual act" or "sexual activity" means that sexual conduct that constitutes a criminal or tortious act under the laws of the state of Kansas.
- (u) "Board" means the board of governors created by K.S.A. 40-3403, and amendments thereto.

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(v) "Board of directors" means the governing board created by K.S.A. 40-3413, and amendments thereto.

- (w) "Locum tenens contract" means a temporary agreement not exceeding 182 days per calendar year that employs a healthcare provider to actively render professional services in this state.
- (x) "Professional services" means patient care or other services authorized under the act governing licensure of a healthcare provider.
- (y) "Healthcare facility" means a nursing facility, an assisted living facility or a residential healthcare facility as all such terms are defined in K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto.
- 11 (z) "Charitable healthcare provider" means the same as defined in 12 K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 65-1130 and 65-4101, K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 65-1113, as amended by section 2 of chapter 42 of the 2018 Session Laws of Kansas, and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 40-3401 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2020, and its publication in the statute book.



Phone: (785) 296-2436 larry.campbell@ks.gov http://budget.kansas.gov

Laura Kelly, Governor

Larry L. Campbell, Director

April 8, 2019

The Honorable Brenda Landwehr, Chairperson House Committee on Health and Human Services Statehouse, Room 352-S Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Representative Landwehr:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2412 by House Committee on Federal and State Affairs

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2412 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2412 would make the following changes to the Nurse Practice Act:

- 1. Any Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) who has less than 4,000 hours of licensed active practice under a collaborative relationship with a physician would be required to complete a transition program that consists of 4,000 hours within a three-year period while maintaining a collaborative relationship with a physician or a full practice APRN;
- 2. APRN practice, when not in the transition program, would be independent and no longer require a collaborative agreement with a physician and there would be no physician oversight;
- 3. Proof of national certification would be required for APRN licensure and renewal;
- 4. The Board of Nursing would have to recognize and approve the national certifying organizations with certification standards that are equal to or greater than the Board's standards;
- 5. The Board of Nursing would have to include in rules and regulations the federal drug enforcement administration registration and monitor APRN compliance with this requirement;
- 6. APRNs would be able to prescribe medications independently; and
- 7. APRN would have to maintain malpractice insurance coverage through the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

Estimated State Fiscal Effect					
	FY 2019	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2020	
	SGF	All Funds	SGF	All Funds	
Revenue				Unable to estimate	
Expenditure				\$219,607	
FTE Pos.				2.00	

The Board of Nursing states that enactment of HB 2412 would require the addition of a validation function to the agency licensure software. The Board estimates additional expenditures of \$25,000 to upgrade the software. The Board would also have to notify all licensed APRNs and their employers regarding the change in licensure requirements at an estimated cost of \$6,752. Both the upgrade and communication costs would be one-time expenditures. All other associated costs of enactment would be preformed within the agency's current resource budget. The Board state that enactment of the bill would not affect agency revenues.

The Healthcare Stabilization Fund states that enactment of HB 2412 would add up to 5,000 APRNs to the fund, which equates to an increase in providers of approximately 30.0 percent. The agency states that the increase in administrative duties associated with the additional providers would require the addition of 2.00 FTE Compliance Officer positions. The estimated salary and other operating expenditures for the new positions is \$160,855. Of that amount \$4,894 would be one-time expenditures for office equipment and furniture. The addition of these providers would also increase expenditures for attorneys and other related claims costs and would affect surcharge revenue, however, the agency is unable to estimate these costs. An additional actuary study costing \$27,000 would be required to estimate the full fiscal effect. Any fiscal effect associated with HB 2412 is not reflected in *The FY 2020 Governor's Budget Report*.

Sincerely,

Larry L. Campbell
Director of the Budget

cc: Jill Simons, Board of Nursing

Clark Shultz, Health Care Stabilization Fund

■ ■ NCSBN

National Council of State Boards of Nursing

2012 Model Act Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice

2012 Model Rules Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice

Section 1. Title and Scope of Practice

- a. Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) is the title given to an individual licensed to practice advanced practice registered nursing within one of the following roles: certified nurse practitioner (CNP), certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM) or clinical nurse specialist (CNS), and who functions in a population focus as set forth in rule. An APRN may serve as primary or acute care provider of record.
- b. Population focus shall include:
 - 1. Family/individual across the lifespan
 - 2. Adult-gerontology
 - 3. Neonatal
 - 4. Pediatrics
 - 5. Women's health/gender-related or
 - 6. Psychiatric/mental health
- c. In addition to the RN scope of practice and within the APRN role and population focus, APRN practice shall include:
 - 1. Conducting an advanced assessment
 - 2. Ordering and interpreting diagnostic procedures
 - 3. Establishing primary and differential diagnoses
 - 4. Prescribing, ordering, administering, dispensing and furnishing therapeutic measures as set forth in Section 5 of this Article.
 - 5. Delegating and assigning therapeutic measures to assistive personnel

11.1 Standards

- a. The APRN shall comply with the standards for RNs as specified in Chapter 3 and to the standards of the national professional nursing associations recognized by the BON. Standards for a specific role and population focus of APRN supersede standards for RNs where conflict between the standards, if any, exists.
- APRNs shall practice within standards established by the BON in rule and assure patient care is provided according to relevant patient care standards recognized by the BON, including standards of national professional nursing associations.

A	2012 Model Act rticle XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice	2012 Model Rules Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice
heal com 7. Wea an A wea eithe 8. Other with APR com d. APRNs standard APRN is the BON 1. Com qual 2. Rec. 3. Plan APR 4. Con	sulting with other disciplines and providing referrals to th care agencies, health care providers and munity resources uring identification which clearly identifies the nurse as a PRN when providing direct patient care, unless ring identification creates a safety or health risk for er the nurse or the patient and er acts that require education and training consistent professional standards and commensurate with the Professional standards and commensurate with the Professional experience are licensed independent practitioners within a established or recognized by the BON. Each accountable to patients, the nursing profession and a for: Inplying with the requirements of this Act and the ity of advanced nursing care rendered againzing limits of knowledge and experience ning for the management of situations beyond the Profession with or referring patients to other health care iders as appropriate	
1. Sub fees 2. Hold shal prac 3. Have	cant for initial licensure to practice as an APRN shall: mit a completed written application and appropriate as established by the BON a current RN license or privilege to practice and not hold an encumbered license or privilege to tice as an RN in any state or territory a completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate APRN program in one of the four roles and at least	 11.2 Licensure 11.2.1 Application for Initial Licensure a. An applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of licensure or eligibility for licensure as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed application that provides the following information: 1. Graduation from an APRN graduate or post-graduate program as evidenced by official documentation received

2012 Model Act

Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice

one population focus

- 4. Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation
- 5. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction
- 6. Have committed no acts or omissions that are grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Article VII of this Act, and
- 7. Provide other evidence as required by rule
- b. The BON may issue a license by endorsement to an APRN licensed under the laws of another state if, in the opinion of the BON, the applicant meets the qualifications for licensure in this jurisdiction. An applicant for APRN licensure by endorsement shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the BON
 - 2. Hold a current license or privilege to practice as an RN and APRN in a state or territory
 - 3. Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory
 - 4. Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the four roles and at least one population focus or meets the standards for grandfathering as described in Section 7 of this Article
 - 5. Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and at least one population focus appropriate to educational preparation
 - 6. Meet continued competency requirements as set forth in BON rules
 - 7. Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction
 - 8. Have committed no acts or omissions, which are grounds

2012 Model Rules

Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice

- directly from an APRN program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA), or its successor organization, as acceptable by the BON and
- 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation; credential conferred; number of clinical hours completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state.
- b. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must be currently licensed as an RN or hold a privilege to practice as an RN in this state.
- c. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must take and pass the appropriate APRN national certification examination in the APRN role and population focus congruent with educational preparation.
- d. The BON shall determine whether a certification program can be used as a requirement for licensure of APRNs based upon the following standards:
 - 1. The program is national in the scope of its credentialing.
 - Conditions for taking the certification examination are consistent with acceptable standards of the testing community and are intended to ensure minimal competence to practice at an advanced level of nursing.
 - 3. Educational requirements are consistent with the requirements of the advanced practice role and population focus.

2012 Model Act Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice

for disciplinary action in another jurisdiction and

- 9. Provide other evidence as required by the BON in its rules
- c. APRN licenses issued under this Act shall be renewed at least every < > years according to a schedule established by the BON. An applicant for APRN license renewal shall:
 - 1. Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set forth in rule
 - Maintain national certification in the appropriate APRN role and at least one population focus, authorized by licensure, through an ongoing certification maintenance program of a nationally recognized certifying body recognized by the BON and
 - 3. Meet other requirements set forth in rule
- d. The BON may reactivate or reinstate an APRN license as set forth in BON rules.
- e. The duties of licensees are the same as previously stated in Article V Section 8 for RNs and LPN/VNs.

2012 Model Rules

- Chapter 11 APRN Scope of Practice
- The standard methodologies used are acceptable to the testing community such as incumbent job analysis studies and logical job analysis studies.
- 5. Certification programs are accredited by a national accreditation body as acceptable by the BON.
- 6. The examination represents entry-level practice, with minimal, though critical competencies, in the advanced nursing practice role and population.
- 7. The examination represents the knowledge, skills and abilities essential for the delivery of safe and effective advanced nursing care to patients.
- 8. Examination items are reviewed for content validity, cultural bias and correct scoring using an established mechanism, both before use and periodically.
- 9. Examinations are evaluated for psychometric performance.
- 10. The passing standard is established using acceptable psychometric methods and is reevaluated periodically.
- 11. Examination security is maintained through established procedures.
- 12. Certification is issued based upon passing the examination_and meeting all other certification requirements.
- 13. A retake policy is in place.
- 14. A certification maintenance program, which includes review of qualifications and continued competence, is in place.
- 15. Mechanisms are in place for communication to BONs for timely verification of an individual's certification status, changes in certification status, and changes in the certification program, including qualifications, test plan and scope of practice.

2012 Model Act	2012 Model Rules
Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice	Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice
	16. An evaluation process is in place to provide quality assurance in its certification program.e. Requirements of 5.3.di. shall apply to APRNs.
	 11.2.2 Application of an Internationally Educated APRN An internationally educated applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall: a. Graduate from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program equivalent to an APRN educational program in the U.S. accepted by the BON b. Submit documentation through an official transcript directly from the international nursing education program and verified through a BON approved qualified credentials evaluation process for the license being sought and c. Meet all other licensure criteria required of applicants educated in the U.S.
	 11.2.3 Application for Licensure by Endorsement a. An applicant for licensure by endorsement as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of eligibility for an license or privilege to practice as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed APRN application that provides the following information: 1. Graduation from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program, as evidenced by an official transcript or other official documentation received directly from a graduate program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or CHEA, or its successor organization, as acceptable by the BON 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation;

2012 Model Act	2012 Model Rules
Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice	Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice
	credential conferred; number of clinical hours completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state. 3. Current certification by a national certifying body in the APRN role and population focus appropriate to educational preparation. a) Primary source of verification of certification is required. b) If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past two years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 24 contact hours, 12 in pharmacotherapeutics and 12 in the clinical management of patients, within the two years prior to applying for approval to practice. c) If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past five years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 45 contact hours of pharmacotherapeutics within the two years prior to application. The applicant must also successfully complete a refresher course approved by the BON or an extensive orientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor.

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Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice	Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice
	d) Preceptor must meet the following requirements: i. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus and ii. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting b. Requirements of 5.3.di. shall apply to APRNs.
	 11.2.4 Application for License Renewal An applicant for license renewal as an APRN shall submit to the BON the required fee for license renewal, as specified in Chapter 4, and a completed license renewal application including: a. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions regarding the applicant's background and b. Evidence of current certification(s), or recertification as applicable, by a national professional certification organization that meets the requirements of 11.2.1
	11.2.5 Quality Assurance/Documentation and Audit The BON may conduct a random audit of nurses to verify current APRN certification and/or continuing education. Upon request of the BON, licensees shall submit documentation of compliance.
	11.2.6 Reinstatement of License The reinstatement of APRN licensure is the same as previously stated for RNs and LPN/VNs in Chapter 5 plus the following: a. An individual who applies for licensure reinstatement and who has been out of practice for more than five years shall provide evidence of successfully completing < > hours of a reorientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and

2012 Model Act Article XI. APRN Title and Scope of Practice	2012 Model Rules Chapter 11 – APRN – Scope of Practice
	population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor. b. Preceptor must the following requirements: 1. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus and 2. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting c. For those licensees applying for licensure reinstatement following disciplinary action, compliance with all BON licensure requirements, as well as any specified requirements set forth in the BON's discipline order, is required.

Section 3: Titles and Abbreviations

- a. Only those persons who hold a license or privilege to practice advanced practice registered nursing in this state shall have the right to use the title "advanced practice registered nurse" and the roles of "certified registered nurse anesthetist," "certified nurse-midwife," "clinical nurse specialist" and "certified nurse practitioner;" and the abbreviations "APRN," "CRNA," "CNM," "CNS" and "CNP," respectively.
- b. The abbreviation for the APRN designation of a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a certified nurse-midwife, a clinical nurse specialist and for a certified nurse practitioner will be APRN, plus the role title, i.e., CRNA, CNM, CNS and CNP.
- c. It shall be unlawful for any person to use the title "APRN" or "APRN" plus their respective role titles, the role title alone, authorized abbreviations or any other title that would lead a person to believe the individual is an APRN, unless permitted by this Act.

Section 4. Education Programs

- a. The BON shall, by administrative rules, set standards for the establishment and outcomes of APRN education programs, including clinical learning experiences, and approve such programs that meet the requirements of the Act and BON rules.
- b. The BON shall, by administrative rules, identify the process for determining APRN education program compliance with standards.
- c. The BON shall set requirements for the establishment of a new APRN education program. New programs will be preapproved by an APRN accrediting body.

11.3. Titles and Abbreviations

- a. Individuals are licensed or granted privilege to practice as APRNs in the roles of certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM), clinical nurse specialist (CNS) and certified nurse practitioner (CNP) and in the population focus of family/individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, neonatal, pediatrics, women's health/gender-related or psychiatric/mental health.
- b. Each APRN shall use the designation "APRN" plus role title as a minimum for purposes of identification and documentation. The APRN with an earned doctorate may use the term doctor or abbreviation "Dr."
- c. When providing nursing care, the APRN shall provide clear identification that indicates his or her APRN designation.

11.4 APRN Education

11.4.1. Required Criteria for APRN Education Programs

The BON shall determine whether an APRN education program meets the qualifications for the establishment of a program based upon the following standards:

- a. An APRN program shall appoint the following personnel:
 - 1. An APRN program administrator whose qualifications shall include:
 - a) A current, active APRN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state where the program is approved and/or accredited
 - b) A doctoral degree in a health-related field
 - c) At least two years of clinical experience as an APRN and
 - d) Current national APRN certification
 - 2. A lead faculty member who is educated and nationally certified in the same role and population foci and licensed as an APRN shall coordinate the educational component,

- including curriculum development, for the role and population foci in the APRN program.
- 3. Nursing faculty to teach any APRN nursing course that includes a clinical learning experience shall meet the following qualifications:
 - A current, active APRN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state where the program is approved and/or accredited
 - b) A minimum of a master's degree in nursing or health related field in the clinical specialty
 - c) Two years of APRN clinical experience and
 - d) Current knowledge, competence and certification as an APRN in the role and population foci consistent with teaching responsibilities
- 4. Adjunct clinical faculty employed solely to supervise clinical nursing experiences of students shall meet all the faculty qualifications for the program level they are teaching.
- 5. Interdisciplinary faculty who teach non-clinical nursing courses shall have advanced preparation appropriate to these areas of content.
- 6. Clinical preceptors shall have demonstrated competencies related to the area of assigned clinical teaching responsibilities and will serve as a role model and educator to the student. Clinical preceptors may be used to enhance faculty-directed clinical learning experiences, but not to replace them.
- 7. Clinical preceptors will be approved by faculty and meet the following requirements:
 - a) Hold an active license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered as an APRN or physician and practices in a comparable practice focus and
 - b) Function as a supervisor and teacher and evaluate the individual's performance in the clinical setting
- b. The curriculum of the APRN nursing education program must prepare the graduate to practice in one of the four identified

APRN roles, i.e., CRNA, CNM, CNS and CNP, and at least one of the six population foci, i.e., family/individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, neonatal, pediatrics, women's health/gender-related or psychiatric /mental health. The curriculum shall include:

- 1. Three separate graduate level courses (the APRN core) in:
 - a) Advanced physiology and pathophysiology, including general principles that apply across the lifespan
 - b) Advanced health assessment, which includes assessment of all human systems, advanced assessment techniques, concepts and approaches and
 - Advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents
- 2. Diagnosis and management of diseases across practice settings including diseases representative of all systems
- 3. Preparation that provides a basic understanding of the principles for decision making in the identified role
- 4. Preparation in the core competencies for the identified APRN role and
- 5. Role preparation in one of the six population foci of practice
- c. Additional required components of graduate or post-graduate education programs preparing APRNs shall include the following:
 - 1. Each student enrolled in an APRN program shall have an RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state of clinical practice, unless exempted from this licensure requirement under Article 5 section 10.
 - 2. Education programs offered by an accredited college or university that offers a graduate degree with a concentration in the advanced nursing practice role and at least one population focus or post-masters certificate

programs offered by an accredited college or university shall include the following components:

- a) Clinical supervision congruent with current national professional organizations and nursing accrediting body standards applicable to the APRN role and population focus and
- b) Curriculum that is congruent with national standards for graduate level and advanced practice nursing education, is consistent with nationally recognized APRN roles and population foci, and includes, but is not limited to:
 - i. Graduate APRN program core courses and
 - ii. An advanced practice nursing core, including legal, ethical and professional responsibilities of the APRN
- 3. The curriculum shall be consistent with competencies of the specific areas of practice
- 4. APRN programs preparing for two population foci or combined nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist shall include content and clinical experience in both functional roles and population foci
- Each instructional track/major shall have a minimum of 500 supervised clinical hours as defined by the BON. The supervised experience is directly related to the role and population foci, including pharmacotherapeutic management of patients and

There shall be provisions for the recognition of prior learning and advanced placements in the curriculum for individuals who hold a master's in nursing and are seeking preparation in a different role and population focus. Post-masters nursing students shall complete the requirements of the master's APRN program through a formal graduate level certificate in the desired role and population focus. Post-master students must meet the same APRN outcome competencies as the master level students.

11.4.2 Models for Determining Compliance with Standards
The models for determining compliance with APRN education standards are the same as previously stated for RN and LPN/VN programs in Chapter 6.

11.4.3 Establishment of a New APRN Education ProgramBefore establishing a new nursing education program, the APRN program shall complete the process outlined below:

- a. Application to the professional accrediting body and
- b. The proposed program shall provide the following information to the BON:
 - Results of a needs assessment, including identification of potential students and employment opportunities for program graduates
 - 2. Identification of sufficient financial and other resources
 - 3. Governing institution approval and support.
 - 4. Community support
 - 5. Type of educational program proposed
 - 6. Clinical opportunities and availability of resources
 - 7. Availability of qualified faculty
 - 8. A pool of available students and
 - 9. A proposed time line for initiating and expanding the program

a.

Section 5. Prescribing, Ordering, Dispensing and Furnishing Authority

- a. The BON shall grant prescribing, ordering, dispensing and furnishing authority through the APRN license.
- b. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing and furnishing shall include the authority to:
 - 1. Diagnose, prescribe and institute therapy or referrals of patients to health care agencies, health care providers and community resources
 - 2. Prescribe, procure, administer, dispense and furnish pharmacological agents, including over the counter,

11.5 Prescriptive Authority

11.5.1 Requirements for Prescribing, Ordering, Dispensing and Furnishing Authority

- a. An APRN licensed by the BON may prescribe, order, procure, administer, dispense and furnish over the counter, legend and controlled substances pursuant to applicable state and federal laws and within the APRN's role and population focus.
- b. Written, verbal or electronic prescriptions and orders shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws.

- legend and controlled substances and
 3. Plan and initiate a therapeutic regimen that includes ordering and prescribing non-pharmacological
 - ordering and prescribing non-pharmacological interventions, including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment, medical devices, nutrition, blood and blood products, and diagnostic and supportive services including, but not limited to, home health care, hospice, and physical and occupational therapy
- c. All prescriptions shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
 - 1. Name, title, address and phone number of the APRN who is prescribing
 - 2. Name of patient
 - 3. Date of prescription
 - 4. Full name of the drug, dosage, route, amount to be dispensed and directions for its use
 - 5. Number of refills
 - 6. Signature of prescriber on written prescription and
 - 7. DEA number of the prescriber on all scheduled drugs
 - a) The APRN shall comply with Federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements related to controlled substances.
 - b) The APRN shall immediately file any and all of the nurse's DEA registrations and numbers with the BON.
- d. The BON shall maintain current records of all APRNs with DEA registration and numbers.

11.5.2 Distribution of Samples

b. APRNs may receive, sign for, record and distribute samples to patients.

Distribution of drug samples shall be in accordance with state law and DEA laws, regulations and guidelines.

Section 6. Discipline

APRN discipline and proceedings shall be the same as stated in Article VII for RNs and LPN/VNs.

11.6 Discipline

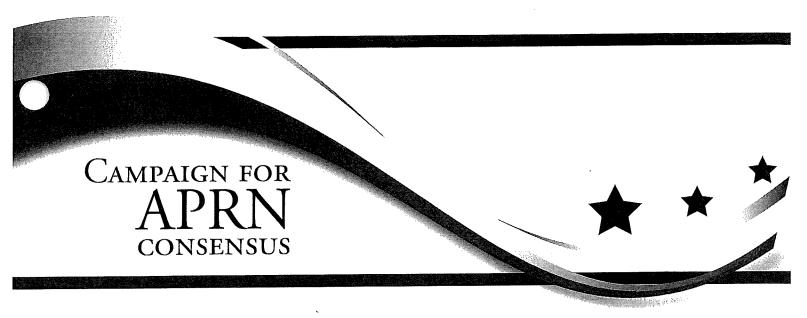
- a. APRN discipline and proceedings is the same as previously stated for RN and LPN/VN in Chapter 7.
- b. The BON may limit, restrict, deny, suspend or revoke APRN licensure, or prescriptive or dispensing authority.
- c. Additional grounds for discipline related to prescriptive or dispensing authority include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, or distributing drugs in an unsafe manner or without adequate instructions to patients according to acceptable and prevailing standards.
 - 2. Selling, purchasing, trading, or offering to sell, purchase or trade drug samples.

	 Prescribing, dispensing, administering or distributing drugs for other than therapeutic or prophylactic purposes or Prescribing or distributing drugs to individuals who are not patients of the APRN or who are not within that nurse's role and population focus.
Section 7. Implementation Any person holding a license to practice nursing as an APRN in this state that is valid on Dec. 30, 2015, shall be deemed to be licensed as an APRN under the provisions of this Act with their current privileges and shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed in this Act.	 11.7 Implementation a. After <date>, all new graduates applying for APRN licensure must meet the stipulated licensure requirements.</date> b. An APRN applying for licensure by endorsement in another state may be eligible for licensure if the applicant demonstrates that the following criteria have been met: Current, active practice in the advanced role and population focus area. Current active national certification or recertification, as applicable, in the advanced role and population focus area. Compliance with the APRN educational requirements of the state in which the APRN is applying for licensure that were in effect at the time the APRN completed his or her APRN education program and Compliance with all other criteria set forth by the state in which the APRN is applying for licensure, e.g. continuing education.

65-1133. Same; educational and training programs for advance practice registered nurses; approval; survey; nationally accredited programs.

- (a) An approved educational and training program for advance practice registered nurses is a program conducted in Kansas which has been approved by the board as meeting the standards and the rules and regulations of the board. An institution desiring to conduct an educational and training program for advance practice registered nurses shall apply to the board for approval and submit satisfactory proof that it is prepared to and will maintain the standards and the required curriculum for advance practice registered nurses as prescribed by this act and by the rules and regulations of the board. Applications shall be made in writing on forms supplied by the board and shall be submitted to the board together with the application fee fixed by the board. The approval of an educational program for advance practice registered nurses shall not exceed 10 years after the granting of such approval by the board. An institution desiring to continue to conduct an approved educational program for advance practice registered nurses shall apply to the board for the renewal of approval and submit satisfactory proof that it will maintain the standards and the required curriculum for advance practice registered nurses as prescribed by this act and by the rules and regulations of the board. Applications for renewal of approval shall be made in writing on forms supplied by the board. Each program shall submit annually to the board an annual fee fixed by the board's rules and regulations to maintain the approved status.
- (b) A program to qualify as an approved educational programs for advance practice registered nurses must be conducted in the state of Kansas, and the school conducting the program must apply to the board and submit evidence that:
 - (1) It is prepared to carry out the curriculum prescribed by rules and regulations of the board; and
 - (2) it is prepared to meet such other standards as shall be established by law and the rules and regulations of the board.
- (c) The board shall prepare and maintain a list of programs which qualify as approved educational programs for advance practice registered nurses whose graduates, if they have the other necessary qualifications provided in this act, shall be eligible to apply for licensure as advance practice registered nurses. A survey of the institution or school applying for approval of an educational program for advance practice registered nurses shall be made by an authorized employee of the board or members of the board, who shall submit a written report of the survey to the board. If, in the opinion of the board, the requirements as prescribed by the board in its rules and regulations for approval are met, it shall so approve the program. The board shall resurvey approved programs on a periodic basis as determined by rules and regulations. If the board determines that any approved program is not maintaining the standards required by this act and by rules and regulations prescribed by the board, notice thereof in writing, specifying the failures of such program, shall be given. A program which fails to correct such conditions to the satisfaction of the board within a reasonable time shall be removed from the list of approved programs until such time as the program shall comply with such standards. All approved programs shall maintain accurate and current records showing in full the theoretical and practical courses given to each student.
- (d) The board may accept nationally accredited advanced practice registered nurse programs as defined by rules and regulations adopted by the board in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1130, and amendments thereto:
 - (1) Advanced practice registered nurse programs which have received accreditation from a board recognized national nursing accreditation agency shall file evidence of initial accreditation with the board, and thereafter shall file all reports from the accreditation agency and any notice of any change in school accreditation status.
 - (2) Advanced practice registered nurse programs holding approval based upon national accreditation are also responsible for complying with all other requirements as determined by rules and regulations of the board.
 - (3) The board may grant approval to an advanced practice registered nurse program with national accreditation for a continuing period not to exceed 10 years.

History: (L. 1983, ch. 206, § 5; L. 2000, ch. 113, § 2; L. 2001, ch. 161, § 6; L. 2011, ch. 114, § 47; Jan. 1, 2012.)



Feb. 3, 2012

Requirements for Accrediting Agencies and Criteria for APRN Certification Programs

Preface

Purpose

The purpose of the Requirements for Accrediting Agencies and the Criteria for Certification Programs is to provide criteria for an external review process that would ensure boards of nursing of the suitability of advanced practice certification examinations for regulatory purposes, and their compatibility with the requirements of The Consensus Model.

Definitions

Accrediting Agency – an organization which establishes and maintains standards for professional nursing programs and recognizes those programs that meet these standards.

APRNs – Advanced practice registered nurses, including certified nurse midwives (CNMs), clinical nurse specialists (CNSs), certified registered nurse anesthetists (CRNAs), and certified nurse practitioners (CNPs).

Certifying Body – a non-governmental agency that validates by examination, based on pre-determined standards, an individual nurse's qualifications and knowledge for practice in a defined functional or clinical area of nursing.

Certification Program – an examination designed by a certifying body to evaluate candidates for advanced practice nursing.

External Review Process – a review process by an accrediting body to assure appropriate standards are met.

The Consensus Model – A document defining APRN practice, describes the APRN regulatory model, identifies the titles to be used, defines specialty, describes the emergence of new roles and population foci, and presents strategies for implementation.

APRN Roles – Certified Nurse Practitioner, Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist, Certified Nurse Midwife and Clinical Nursing Specialist.

Population Foci – family/individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, pediatrics, neonatal, women's health/gender-related or psych/mental health.

Requirements for Accrediting Agencies

- 1. Accrediting agency must have standards for accreditation that are sufficiently rigorous to ensure that the agency is a reliable authority regarding quality of the program it accredits.
 - A. Accreditation standards effectively address the quality of the program.
 - B. Standards development and revision process includes input from the field, reflective of advanced nursing practice in the four described roles and six population foci.
 - C. Standards regarding national application are realistic.
 - Standards are consistent with the requirements of Consensus Model for APRN Regulation: Licensure, Accreditation, Certification & Education July 7, 2008
- 2. Accrediting agency must have effective mechanisms for evaluating a program's compliance with the agency's standards in order to reach a decision to accredit the program.
 - A. Accrediting agency evaluates whether a program is successful in achieving its objectives.
 - B. Accrediting agency consistently applies and enforces its standards.
 - 1. Has effective controls against inconsistent application of agency's standards;
 - 2. Bases decisions on published standards; and
 - 3. Has reasonable basis for determining that the information the agency relies on for making accrediting decisions is accurate.
 - C. Accrediting agency evaluates the accredited program every five years, and monitors throughout the accreditation period to ensure that the credentialing program remains in compliance with the agency's standards.
 - D. Accrediting agency has documentation that is evidenced-based.
 - E. Accrediting agency evaluates the program for consistency with the requirements of Consensus Model for APRN Regulation: Licensure, Accreditation, Certification & Education, July 7, 2008.
- 3. Accrediting agency must provide a detailed description of the agency's survey process.
 - A. Frequency of review is a minimum of five years.
 - B. Copies of agency's survey forms, guidelines are available.
 - C. Procedures used to notify accredited agencies' deficiencies and procedures used to monitor the correction of the deficiencies are in place.
 - D. Accreditation decision categories (e.g., full, provisional, partial, etc.) are available and are reported to NCSBN.
 - E. Information about the individuals who perform surveys for the accrediting agency is available.
 - 1. Education experience requirements that individuals must meet are established;
 - 2. In-service training is provided; and
 - 3. Policies and procedures with respect to an individual's participation in the survey or accreditation decision process of any program with which the individual is professionally or financially affiliated.
- 4. Accrediting agency must have a data management and analysis system with respect to its accreditation decisions including the kinds of reports, tables, etc.
- 5. Accrediting agency must have procedures for responding to and for the investigation of complaints against certifying bodies.
- 6. Accrediting agency must have policies and procedures with respect to the withholding or removal of accreditation status for certifying bodies that fail to meet standards or requirements including:
 - A. Notification to National Council in writing of any program that has had its accreditation removed, withdrawn or revised or has had any other remedial or adverse action taken against it by the accrediting agency within 30 days of any such action taken.
 - B. Notification within 10 days of a deficiency identified in any accrediting entity when the deficiency poses an immediate jeopardy to public safety.
- 7. Accrediting agency must submit to the National Council:
 - A. A copy of any annual report prepared by the agency.
 - B. Notice of final accrediting findings and actions taken by the agency with respect to the program it accredits.
 - C. Any proposed change in the program's policy, procedures or accreditation standards that might alter the program's scope of recognition.

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Criteria for Evaluating Certification Programs

Cr	riteria	Ela	aboration
1.	The program is national in the scope of its credentialing.	В. С.	Advanced practice nursing standards are identified by national organizations. Credentialing services are available to nurses throughout the United States and its territories. There is a provision for public representation on the certification board. A tested body of knowledge exists related to advanced nursing practice in a role and population. The certification board is an entity with organizational autonomy.
11.	II. Conditions for taking the examination are consistent with acceptable standards of the testing community and are intended to ensure minimal competence to practice at an advanced level of nursing.		Applicants do not have to belong to an affiliated professional organization in order to apply for certification offered by the certification program. Eligibility criteria ensure minimal competence to practice at an advanced level of nursing. Published criteria are enforced. Is in compliance with the American Disabilities Act. Sample application(s) are available.
A CONTRACTOR		And the state of t	 1. Certification requirements included 2. Application procedures include: procedures for assuring congruence between education and clinical experience, and the APRN role and population(s) being certified; procedures for validating information provided by candidate; and procedures for handling omissions and discrepancies.
		t.	 Professional staff responsible for credential review and admission decisions. Examination should be administered frequently enough to be accessible but not so frequently as to over-expose items. Periodic review of eligibility criteria and application procedures to ensure that they are relevant, fair and equitable.

Crit	eria	Ela	aboration			
111.	 Educational requirements are consistent with the requirements of the advanced practice population focus. 	7	Active U.S. registered nurse licensure is required. Graduation from a graduate advanced practice education program meets the following requirements:			
1			 Education program offered by an accredited college or university offers a graduate or post graduate degree in advanced nursing practice. 			
			 If graduate or post-graduate certificate programs are offered, they must be offered through institutions meeting criteria B.1. 			
			 3. The clinical and didactic program includes, but is not limited to: Biological, behavioral, medical and nursing sciences relevant to practice as an APRN in the specified role and population foci; Legal, ethical and professional responsibilities of the APRN; and Include at a minimum, three separate comprehensive graduate-level courses (the APRN Core) in: Advanced physiology/pathophysiology, including general principles that apply across the lifespan; Advanced health assessment, which includes assessment of all human systems, advanced assessment techniques, concepts and approaches; and Advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents. 			
		C.	 The clinical and didactic program meets the following criteria: Curriculum is consistent with current competencies of the specific role and population focus. Curriculum meets the requirements for clinical and didactic coursework as described in the Consensus Model for APRN Regulation: Licensure, Accreditation, Certification & Education, July 7, 2008 Both direct and indirect clinical supervision must be congruent with current advanced practice nursing standards and nursing accreditation guidelines Supervised clinical practice relevant to the role and population focus of APRN All individuals, without exception, seeking a national certification must complete a formal didactic and clinical advanced practice program meeting the above criteria. 			
a c a	The standard methodologies used are acceptable to the testing community such as incumbent job analysis study, logical job analysis tudies.	В. С. D.	A nursing organization exists that establishes standards for the advanced level nursing practice in one of the four described roles and one of six described population foci. Exam content based on a job/task analysis. Job analysis studies are conducted at least every five years.			
e tl a	The examination represents entry-level practice, with minimal, hough critical competencies, in the dvanced nursing practice role and population.	Α.	The state of the s			

Cr	iteria	Ela	boration
VI.	The examination represents the knowledge, skills and abilities essential for the delivery of safe and effective advanced nursing care to the clients.	A. B. C.	The job analysis includes activities representing knowledge, skills and abilities necessary for competent performance. The examination reflects the results of the job analysis study. Knowledge, skills and abilities, which are critical to public safety, are identified. The examination content is oriented to described educational curriculum practice requirements and accepted standards of care.
VII. Examination items are reviewed for content validity, cultural bias and correct scoring using an established mechanism, both before use and periodically.			Each item is associated with a single cell of the test plan. Items are reviewed for currency at least every three years. Items are reviewed by members of under-represented gender and ethnicities who are active in the field being certified. Reviewers have been trained to distinguish irrelevant cultural dependencies from knowledge necessary to safe and effective practice. Process for identifying and processing flagged items is identified. A statistical bias analysis is performed on all items. All items are subjected to an "unscored" use for data collection purposes before their first use as a "scored" item. A process to detect and eliminate bias from the test is in place. Reuse guidelines for items on an exam form are identified. Item writing and review is done by qualified individuals who represent the roles and the population foci.
VIII	Examinations are evaluated for psychometric performance.	Α.	Reference groups used for comparative analysis are defined.
IX.	The passing standard is established using acceptable psychometric methods, and is re-evaluated periodically.	Α.	Passing standard is criterion-referenced.
X.	Examination security is maintained	A.	Protocols are established to maintain security related to:
	through established procedures.		 Item development (e.g., item writers and confidentiality, how often items are re-used);
			2. Maintenance and integrity of question pool;
			3. Printing and production process;
			4. Storage and transmission of examination is secure;
			 Administration of examination (e.g., who administers, who checks administrators);
			6. Ancillary materials (e.g., test keys, scrap materials);
			7. Scoring of examination; and
			8. Occurrence of a crisis (e.g., exam is compromised, etc).
XI.	Certification is issued based upon	A.	Certification process is described, including the following:
	passing the examination and meeting all other certification require-		 Criteria for certification decisions are identified;
	ments.		2. Meeting all requirements and passing results are verified; and
		В. С. D.	3. Procedures are in place for appealing decisions. A mechanism is in place for communicating with candidate. There is due process for the follow up of complaints. Confidentiality of nonpublic candidate data is maintained.

Criteria	Elaboration
XII. A retake policy is in place.	 A. Failing candidates permitted to be reexamined at a future date. B. Failing candidates informed of procedures for retakes. C. Test for repeating examinees should be equivalent to the test for first time candidates. D. Repeating examinees should be expected to meet the same test performance standards as first time examinees. E. Failing candidates are given information on content areas of deficiency. F. Repeating examinees are not exposed to the same items when taking the exam previously.
XIII. Certification maintenance program, which includes review of qualifications and continued competence, is in place.	 A. Certification maintenance requirements are specified (e.g., continuing education, practice, examination, maintenance of an active RN license, etc). B. Certification maintenance procedures include: 1. Procedures for assuring match between continued competency measures and APRN role and population(s);
	 Procedures for validating information provided by candidates; and Procedures for issuing re-certification. Professional staffs oversee credential review. Certification maintenance is required a minimum of every 5 years.
XIV.Mechanisms are in place for communication to boards of nursing for timely verification of an individual's certification status, changes in certification status, and changes in the certification program, including qualifications, test plan and scope of practice.	 A. Communication mechanisms address: Permission obtained from candidates to share information regarding the certification process; Procedures to provide verification of certification and scores to boards of nursing; Procedures for timely notification to boards of nursing regarding changes of certification status, including testing without passing [notification to BON within 30 days]; and Procedures for notification of changes in certification programs (qualifications and/or test plan) to boards of nursing and to NCSBN.
XV. An evaluation process is in place to provide quality assurance in its certification program.	 A. Internal review panels are used to establish quality assurance procedures, annually. 1. Composition of these groups (by title or area of expertise) is described; 2. Procedures are reviewed; and 3. Frequency of review, as defined. B. Procedures are in place to insure adherence to established QA policy and procedures. 1. Procedures for review of quality assurance are publically posted.

Revised 2-12



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			Approved APRI	N Lice Jure Certification C	Organizations and Ex	kams				
	Green = Exam focus population aligns with APRN Consensus Model Purple = Exam population is Pre-alignment APRNs certified using "Pre-alignment" exams shall maintain practice aligning with that exam; they may maintain certification for licensure by endorsement/renewal. All certification programs offer a renewal option for exams that retired or that will retire.*									
APRN Role	AANP-CP American Academy of Nurse Practitioners – Certification Program	AACN American Association of Critical-Care Nurses	AMCB American Midwifery Certification Board	ANCC American Nurses Crede		NBCRNA National Board of Certification & Recertification for Nurse Anesthetists	NCC National Certification Corporation	PNCB Pediatric Nursing Certification Board		
CNM Certified Nurse Midwife	e		CNM- Women's Health / Gender Specific					30010		
	FNP-Family Across the Lifespan, Primary Care	CNP-Adult- Gerontology Acute		CNP-Adult-Gerontolog	y Acute Care		CNP-Women's Health /Gender Specific	CNP-Pediatric Primary Care		
	CNP-Adult-Gerontology Primary	Care		CNP-Adult-Gerontology Primary Care			NNP-Neonatal	CNP-Pediatric		
	Care	CNP-Adult Acute		FNP-Family Across the Lifespan, Primary Care				Acute Care		
CNP Certified Nurse Practitioner	CNP-Adult (Project retirement late 2015*) Care (Retires 12/31/14*)			PNP-Pediatric Primary offered by PNCB is beir ANCC] Candidates deemed eli PPCNP board certificat will be able to test or redecember 31, 2019.	ng discontinued by gible for the ANCC ion examination					
	CNP-Gerontology (Retired 12/28/12*)			CNP-Psychiatric-Menta the Lifespan (Formerly known as Fa Mental Health)						
				CNP-Acute Care CNP-Adult CNP-Gerontology CNP-Adult Psychiatric-Mental Health	New applicant deadline 12/31/15; last day to test 12/31/16.*					
CRNA Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist						CRNA-Family Across the Lifespan				
		CNS-Adult- Gerontology		CNS-Adult-Gerontology	1					
	CNS-Neonatal		CNS-Pediatric [this test will retire, see new applicant deadline below]							
CNS		CNS-Pediatric		CNS-Gerontology (Retires 7/31/14*)						
Clinical Nurse Specialist	ć.	CCNS - Critical Care (Retires 12/31/14*)		CNS-Adult Health CNS-Adult Psych-	New applicant deadline					
		2		Mental Health CNS- Child/Adolescent Psych-Mental Health	12/31/16; last day to test 10/31/17.*			PRN 45		



Promoting patient safety by enhancing provider quality.

July 22, 2019 Update to the Certification Program of the

National Board of Certification and Recertification for Nurse Anesthetists (NBCRNA)

Effective 01/01/2020, the National Board of Certification and Recertification for Nurse Anesthetists – NBCRNA, will be changing our certification statuses to accommodate for the change to our new maintenance of certification program – The Continued Professional Certification Program (CPC Program), which was introduced in 2016. The legacy Recertification Program was an every 2-year renewal that required ongoing practice and the completion of a minimum of 40-hours of continuing education.

The new CPC Program is an 8-year program with requirements spaced out every two years. The elements of the CPC Program include:

Every two years, the CPC Program requires:

- CRNAs verify state RN licensure and if required by their state of practice, their authorization to practice as an APRN in the role of CRNA
- Continued engagement in practice as a CRNA
- Verification and/or correction of demographic and contact information
- Observation of progress towards both 4-year and 8-year program requirements
- Attestation to eligibility for continued certification

Every four years, the CPC Program requires:

- Completion of an application with attestation of practice, practice location and dates of practice
- Evidence of state RN licensure and if required by their state of practice, their authorization to practice as an APRN in the role of CRNA
- Completion of a minimum of 60-hours of continuing education (including 4 core modules) and an additional 40-hours of professional activities related to nurse anesthesia or the larger health care environment
- Completion of four educational modules, one over each of the following four content areas (as part of Class A credit requirement, each with testing and a mandatory score of 80% to achieve a passing score) -
 - Pharmacology
 - Physiology & Pathophysiology
 - Equipment and Technology
 - Airway and airway management
- Attestation of eligibility for continued certification

Every eight years, the CPC Program requires:

Performance Standard Assessment for Domain Knowledge. A minimum of six-months prior to the end of the 2nd 4-year cycle, each CRNA will be required to complete a formal assessment of knowledge in each of the four content domains that have been identified as essential (and so core) to practice as a CRNA. All CRNAs will be issued a score report that identifies either: (1) The individual has met the established performance standard on this assessment, in which case no additional assessment is required, or (2) The CRNA did not meet the performance standard on one or more of the domains of the assessment, in which case they will be required to complete additional continuing education in each of the domains where their score did not meet the established performance standard. This additional CE must be completed and

- documented with the NBCRNA prior to the end of their 2nd 4-year cycle, or the CRNA will be out of compliance with will have an adverse action on their certification (as described in the next section).
- Completion of an application with attestation of practice and evidence of state RN licensure and if required authorization to practice as an APRN in the role of CRNA
- Minimum of 60-hours of continuing education and 40-hours of professional activities related to nurse anesthesia or the larger health care environment
- Completion of four educational modules, one over each of the following four content areas (each with testing and a mandatory 80% to achieve a passing score) -
 - Pharmacology
 - Physiology & Pathophysiology
 - Equipment and Technology
 - o Airway and airway management
- Attestation to eligibility for continued certification

Changes in Certification Statuses effective 01/01/2020

Changes in certification statuses are required with the new CPC Program. Due to the elimination of the legacy "Recertification Program" and the introduction of the CPC Program, the concept of renewing the credential through "Recertification" goes away – along with the historical activity of conditioning the "Recertification" in situations where discipline is justified. The mindset now is that Initial Certification is continuous over time, as long as the CRNA maintains eligibility compliance and completes the necessary elements to maintain their credential. Therefore, any conditioning of the credential in the CPC Program will be on the Initial Certification. To achieve this, the following historical terminology:

- Currently Recertified Full
- Currently Recertified Conditional (involuntary)
- Not Currently Recertified Suspended (administrative or disciplinary, involuntary)
- Not Currently Recertified Revoked (disciplinary, involuntary)

Will be replaced with the following *revised certification statuses*:

- Currently Certified Full
- Currently Certified Conditional (disciplinary, involuntary)
- Not Currently Certified Suspended (administrative or disciplinary, involuntary)
- Not Currently Certified Revoked (disciplinary, involuntary)
- NEW Not Currently Certified Retired (voluntary)
- NEW Not Currently Certified Expired* (voluntary or involuntary)

*A status of **Not Currently. Certified – Suspended** will be involuntarily moved to a status of **Not Currently Certified – Expired** in cases where suspension is not resolved prior to the end of the individual's current certification cycle, but where there are no disciplinary matters involved. In such cases of involuntary expiration, the nurse anesthetist will not be eligible to apply for CPC compliance and reinstatement of the certification until the situation that was the basis for the original suspension has been satisfied.

The effective dates of each status will be included, line-by-line, providing a historical record for the discrete reporting period - initially 4 years, eventually 8 years. Because all future conditioning of a CRNAs certification will be on the <u>initial</u> certification, and not on the recertification as was the case in the past, the new statuses will become effective as of 01/01/2020 and will replace all previous statuses.

Should you have questions about any of the content from this announcement, please direct your inquiry to cpc@nbcrna.com or Colleen Ahearn at 708-667-0113.

	ractice i regianii						
Program	Role/Speciality	Advanced Pathophysiology Credit Hrs	Advanced Health Assessment Credit Hours	Advanced Pharmacology Credit Hours	Total Clinical Hrs	Accreditation	Meets Requirements
North Park University	Adult NP	3	3	3	675	CCNE	Yes
Otterbein University	Family NP	3	3	3	600	CCNE	Yes
United States University	Family NP	3	4	3	540	CCNE	Yes