Executive Administrator Report

Carol Moreland, MSN, RN

June 2021

NCSBN Upcoming Meetings:

- 2021 NCSBN Delegate Assembly is August 18 & 19, 2021 in Chicago, IL (virtual)
 - o Board President and Executive Administrator are voting delegates
 - o Attendees:
- 2021 NCSBN NCLEX Conference is September 30 (virtual)
- 2021 NCSBN Basic Board of Nursing Investigator Training is October 25 28 (virtual)

COVID-19 Agency Response:

- 70% of our employees have been teleworking effectively April 2020
- The agency has been open to the public since May 2020 when the Landon State Office Building was reopened to the public
- KSBN updates, now monthly, continue to aid in communication
- Changes we have made within the agency for safety include:
 - O Six feet social distance floor stickers between employee workstations
 - Video intercom installed at agency front door to gain access to the agency for nonemployees
 - o The number in our lobby should be no more than 2 at a time due to social distancing requirements
 - O We are highly recommending the public conduct their business with us via online services, mail, phone call or email
 - o If customers need to talk with someone, it is highly recommended they make an appointment so we can service them when they arrive. One person per appointment and no children or other adults are permitted
 - Telephone appointments are also available
 - We NO longer perform fingerprinting services in the agency
- I continue to be proud of the agency staff for their flexibility in these challenging times and their commitment to the mission of the Board
- COVID-19 vaccination has been made available for our staff if they choose
- May 14, 2021 I was notified by Secretary DeAngela Burns-Wallace, Secretary of Administration that the State of Kansas offices will return to normal operation beginning June 13, 2021. All agencies may begin requiring all employees to physically return to work as of that date. Masks are only required for the unvaccinated individuals Physical distance is no longer required except as required by public transportation, correctional facilities, health care facilities and other businesses. Agencies may continue to allow employees to work remotely as approved by the agency head, provided there is no disruption to agency operation. The determination of which positions should continue to work remotely should

be an intentional process where both parties affirm and assess that remote work fits the needs of the agency, position functionality and the employee's effectiveness and interest.

- I posed some questions to staff for their feedback of the past 14 months. Agency Leadership Team met and discussed the guidelines and feedback, the positive outcomes, challenges, and lessons learned from the past 14 months. Based on all feedback I decided to give the agency staff three options:
 - O <u>Traditional</u>: 5 eight-hour days, all in-person in the agency (no teleworking option). This will be required for some positions in the agency that require the position to work in the agency. This will be required for all new employees while on their probationary period.
 - o <u>Hybrid</u>: 5 eight-hour days. The employee must work in-person in the agency a minimum of 8 hours a week and can telework the rest of the week.
 - o <u>Flex schedule</u>: 4 ten-hour days. The employee must work in-person in the agency (no teleworking option).
- The employee will choose which option they prefer. This will be done on a trial basis for six months to evaluate the effectiveness. The employee will be switched to the traditional option if there is a negative change in their performance.
- This was discussed with the Board President for her feedback
- The changes will be implemented after July 1, 2021 when the soft phones software can be loaded on the laptops so all employees teleworking will have soft phones and can make and receive phone calls on the phone extension (no need for loaner cell phones).

Executive Order 21-22:

- Signed by Governor Kelly on April 27, 2021
- States any renewal fees, deadlines, or other requirements extended pursuant to Executive Order 21-09 (and its predecessor orders) shall remain extended until at least 15 days after the licensing authority provides notice to licensees through publication on the agency's website or through other electronic means regularly used by the agency to communicate with the agency's licensees
- Licenses that had/have an expiration date of March 31, 2020 through July 31, 2021 have an expiration date of August 28, 2021. These licenses will be lapsed if not renewed by August 29, 2021. This notice has been placed on our website.
- There will be NO extensions past this date, and this is clearly stated in the notice on our website.
- If any of these licenses lapse on August 29, 2021, the license will have to be reinstated and the licensee will not be able to work as a nurse until the license has been reinstated
- The required 30 hours of continuing nursing education must be completed at the time of renewal.
- Licensees can continue to renew at the normal expiration date

House Bill 2066:

Approved by the Governor on April 21, 2021 and becomes law on July 1, 2021

- An act concerning occupational licensure of an applicant who is a military servicemember, military spouse or an individual who has established or intends to establish residency in Kansas
- An application shall be deemed to be a complete application even if the licensing body has not yet received a criminal background report from the Kansas bureau of investigation
- If the applicant qualifies under the applicable Kansas license by endorsement, the pursuant to applicable licensure by endorsement statutes of the licensing body, within 15 days from the date a complete application was submitted if the applicant is a military servicemember or military spouse or within 45 days from the date a complete application was submitted for all other applicants, a license must be issued
- A licensing body may grant licensure or a temporary permit to any person who meets the requirements but was separated from such military service under less than honorable conditions or with a general discharge under honorable conditions
- This does not conflict with any federal law or a multistate compact
- This will not be in conflict with any applicable Kansas statute defining the scope of practice of an occupation
- Licensing bodies may provide electronic credentials to persons regulated by the licensing body
- Each licensing body will submit a report by August 31 of each year as specified in HB 2066
- Temporary and permanent revisions to K.A.R. 60-3-101 are being developed and are in your Board packet

Licensure Refunds:

• \$46,778.50 has been refunded in FY 21 (July 1, 2020 through June 2021)

Budget:

- Appropriated amounts requested were granted by the Legislature:
 - o FY 22: \$3,037,107
 - o FY 23: \$2,882,559
- Includes funding in FY 22 for the Enforcement Module and software and hardware updates for the data center

Regulation Revisions:

- Undergraduate nursing program regulations:
 - o Requested changes from the Department of Administration were made
 - o Add implementation date of January 1, 2022 for each regulation
 - Started back through the process

2021 Legislative Session:

The bills that have a direct impact on KSBN include:

- o HB 2066 approved by the Governor on April 21, 2021 becomes law effective July 1, 2021
- o HB 2007: appropriations for FY 22 & FY 23 became law effective May 17, 2021

2021 NCSBN Delegate Assembly:

Attachments:

- Summary of Recommendations to the 2021 Delegate Assembly
- Proposed NCSBN Model Practice Act
- Proposed NCSBN Model Rules
- NGN Test Design
- 2021 Slate of Candidates

Meetings Attended:

- NCSBN Scientific Symposium 3/22/21
- NCSBN 2021 APRN Roundtable 4/6/21
- NCSBN NLC Conference 5/5/21, 5/10/21 and 5/17/21
- NCSBN Discipline Case Management Conference 5/19/21 & 5/20/21

Agency Updates:

- Board member terms:
 - o Patricia Zeller, 07-01-2018 to 06-30-2022 (second term)
 - o Carol Bragdon, 07-01-2017 to 06-30-2021 (second term)
 - o Julianna Rieschick, 07-01-2017 to 06-30-2021 (first term)
 - o Rebecca Sander, 07-01-2016 to 06-30-2024 (second term)
 - o Gwendolyn Loyd, 07-01-2019 to 06-30-2023 (first term)
 - o Gita Noble, 07-01-2018 to 06-30-2022 (first term)
 - o Jade Ramsdell, 07-01-2019 to 06-30-2023 (first term)
 - o Andrea Watson, 7-1-2020 to 6-30-2024 (first term)
 - o Adri Gouldsmith, 7-1-2019 to 6-30-2023 (first term)
 - o Giovannie Gone, 7-1-2020 to 6-30-2024 (first term)
 - O Lori Owens 7-1/2021 6/30/2025 (First term new LPN board member)
- <u>Board Member committee assignments</u>: We will be emailing out the form in which you request your committee assignments for the year from December 2021 through September 2022. Please check your emails as we need that information back to Jill before the September meeting. The decision about committee assignment is made after the September meeting by the President and Vice President. You will then be notified via email of your committee assignments for December 2021 September 2022.
- Agency vacancies (strategic plan, priority 2): A RN Investigator, Senior Administrative Assistants for Licensing and Administration (Document Imager)
- Agency record retention (strategic plan, priority 2): Revision to the record retention schedule for the Investigative Records was approved by the State Records Board A new

- records retention schedule for the Disciplinary Case Files was approved by the State Records Board.
- Monitor fiscal impact of NLC implementation (strategic plan, priority 2): Continue to monitor monthly agency financial reports. No decrease in agency fee fund since implementation of NLC on 7/1/19.
- <u>Streamlining agency processes:</u> Every division is continuing to streamline their processes as much as possible, which makes teleworking more productive when the information is electronic.

Projects/Collaboration:

- Reviewed for the Kansas Nursing Initiative FY 22 Applications
- Reviewed applications for the KHERF (Kansas Hospital and Research Foundation)
 Scholarships
- Assisted as a site visitor with the Pratt CC Virtual Site visit on 4/1/21
- Format change for quarterly newsletter was implemented for the June, July, and August 2021 newsletter
 - KSBN Engagement Statistics:
 - Average Open Rate: 112.5% (average for Government is: 28.77%)
 - Average Click Through Rate: 12.8% (average for Government is: 3.99%)
- Format change for annual report implemented for the FY 2020 Annual Report. A draft of the FY 20 Annual Report is included in the Board packet.

Substitute for HOUSE BILL No. 2066

An Act concerning occupational regulation; relating to occupational licenses for certain applicants; temporary emergency licenses; electronic credentials; amending K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 48-3406 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- Section 1. K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 48-3406 is hereby amended to read as follows: 48-3406. (a) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Applicant" means an individual who is a military spouse, military servicemember or an individual who has established or intends to establish residency in this state. "Applicant" with respect to law enforcement certification by the Kansas commission on peace officers' standards and training means an applicant who has met the employment requirement pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5605(a), and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Complete application" means the licensing body has received all forms, fees, documentation, a signed affidavit stating that the application information, including necessary prior employment history, is true and accurate and any other information required or requested by the licensing body for the purpose of evaluating the application, consistent with this section and the rules and regulations adopted by the licensing body pursuant to this section. If the licensing body has received all such forms, fees, documentation and any other information required or requested by the licensing body, an application shall be deemed to be a complete application even if the licensing body has not yet received a criminal background report from the Kansas bureau of investigation.
- (3) "Licensing body" means an official, agency, board or other entity of the state which authorizes individuals to practice a profession in this state and issues a license, registration, certificate, permit or other authorization to an individual so authorized.
- (2)(4) "Military servicemember" means a current member of the army, navy, marine corps, air force, air or army any branch of the United States armed services, United States military reserves or national guard of any state, coast guard or any branch of the military reserves of the United States; and or a former member with an honorable discharge.
- (3)(5) "Military spouse" means the spouse of an individual who is currently in active service in any branch of the armed forces of the United States a military servicemember:
- (6) "Private certification" means a voluntary program in which a private organization grants nontransferable recognition to an individual who meets personal qualifications and standards relevant to performing the occupation as determined by the private organization.
- (7) "Scope of practice" means the procedures, actions, processes and work that a person may perform under a government issued license, registration or certification.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any licensing body shall:
- (1)—, upon submission of a-eompleted complete application, issue a license, registration or certification to-a nonresident military spouse an applicant as provided by this section, so that the nonresident military spouse applicant may lawfully practice the person's occupation; and
- (2) upon submission of a completed application within six months following release from military service, issue a license, registration or certification to a military servicemember with an honorable discharge so that the military servicemember may lawfully practice the military servicemember's occupation.
- (c) A military servicemember with an honorable discharge or nonresident military spouse An applicant who holds a valid current license, registration or certification in another state, district or territory of the United States shall receive a license, registration or certification-under subsection (b) of this section:
- (1) If the applicant qualifies under the applicable Kansas licensure, registration or certification by endorsement, reinstatement or

reciprocity statutes, then pursuant to applicable licensure, registration or certification by endorsement, reinstatement or reciprocity statutes of the licensing body of this state for the profession license, registration or certification within-60 15 days from the date a complete application was submitted if the applicant is a military servicemember or military spouse or within 45 days from the date a complete application was submitted for all other applicants; or

(2) if the applicant does not qualify under the applicable licensure, registration or certification by endorsement, reinstatement or reciprocity statutes of the licensing body of this state, or if the Kansas professional practice act does not have licensure, registration or certification by endorsement, reinstatement or reciprocity statutes, then the applicant shall receive a license, registration or certification as provided herein if, at the time of application, the military

servicemember or nonresident military spouse applicant:

(A) Holds a valid current license, registration or certification in another state, district or territory of the United States with licensure, registration or certification requirements that the licensing body determines are equivalent to authorize a similar scope of practice as those established by the licensing body of this state, or holds a certification issued by another state for practicing the occupation but this state requires an occupational license, and the licensing body of this state determines that the certification requirements certify a similar scope of practice as the licensing requirements established by the licensing body of this state;

(B) has worked for at least one year in the occupation for which

the license, certification or registration is sought;

(C) has not committed an act in any jurisdiction that would have constituted grounds for the limitation, suspension or revocation of the license, certificate or registration, or that the applicant has never been censured or had other disciplinary action taken or had an application for licensure, registration or certification denied or refused to practice an occupation for which the military servicemember or nonresident military spouse applicant seeks licensure, registration or certification;

(C)(D) has not been disciplined by a licensing, registering, certifying or other credentialing entity in another jurisdiction and is not the subject of an unresolved complaint, review procedure or disciplinary proceeding conducted by a licensing, registering, certifying or other credentialing entity in another jurisdiction nor has surrendered their membership on any professional staff in any professional association or society or faculty for another state or jurisdiction while under investigation or to avoid adverse action for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action in a Kansas practice act;

(D)(E) does not have a disqualifying criminal record as determined by the licensing body of this state under Kansas law;

(F) provides proof of solvency, financial standing, bonding or insurance if required by the licensing body of this state, but only to the same extent as required of any applicant with similar credentials or experience.

(G) pays any fees required by the licensing body of this state; and (E)(H) submits with the application a signed affidavit stating that the application information, including necessary prior employment

history, is true and accurate.

Upon receiving—such affidavit a complete application and the provisions of subsection (c)(2) apply and have been met by the applicant, the licensing body shall issue the license, registration or certification within—60 15 days from the date a complete application was submitted by a military servicemember or military spouse, or within 45 days from the date a complete application was submitted by an applicant who is not a military servicemember or military spouse, to the military servicemember or nonresident military spouse applicant on a probationary basis, but may revoke the license, registration or certification at any time if the information provided in the application is

found to be false. Any The probationary-license issued under this subsection to a military servicemember or nonresident military spouse period shall not exceed six months. Upon completion of the probationary period, the license, certification or registration shall become a non-probationary license, certification or registration.

- (d) Any-person applicant who has not been in the active practice of the occupation during the two years preceding the application for which the applicant seeks a license, registration or certification under subsection (c)(2) may be required to complete such additional testing, training, mentoring, monitoring or continuing education as the Kansas licensing body may deem necessary to establish the applicant's present ability to practice—with reasonable skill and safety in a manner that protects the health and safety of the public, as provided by subsection (i).
- (e) A nonresident military spouseUpon submission of a complete application, an applicant may receive an occupational license, registration or certification based on the applicant's work experience in another state, if the applicant:
- (1) Worked in a state that does not use an occupational license, registration, certification or private certification to regulate an occupation, but this state uses an occupational license, registration or certification to regulate the occupation;
- (2) worked for at least three years in the occupation during the four years immediately preceding the application; and
 - (3) satisfies the requirements of subsection (c)(2)(C) through (H).
- (f) Upon submission of a complete application, an applicant may receive an occupational license, registration or certification under subsection (b) based on the applicant's holding of a private certification and work experience in another state, if the applicant:
- (1) Holds a private certification and worked in a state that does not use an occupational license or government certification to regulate an occupation, but this state uses an occupational license or government certification to regulate the occupation;
 - (2) worked for at least two years in the occupation;
- (3) holds a current and valid private certification in the occupation;
- (4) is held in good standing by the organization that issued the private certification; and
 - (5) satisfies the requirements of subsection (c)(2)(C) through (H).
- (g) An applicant licensed, registered or certified under this section shall be entitled to the same rights and subject to the same obligations as are provided by the licensing body for Kansas residents, except that revocation or suspension of a nonresident military spouse's an applicant's license, registration or certificate in the-nonresident military spouse's applicant's state of residence or any jurisdiction in which the nonresident military spouse applicant held a license, registration or certificate shall automatically cause the same revocation or suspension of such-nonresident military spouse's applicant's license, registration or certificate in Kansas. No hearing shall be granted to a nonresidentmilitary spouse an applicant where such-nonresident military spouse's applicant's license, registration or certificate is subject to such automatic revocation or suspension, except for the purpose of establishing the fact of revocation or suspension of the nonresidentmilitary spouse's applicant's license, registration or certificate by the nonresident military spouse's applicant's state of residence or jurisdiction in which the applicant held a license, registration or certificate.
- (f)(h) In the event the licensing body determines that the license, registration or certificate currently held by the military servicemember or nonresident military spouse an applicant under subsection (e)(2)(A) is (c)(2) or the work experience or private credential held by an applicant under subsections (e) or (f), who is a military spouse or military servicemember does not equivalent to those authorize a similar scope of practice as the license, registration or certification

issued by the licensing body of this state, the licensing body-may shall issue a temporary permit for a limited period of time to allow the military servicemember or nonresident military spouse applicant to lawfully practice the military servicemember's or nonresident military spouse's applicant's occupation while completing any specific requirements that are required in this state for licensure, registration or certification that-was were not required in the state, district or territory of the United States in which the military servicemember or nonresident military spouse applicant was licensed, registered, certified or otherwise credentialed, unless the licensing body finds, based on specific grounds, that issuing a temporary permit would jeopardize the health and safety of the public.

(i) In the event the licensing body determines that the license, registration or certification currently held by an applicant under subsection (c)(2) or the work experience or private credential held by an applicant under subsections (e) or (f), who is not a military spouse or military servicemember, does not authorize a similar scope of practice as the license, registration or certification issued by the licensing body of this state, the licensing body may issue a temporary permit for a limited period of time to allow the applicant to lawfully practice the applicant's occupation while completing any specific requirements that are required in this state for licensure, registration or certification that was not required in the state, district or territory of the United States in which the applicant was licensed, registered, certified or otherwise credentialed, unless the licensing body finds, based on specific grounds, that issuing a temporary permit would jeopardize the health and safety of the public.

(j) Any testing, continuing education or training requirements administered under subsection (d), (h) or (i) shall be limited to Kansas law that regulates the occupation and that are materially different from or additional to the law of another state, or shall be limited to any materially different or additional body of knowledge or skill required for the occupational license, registration or certification in Kansas.

(g)(k) A licensing body may grant licensure, registration, certification or a temporary permit to any person who meets the requirements under this section but was separated from such military service under less than honorable conditions or with a general discharge under honorable conditions.

(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply in conflict with or in a manner inconsistent with federal law or a multistate compact, or a rule or regulation or a reciprocal or other applicable statutory provision that would allow an applicant to receive a license. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting a licensing body from denying any application for licensure, registration or certification, or declining to grant a temporary or probationary license, if the licensing body determines that granting the application may jeopardize the health and safety of the public.

(m) Nothing in this section shall be construed to be in conflict with any applicable Kansas statute defining the scope of practice of an occupation. The scope of practice as provided by Kansas law shall apply to applicants under this section.

(n) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during a state of emergency declared by the legislature, a licensing body may grant a temporary emergency license to practice any profession licensed, certified, registered or regulated by the licensing body to an applicant whose qualifications the licensing body determines to be sufficient to protect health and safety of the public and may prohibit any unlicensed person from practicing any profession licensed, certified, registered or regulated by the licensing body.

(o) Licensing bodies may provide electronic credentials to persons regulated by the licensing body. For purposes of this subsection, "electronic credential" means an electronic method by which a person may display or transmit to another person information that verifies a person's certification, licensure, registration or permit. A licensing

body may prescribe the format or requirements of the electronic credential to be used by the licensing body. Any statutory or regulatory requirement to display, post or produce a credential issued by a licensing body may be satisfied by the proffer of an electronic credential authorized by the licensing body. A licensing body may use a third-party electronic credential system that is not maintained by the licensing body. Such electronic credential system shall include a verification system that is operated by the licensing body or its agent on behalf of the licensing body for the purpose of verifying the authenticity and validity of electronic credentials issued by the licensing body.

- (h)(p) Each licensing body-may shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement and carry out the provisions of this section.
- (i)(q) This section shall not apply to the practice of law or the regulation of attorneys pursuant to K.S.A. 7-103, and amendments thereto.
- (r) The state board of healing arts and the state board of technical professions, with respect to an applicant who is seeking a license to practice professional engineering or engage in the practice of engineering, as defined in K.S.A. 74-7003, and amendments thereto, may deny an application for licensure, restration or certification, or decline to grant a temporary or probationary license, if the board determines the applicant's qualifications are not substantially equivalent to those established by the board. Such boards shall not otherwise be exempt from the provisions of this act.
- (s) This section shall apply to all licensing bodies not excluded under subsection (q), including, but not limited to:
 - (1) The abstracters' board of examiners;
 - (2) the board of accountancy;
 - (3) the board of adult care home administrators;
- (4) the secretary for aging and disability services, with respect to K.S.A. 65-5901 et seq. and K.S.A. 65-6503 et seq., and amendments thereto;
 - (5) the Kansas board of barbering;
 - (6) the behavioral sciences regulatory board;
 - (7) the Kansas state board of cosmetology;
 - (8) the Kansas dental board;
 - (9) the state board of education;
- (10) the Kansas board of examiners in fitting and dispensing of hearing instruments;
 - (11) the board of examiners in optometry;
 - (12) the state board of healing arts, as provided by subsection (r);
- (13) the secretary of health and environment, with respect to K.S.A. 82a-1201 et seq., and amendments thereto;
- (14) the commissioner of insurance, with respect to K.S.A. 40-241 and 40-4901 et seg., and amendments thereto;
 - (15) the state board of mortuary arts;
 - (16) the board of nursing;
 - (17) the state board of pharmacy;
 - (18) the Kansas real estate commission;
 - (19) the real estate appraisal board;
- (20) the state board of technical professions, as provided by subsection (r); and
 - (21) the state board of veterinary examiners.
- (t) All proceedings pursuant to this section shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act and shall be reviewable in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.
- (u) Commencing on July 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, each licensing body listed in subsection (s)(1) through (21) shall provide a report for the period of July 1 through June 30 to the director of legislative research by August 31 of each year, providing information requested by the director of legislative research to fulfill the requirements of this subsection. The director of legislative research

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shall develop the report format, prepare an analysis of the reports and submit and present the analysis to the office of the governor, the committee on commerce, labor and economic development of the house of representatives, the committee on commerce of the senate, the committee on appropriations of the house of representatives and the committee on ways and means of the senate by January 15 of the succeeding year. The director's report may provide any analysis the director deems useful and shall provide the following items, detailed by applicant type, including military servicemember, military spouse and non-military individual:

- (1) The number of applications received under the provisions of this section;
 - (2) the number of applications granted under this section;
 - (3) the number of applications denied under this section;
- (4) the average time between receipt of the application and completion of the application;
- (5) the average time between receipt of a complete application and issuance of a license, certification or registration; and
- (6) identification of applications submitted under this section where the issuance of credentials or another determination by the licensing body was not made within the time limitations pursuant to this section and the reasons for the failure to meet such time limitations.
- All information shall be provided by the licensing body to the director of legislative research in a manner that maintains the confidentiality of all applicants and in aggregate form that does not permit identification of individual applicants.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 48-3406 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

I hereby certify that the above Bill originated in the House, and was

House adopted
Conference Committee Report

Speaker of the House.

Chief Clerk of the House.

Passed the Senate

Senate adopted
Conference Committee Report_____

President of the Senate. Secretary of the Senate.

Approved _____

as amended

Governor.

Summary of Recommendations to the 2021 Delegate Assembly

Board of Directors Recommendations:

1. Adopt the proposed revisions to the NCSBN Model Practice Act & Rules.

Rationale:

The proposed revisions to the Model Act and Rules are recommended by the Model Act and Rules Committee. These changes are sought to update and streamline content and ensure whatever possible that actions are based on sound evidence.

Fiscal Impact:

None

NCLEX® Examination Committee Recommendation:

1. Approve the Next Generation NCLEX® (NGN) test design and polytomous scoring methods.

Rationale:

The NEC reviewed and accepted the Next Generation NCLEX® (NGN) test design for incorporating clinical judgment items and case studies along with the new polytomous scoring methods to be approved by the Delegate Assembly.

Fiscal Impact:

Incorporated into the FY22 budget.

Leadership Succession Committee (LSC) Recommendations:

1. Present the 2021 Slate of Candidates.

Rationale:

The Leadership Succession Committee has prepared the 2021 Slate of Candidates with due regard for the qualifications required by the positions open for election, fairness to all candidates, and attention to the goals and purpose of NCSBN. Full biographical information and application responses for each candidate are posted in the Business Book under the Report of the Leadership Succession Committee.

Fiscal Impact:

Incorporated into the FY22 budget.

References:

- A. Proposed NCSBN Model Practice Act
- B. Proposed NCSBN Model Rules
- C. NGN Test Design
- D. Midyear Meeting NGN Forum
- E. 2021 Slate of Candidates

NCSBN Model Act



Reading Key:		
Original document:	change	
Removed	change	
Added	change	
COVID addition	change	
Moved to Rules	change	
Moved from Rules	change	
Move to Rulemaking	change	
Include in Guidance	change	
Reorganized within Act	change	

Mission Statement

The National Council of State Boards of Nursing (NCSBN®) provides education, service and research through collaborative leadership to promote evidence-based regulatory excellence for patient safety and public protection.

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NCSBN MODEL ACT (2012)

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Article I. Title and Purpose

- a. This Act shall be known and may be cited as <the JURISDICTION> Nurse Practice Act (NPA), which creates and empowers the board of nursing (BON) to regulate nursing and to enforce the provisions of this Act.
- b. The purpose of this Act is to protect the health, safety and welfare of the residents of this state public.

Article II. Definitions

As used in Articles III through XI of this Act, unless the context thereof requires otherwise:

- a. "Advanced assessment" means the taking by an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) of the history, physical and psychological assessment of a patient's signs, symptoms, pathophysiologic status and psychosocial variations in the determination of differential diagnoses and treatment.
- b. "Advanced practice registered nurse" ("APRN") means an individual with knowledge and skills acquired in basic nursing education; licensure as a registered nurse ("RN"); and graduation from or completion of a graduate-level APRN program accredited by a national accrediting body and current certification by a national certifying body in the appropriate APRN role and at least 1 population focus. "Advanced practice registered nurse" includes certified nurse practitioners, certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified nurse midwives, or clinical nurse specialists. Advanced practice nursing means an expanded scope of nursing in a role and population focus approved by the Board of Nursing, with or without compensation or personal profit, and includes the RN scope of practice. The scope of an APRN includes performing acts of advanced assessment, diagnosing, prescribing, and ordering.
- c. "Clinical learning experiences" means the planned, faculty-guided learning experiences that involve direct contact with patients.
- d. "Competence" means the ability of the nurse to integrate knowledge, skills, judgment, and personal attributes to practice safely and ethically in a designated role and setting in accordance with the scope of nursing practice.
- e. "Comprehensive nursing assessment" means collection, analysis and synthesis of data performed by an RN-used to establish a health status baseline, plan care and address changes in a patient's condition.
- f. "Delegated responsibility" means a nursing activity, skill, or procedure that is transferred from a licensed nurse to a delegatee.
- g. "Delegatee" means one who is delegated a nursing responsibility by either an APRN, RN, or LPN/VN (where state NPA allows), is competent to perform it, and verbally accepts the responsibility. A delegatee may be an RN, LPN/VN, or nursing assistive personnel.
- h. "Delegating" means transferring to a competent individual the authority to perform a selected nursing task in a selected situation.
- i. "Delegator" means one who delegates a nursing responsibility. A delegator may be an APRN, RN, or LPN/VN (where state NPA allows).
- j. "Eligible for graduation" means having met all program and institutional requirements pending conferment of the degree.
- k "Encumbered" means a license with current discipline, conditions or restrictions.
- 1. "Focused nursing assessment" means recognizing patient characteristics by an LPN/VN that may affect the patient's health status, gathering and recording assessment data and demonstrating attentiveness by observing, monitoring, and reporting signs, symptoms, and changes in patient condition in an ongoing manner may mean, within the scope of the licensee, the collection, analysis and synthesis of data used to establish a health status baseline, plan care, and address changes in a patient's condition. to the supervising registered nurse or physician.
- m. "Inactive license" means the voluntary termination of an individual's license to practice nursing or failure to renewa license.
- n. "Internationally educated applicants" means a person educated outside the U.S. who applies for licensure or seeks temporary authorization to practice. means a person educated outside the U.S. who applies for licensure or seeks temporary authorization to practice as a graduate nursing student to complete program objectives.
- e. "License" means the legal authority granted by the BON to practice as a registered nurse, licensed practical/vocational nurse, certified nurse midwife, certified nurse practitioner, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or clinical nurse specialist. means the authority granted by the BON to practice nursing as an RN, LPN/VN or APRN.
- p. "Licensed Nurse" means APRNs, RNs and LPN/VNs.
- q. "Nursing" means a profession focused on the care of individuals, families and populations to attain, maintain or recover optimal health and quality of life from conception to death.
- r. "Patient" means a recipient of care; may be an individual, family, group or community. May also be referred

to as client.

- "Patient-centered health care plan" means, in active collaboration with the patient, incorporating the patient's values, beliefs and preferences, the identification of desired goals, strategies for meeting goals and processes for promoting, attaining, and maintaining optimal patient health outcomes. means, in collaboration with patient, the identification of desired goals, strategies for meeting goals and processes for promoting, attaining and maintaining optimal patienthealth outcomes.
- "Practical/Vocational nursing" as a licensed practical/vocational nurse means the performance with or without compensation of acts involving the care of the ill, injured, or infirm or the delegation of certain nursing practices to other personnel as set forth in regulations established by the Board under the direction of a registered professional nurse, an advanced practice registered nurse, a licensed physician, a licensed dentist, or other appropriate healthcare provider which acts do not require the substantial specialized skill, judgment and knowledge required in professional nursing.

"Professional nursing" as a registered nurse means the performance of professional nursing services with or without compensation by a person who holds a valid license pursuant to the terms of this act, and who bears primary responsibility and accountability for nursing practices based on specialized knowledge, judgment,

and skill derived from the principles of biological, physical, and behavioral sciences.

"Reactivation" means reissuance of a license that has lapsed, expired or been placed on inactive status in absence of disciplinary action.

"Reinstatement" means reissuance of a license following disciplinary action by the BON.

"Reissuance" means restoring a license (or authorization to practice) following non-disciplinary licensure action.

"Supervision" means provision of guidance or oversight by a qualified nurse for the accomplishment of a nursing task or activity with initial direction of the task or activity and periodic inspection of the actual act of accomplishing the task or activity.

"Unlicensed Nursing assistive personnel" means any personnel trained to function in a supportive role, regardless of title, to whom a nursing responsibility may be delegated. This includes but is not limited to CNAs, patient care technicians, CMAs, certified medication aides, and home health aides. means any unlicensed personnel, regardless of title, to whom nursing tasks are delegated.

Article III. Scope of RN, and LPN/VN and APRN Practice

Section 1. Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse (LPN/VN)

- Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse is the title given to an individual licensed to practice practical/vocational nursing.
- A person may not practice or offer to practice practical/ vocational nursing in this state unless the person is licensed as provided by this chapter.

The practice of licensed practical/vocational nurses shall include the following guided by nursing standards established or recognized by the BON:

An LPN/VN practices, with or without compensation or personal profit, under the supervision of an RN, advanced practice registered nurse (APRN), licensed physician or other health care provider authorized by the state; that is guided by nursing standards established or recognized by the BON; and includes:

1. Collecting data and conducting focused nursing assessments of the health status of patients.

- Participating with other health care providers and contributing in the development, and modification and implementation of the patient centered health care plan.
- Implementing nursing interventions within a patient centered health care plan.

Assisting in the evaluation of responses to interventions.

Providing for the maintenance of safe and effective nursing care rendered directly or indirectly. 5.

Advocating the best interest of patients. 6.

Communicating and collaborating with patients and members of the health care team. 7.

Providing health care information to patients.

Delegating and assigning nursing interventions to implement the plan of care while maintaining accountability of the outcome.

10. Assigning nursing interventions to implement the plan of care.

- Wearing identification which clearly identifies the nurse as an LPN/VN when providing direct patient care, unless wearing identification creates a safety or health risk for either the nurse or the patient.
- 12. Other acts that require education and training consistent with professional standards as prescribed by the BON and commensurate with the LPN/VN's education, demonstrated competencies and experience.

- a. Registered Nurse is the title given to an individual licensed to practice registered nursing.
- b. A person may not practice or offer to practice as a registered nurse in this state unless the person is licensed as provided by this chapter.
- c. The practice of registered nurses shall include the following guided by nursing standards established or recognized by the BON:
 - 1. Providing comprehensive nursing assessment of the health status of patients.
 - 2. Collaborating with health care team to develop and coordinate an integrated patient centered health care plan.
 - 3. Developing the comprehensive patient centered health care plan, including:
 - a. Applying knowledge based on the biological, psychological and social aspects of the patient's condition.
 - b. Establishing nursing Participates in and establishes patient diagnoses;
 - c. Setting goals to meet identified health care needs; and
 - d. Prescribing nursing interventions.
 - 4. Implementing nursing care through the execution of independent nursing strategies, and the provision of regimens requested, ordered or prescribed by authorized health care providers.
 - 5. Evaluating responses to interventions and the effectiveness of the plan of care.
 - 6. Provides education by:
 - a. Designing and implementing teaching plans based on patient needs or patient populations.
 - b. Teaching the theory and practice of nursing.
 - c. Educating others as appropriate.
 - 7. Delegating and assigning nursing interventions to implement the plan of care while maintaining accountability of the outcome.
 - 8. Delegates to another only those nursing measures for which that delegatee has the necessary skills and competence to accomplish safely
 - 9. Assigning nursing interventions to implement the plan of care.
 - 10. Providing for the maintenance of safe and effective nursing care rendered directly or indirectly.
 - 11. Advocating the best interest of patients.
 - 12. Communicating, consulting, and collaborating with other health care providers team members and others in the management of health care and the implementation of the total health care regimen within and across care settings.
 - 13. Managing, supervising and evaluating the practice of nursing.
 - 14. Teaching the theory and practice of nursing.
 - 15. Participating in development of health care policies, procedures and systems.
 - 16. Wearing identification that clearly identifies the nurse as an RN when providing direct patient care, unless wearing identification creates a safety or health risk for either the nurse or the patient.
 - 17. Other acts that require education and training consistent with professional standards as prescribed by the BON and commensurate with the RN's education, demonstrated competencies and experience.

Section 3. APRN Title and Scope of Practice

- a. Title
 - 1. Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) is the title given to an individual licensed to practice advanced practice registered nursing within one of the following roles: certified nurse practitioner (CNP), certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM) or clinical nurse specialist (CNS),
- b. Population focus shall include:
 - 1. Family/individual across the lifespan.
 - 2 Adult-gerontology.
 - 3. Neonatal.
 - 4. Pediatrics.
 - 5. Women's health/gender-related.
 - 6. Psychiatric/mental health.
- c. In addition to the RN scope of practice and within the APRN academic education and national certification, role and population focus, APRN practice shall include:
 - 1. Conducting an advanced assessment.
 - 2. Ordering and interpreting diagnostic procedures.
 - 3. Establishing a diagnosis.
 - 4. Prescribing, ordering, administering, and dispensing therapeutic measures and, pharmacological agents including over-

the-counter, legend, and controlled substances.

5. Delegating and assigning therapeutic measures to assistive personnel.

6. Consulting with other disciplines and providing referrals to health care agencies, health care providers and community resources.

7. Other acts that require education and training consistent with professional standards and commensurate with the APRN's education, certification, demonstrated competencies and experience.

Article IV. Board of Nursing (BON)

Section 1. Membership, Nominations, Qualifications, Appointment and Term of Office

a. The BON shall consist of <> members to be appointed by the <applicable authority> governor. Nominations for appointment may be made to the governor by any interested individual, association or any other entity.

The membership of the BON shall be <> RNs, <> LPN/VNs, <> APRNs, and <> members representing the public

members.

c. Each RN member shall be a resident in this jurisdiction, licensed in good standing hold an active unencumbered license under the provisions of this chapter, be currently engaged in RN practice and have no less than five years of experience as an RN, at least three of which immediately preceded appointment.

Each LPN/VN member shall be a resident in this jurisdiction, licensed in good standing hold an active unencumbered license under the provisions of this chapter, be currently engaged in LPN/VN practice and have no less than five

years of experience as an LPN/VN, at least three of which immediately preceded appointment.

e. Each APRN member shall be a resident in this jurisdiction, licensed in good standing hold an active unencumbered license under the provisions of this chapter, be currently engaged in APRN practice and have no less than five years of experience as an APRN, at least three of which immediately preceded appointment.

The public member(s) of the BON shall be a resident of this jurisdiction and shall not be, nor shall ever have been, a person who has ever had any material financial interest in the provision of nursing health care services or who has engaged in any activity directly related to nursing health care services.

Members of the BON shall be appointed for a term of <> years. Terms shall be staggered. Appointment of a person to an unexpired term is not considered a full term for this purpose. Each member may serve until a qualified successor has been appointed. At the expiration of a term, or if a vacancy occurs, the [appointing authority] shall appoint a new board member. The appointee's term expires on <> in the <> year of appointment.

No member shall serve more than \Leftrightarrow two consecutive full terms or \Leftrightarrow consecutive years. The completion of an unexpired portion of a full term shall not constitute a full term for purposes of this section. Any member initially

appointed for less than a full term shall be eligible to serve two additional terms.

i. Each term of office shall expire at midnight on the last day of the term of the appointment or at midnight on the date on which any vacancy occurs. If a replacement appointment has not been made, the term of the member shall be extended until a replacement is made.

Section 2. Officers

a. The BON shall elect officers from its members. Officers elected by the BON shall who shall serve a term of <> years, beginning <> and ending <>.

b. The <first officer> shall preside at board meetings and shall be responsible for the performance of all duties and functions of the BON required or permitted by this Act. In the absence of the first officer, the <second officer> shall assume these duties.

c. Additional offices may be established and filled by the BON at its discretion.

Section 3. Meetings

- a. The BON shall meet at least quarterly of for the purpose of transacting business in person or electronically. A majority of the members of the BON constitutes a quorum; however, if there is a vacancy on the BON, a majority of the members serving constitutes a quorum. A BON member is required to attend meetings or to provide proper notice and justification of inability to do so. Unexcused absences from meetings may result in removal from the BON.
- b. One meeting shall be designated for the purpose of electing officers and BON reorganization and planning.

c. The BON may meet additional times. Additional meetings may be called by the <first officer> of the BON or at the request of two thirds <> of the board members.

d. The Board may adopt rules with respect to calling, holding and conducting regular and special meetings and attendance at meetings. The BON shall give official and public notice of the place and time of the meeting. Board

meetings and hearings shall be open to the public. In accordance with the law, the BON may, at its discretion, conduct part of the meeting in executive session closed to the public. Notice of all board meetings shall be given in the manner and pursuant to requirements prescribed by the jurisdiction's applicable statutes and rules and regulations.

Section 4. Guidelines

- a. The BON may develop guidelines to assist board members in the evaluation of possible conflicts of interests. Members shall recuse themselves from the discussion and abstain from voting when a conflict arises.
- b. The BON may develop guidelines to assist board members in the disclosure of ex parte communications.
- c. The BON may develop other guidelines as needed that would support governance and direction of work.

Section 5. Vacancies, Removal and Immunity

- a. Any vacancy that occurs for any reason in the membership of the BON shall be filled by the governor [applicable authority] in the manner prescribed in the provisions of this article regarding appointments. A person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the unexpired portion of the term.
- b. The <applicable authority> governor may remove any member from the BON for neglect of any duty required by law, for incompetence, for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct or any other reason pursuant to jurisdictional law. The general laws of this jurisdiction controlling the removal of public officials from office shall be followed in dismissing board members.
- c. All members of the BON shall have immunity from individual civil liability while acting within the scope of the duties as board members pursuant to jurisdictional law.
- d. In the event that the entire BON, an individual member or staff is sued, the attorney general shall appoint an attorney to represent the involved party, or pursuant to jurisdictional law.

Section 6. Powers and Duties

The BON shall be responsible for the interpretation and enforcement of the provisions of this Act. The BON shall have all of the duties, powers and authority specifically granted by and necessary to the enforcement of this Act, as well as other duties, powers and authority as it may be granted by appropriate statute, including:

- a. Make, adopt, amend, repeal and enforce such administrative rules consistent with the law, as it deems necessary for the proper administration of this Act and to protect public health, safety and welfare.
- b. Develop and enforce standards and processes for nursing education programs.
- c. Provide consultation, conduct conferences, forums, studies and research on nursing education and practice.
- d. Provide consultation or guidance regarding the interpretation and application of the jurisdiction's nursing law and regulation.
- e. Maintain Participate or hold membership in national organizations that develop national licensure examinations and exclusively promote the improvement of the legal standards of the practice of nursing for the protection of public health, safety and welfare. that promote the provisions of this chapter.
- f. Grant temporary permits for qualified applicants as set forth in rule.
- g. License qualified applicants for RN, LPN/VN and APRN licensure and regulate their practice.
- h. Develop standards for maintaining competence of licensees and requirements for returning to practice.
- i. Certify and regulate unlicensed nursing assistive personnel (UAP), including certified nursing assistants (CNAs) and medication assistants certified (MACs).
- j. Implement the discipline process, in person or virtually, in accordance with jurisdictional law.
- k. Issue subpoenas in connection with investigations, inspections and hearings either in person or electronically.
- 1. Develop and enforce standards for nursing practice.
- m. Issue advisory opinions, interpretive statements and declaratory statements regarding the interpretation and application of the jurisdiction's nursing law and regulation.
- n. Regulate the manner in which nurses announce their practice to the public.
 - 1. Issue subpoenas in connection with investigations, inspections and hearings.
 - 2. Obtain access to records as reasonably requested by the BON to assist the BON in its investigation; the BON shall maintain any records pursuant to this paragraph as confidential data.
 - 3. Order licensees to submit and pay for physical, mental health or chemical dependency evaluations for cause.
 - 4. Prosecute alleged violations of this Act.
 - 5. Conduct hearings, compel attendance of witnesses and administer oaths to persons giving testimony at hearings, consistent with administrative rules.
 - 6. Provide alternatives to discipline:
 - a. Establish alternative programs for monitoring of nurses who agree to seek treatment of substance use

disorders, mental health or physical health conditions that could lead to disciplinary action by the BON as established by rule; and

- b. Establish programs to educate and re-mediate nurses with practice concerns who meet criteria established in rule.
- o. Discipline nurses a license or certification issued under this act for violation of any provision of this Act.
- p. Maintain a record of all persons regulated by the BON.
- q. Regulate the practice of nursing, which occurs in the jurisdiction where the patient is located at the time.
- r. Maintain records of proceedings as required by the laws of this jurisdiction.
- s. Collect, analyze, and share and analyze data regarding nursing education, nursing practice and nursing resources. Data may be collected with license applications.
- t. Submit an annual report to the governor summarizing the BON's proceedings and activities.
- H. Appoint and employ a qualified RN individual to serve as executive officer. and approve such additional staff positions as may be necessary, in the opinion of the BON, to administer and enforce the provisions of the Act.
- v. Delegate to the executive officer those activities that expedite the functions of the BON, including employing professional and support staff, investigators, legal counsel and other personnel necessary for the BON to carry out its functions.
- w. Adopt a seal that shall be in the care of the executive officer and shall be affixed only in a manner as prescribed by the BON.
- x. Share current significant investigative information with other regulatory bodies and law enforcement entities.
- y. Withdraw a license issued in error.
- z. Conduct criminal background checks for nurse licensure in accordance with state and federal law under Section 9 of Article V of this Act. applicants regulated under this act.
- aa. In the event of a declared state of emergency in this state, the Board may waive the requirements of this Article to allow emergency health services to the public.
- bb. Issue a cease and desist order for any violation of this Act.
- cc. Adopt criteria for recognizing national certifying bodies for APRN roles and population foci

Section 7. Financial

- a. The BON is authorized to establish by rule appropriate fees for licensure by examination, reexamination, endorsement, reinstatement, reactivation and such other fees and fines as the BON determines necessary.
- b. All fees collected by the BON shall be administered according to the established fiscal policies of this jurisdiction and in such manner as to adequately implement the provisions of this Act.
- c. The BON may accept grants, contributions, devices, bequests and gifts that shall be kept in a separate fund and shall be used by the BON to enhance the practice of nursing.
- d. The BON may receive and expend funds in addition to appropriations from this jurisdiction, provided such funds are received and expended for the pursuit of the authorized objectives of the BON, such funds are maintained in a separate account, and periodic reports of the receipt and expenditures of such funds are submitted to the <applicable authority> governor.
- e. All fees collected by the BON shall be retained by the BON. The monies retained shall be used for any of the BON's duties, including but not limited to, the addition of full-time equivalent positions for program services and investigations. Monies retained by the BON pursuant to this section are not subject to reversion to the general fund of the jurisdiction.

Section 8. Executive Officer

- a. The executive officer shall be responsible for:
 - 1. The performance of administrative responsibilities of the BON.
 - 2 Employment of personnel needed to carry out the functions of the BON.
 - 3. The performance of any other duties as necessary to the proper conduct of BON business and to the fulfillment of the BON's responsibilities as defined by this Act.
- b. The BON shall monitor and periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the executive officer.

Article V. RN, and LPN/VN and APRN Licensure and Exemptions

Section 1. Titles and Abbreviations for Licensed Nurses

Only those persons who hold a license or privilege to practice to practice nursing in this state shall have the right to use the following title abbreviations:

a. Title: "Registered Nurse" and the abbreviation "RN."

- b. Title: "Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse" and the abbreviation "LPN/VN."
- c. Only those persons who hold a license or privilege to practice advanced practice registered nursing in this state shall have right to use the title "advanced practice registered nurse" and the roles of "certified registered nurse anesthetist," "certified nurse-midwife," "clinical nurse specialist" and "certified nurse practitioner;" and the abbreviations "APRN," "CRNA," "CNM," "CNS" and "CNP," respectively.
- d. The abbreviation for the APRN designation of a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a certified nurse-midwife, a clinical nurse specialist and for a certified nurse practitioner will be APRN, plus the role title, i.e., CRNA, CNM, CNS and CNP.
- e. It shall be unlawful for any person to use the title "APRN" or "APRN" plus their respective role titles, the role title alone, authorized abbreviations or any other title that would lead a person to believe the individual is an APRN, unless permitted by this Act.

Section 2. Examinations

- a. The BON shall authorize administration—the a national examination for applicants for licensure as RNs or LPN/VNs.
- b. The BON may employ, contract and cooperate with any entity in the preparation of a national examination and process for determining results of a uniform licensure examination. When such an examination is utilized, the BON shall restrict access to questions and answers.
- c. The Board shall give an examination, at the time and place it determines, to applicants for licensure to practice as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. The Board shall adopt rules governing qualifications of applicants, the conduct of applicants during the examination, and the conduct of the examination. The applicants shall be required to pass the examination as defined by the board.
- d. The BON shall determine whether a licensure examination may be repeated, the frequency of reexamination and any requisite education prior to reexamination.

Section 3. Licensure by Examination

- a. The Board shall provide for an examination for licensure to practice as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. The applicants shall be required to pass the examination as defined by the board. An applicant for licensure by examination to practice as an RN or LPN/VN who must successfully meets the applicable requirements, as determined by the BON by rule. of this section shall be entitled to licensure as an RN or LPN/VN, whichever is applicable.
- b. The Board shall provide for an examination for licensure to practice as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. The applicants shall be required to pass the examination as defined by the board. The Board shall adopt rules which identify the criteria which must be met by an applicant in order to be issued a license. When the Board determines that an applicant has met those criteria, passed the required examination, submitted the required fee, and has demonstrated to the Board's satisfaction that he or she is mentally and physically competent to practice nursing, the Board may issue a license to the applicant.
- c. For internationally educated applicants, in addition to any requirements in rule, successful passage of an English proficiency exam that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening, except for applicants from countries where English is the native language, and the nursing program where the applicant attended was taught in English, used English textbooks and clinical experiences were conducted in English.
- d. The Board shall give an examination, at the time and place it determines, to applicants for licensure to practice as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. The Board shall adopt rules governing qualifications of applicants, the conduct of applicants during the examination, and the conduct of the examination. The applicants shall be required to pass the examination as defined by the board. The Board shall adopt rules which identify the criteria which must be met by an applicant in order to be issued a license. When the Board determines that an applicant has met those criteria, passed the required examination, submitted the required fee, and has demonstrated to the Board's satisfaction that he or she is mentally and physically competent to practice nursing, the Board shall issue a license to the applicant.
- e. An applicant shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed application and fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. Graduate or be eligible for graduation from a <your jurisdiction> BON-approved prelicensure program or a program that meets criteria comparable to those established by the <your jurisdiction> BON in its rules.
 - 3. Pass an examination authorized by the BON.
 - 4. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
 - 5. Report any substance use disorder in the last five years.

- 6. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
- 7. Have committed no acts or omissions that are grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Article VII of this Act; and
- & Meet other criteria established by the BON in rule.
- f. Graduates from an RN prelicensure program may take the LPN/VN licensure examination if they have completed a BON approved LPN/VN role delineation course. The BON shall by rule set standards for approval of the role delineation course.
- g. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 4. Licensure by Examination of Internationally Educated Applicants

Requirements for licensure by examination of internationally educated applicants, include:

- a. Graduation from a international RN or LPN/VN prelicensure education program that (a) has been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b) has been verified by an independent credentials review agency to be comparable to a licensing board-approved prelicensure education program; Successful passage of an English proficiency exam that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening, except for applicants from countries where English is the native language, and the nursing program where the applicant attended was taught in English, used English textbooks and clinical experiences were conducted in English.
- b. ; Graduation from a nursing program comparable to a BON approved prelicensure RN or LPN/VN program, whichever is applicable, and meet all other requirements of section 3.

c. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section. Applicant must submit a credentials evaluation by a credentials review agency for the level of licensure being sought.

- d. Successful passage of an English proficiency exam that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening, except for applicants from countries where English is the native language, and the nursing program where the applicant attended was taught in English, used English textbooks and clinical experiences were conducted in English.
- e. Disclosure of nursing licensure status in country of origin, if applicable.
- f. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 5. Licensure by Endorsement

The Board may, without examination, issue a license to an applicant who is duly licensed as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse under the laws of another state, territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or international country, as determined by criteria developed by the BON in rules.

- a. An applicant for licensure by endorsement to practice as an RN or LPN/VN shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed application and fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. A. Graduate from a <your jurisdiction> BON-approved prelicensure program or a program that meets criteria comparable to those established by the <your jurisdiction> BON in its rules; or
 - B. Graduate from a international RN or LPN/VN prelicensure education program that (a) has been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b) has been verified by an independent credentials review agency to be comparable to a licensing board-approved prelicensure education program.
 - 3. Successful passage of an English proficiency exam that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening, except for applicants from countries where English is the native language, and the nursing program where the applicant attended was taught in English, used English textbooks and clinical experiences were conducted in English.
 - 4. Hold a license as an RN or an LPN/VN that is not encumbered.
 - 5. Pass an examination authorized by the BON.
 - 6. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
 - 7. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
 - 8. Report any substance use disorder in the last five years.
 - 9. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification
 - 10. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.
 - 11. Have committed no acts or omissions which are grounds for disciplinary action in another jurisdiction or, if such acts have been committed and would be grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Article VII of this Act.
 - 12. Be proficient in English language as set forth in the BON rules.

- 13. Submit verification of licensure status directly from the U.S. jurisdiction of licensure by examination, or a coordinated licensure information system.
- 14. Meet continued competency requirements as set forth by the BON.
- 15. Meet other criteria established by the BON in rule.
- b. Temporary Permits for licensure by endorsement
 - 1. The BON may issue time-limited authorization to practice nursing through the granting of temporary permits, as set forth in BON rules.
 - 2. Any person who has been approved as an applicant for licensure by endorsement and has been granted a temporary permit shall have the right to use the titles <> and abbreviations <> designated by the state. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 6. APRN Licensure

- a. An applicant for initial licensure to practice as an APRN shall meet the requirements established by the BON in rules.
 - 1. Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. Hold a current RN license or privilege to practice and shall not hold an encumbered license or privilege to practice as an RN in any state or territory.
 - 3. Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the four roles and at least one population focus.
 - 4. Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation.
 - 5. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
 - 6. Have committed no acts or omissions that are grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Article VII of this
 - 7. Provide other evidence as required by rule.
- b. The BON may issue a license by endorsement to an APRN licensed under the laws of another state if, in the opinion of the BON, the applicant meets the qualifications for licensure in this jurisdiction. An applicant for APRN licensure by endorsement shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. Hold a current license or privilege to practice as an RN and APRN in a state or territory.
 - 3. Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory.
 - 4. Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the four roles and at least one population focus or meets the standards for grandfathering as described in section 7 of this Article.
 - 5. Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and at least one population focus appropriate to educational preparation.
 - 6. Meet continued competency requirements as set forth in BON rules.
 - 7. Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
 - 8. Have committed no acts or omissions, which are grounds for disciplinary action in another jurisdiction.
 - 9. Provide other evidence as required by the BON in its rules.
- c. The BON may issue an initial license or license by endorsement to a applicant from an international APRN education program if the applicant meets the requirements set forth in rules.
- d. If a graduate from an international APRN education program the BON must verify the program applicant that (a) has been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country.
- e. Passage of an English proficiency examination, if a graduate of a prelicensure education program not taught in English or if English is not the individual's native language, that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening;
- f. APRN licenses issued under this Act shall be renewed at least every <> years according to a schedule established by the BON. An applicant for APRN license renewal shall:
 - 1. Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set forth in rule.
 - 2. Maintain national certification in the appropriate APRN role and at least one population focus, authorized by licensure, through an ongoing certification maintenance program of a nationally recognized certifying body recognized by the BON.
 - 3. Meet other requirements set forth in rule.
 - 4. The BON may reactivate or reinstate an APRN license as set forth in BON rules.
 - 5. The duties of licensees are the same as previously stated in Article V Section 9 for RNs and LPN/VNs.

Section 7. Renewal of RN and LPN/VN Licenses

a. RN and LPN/VN licenses issued under this Act shall be renewed every <> years according to a schedule established by the BON.

b. An applicant for renewal of license to practice as an RN or LPN/VN shall: meet the requirements to renew licensure as an RN or LPN/VN, whichever is applicable.

1. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.

2. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.

3. Report any substance use disorder in the last five years.

4. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.

5. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.

- c. A renewal license shall be issued to an RN or LPN/VN who submits an application, remits the required fee and satisfactorily completes any other requirements established by the BON as set forth in rules.
- d. No license shall be renewed unless the RN or LPN/VN shows evidence of continued competence as specified in BON rule.

e. Failure to renew the license shall result in forfeiture of the right to practice nursing in this jurisdiction.

- f. In the event of a declared state of emergency in this state, the board may delay licensure renewal dates for any licensees in the state.
- g. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 8. Reactivation of License

- a. Applicants for RN or LPN/VN licensure reactivation shall: meet the requirements for reactivation of licensure as an RN or LPN/VN, whichever is applicable.
 - 1. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
 - 2. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.

3. Report any substance use disorder in the last five years.

4. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.

5. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.

b. A reactivated license shall be issued to an RN or LPN/VN who submits an application, remits the required fee and satisfactorily completes any other requirements established by the BON as set forth in rules.

c. No license shall be reactivated unless the RN or LPN/VN shows evidence of continued competence as specified in BON rule.

1. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 9. Reinstatement of License

a. Applicants for RN or LPN/VN licensure reinstatement shall meet the requirements for reinstatement of licensure as an RN or LPN/VN, whichever is applicable.

1. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.

2. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.

3. Report any substance use disorder in the last five years.

4. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.

5. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.

b. No license shall be reinstated unless the RN or LPN/VN shows evidence of continued competence as specified in BON rule.

c. The BON shall promulgate rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Section 8. Duties of Licensees 10. Duty to Report

a. The nurse shall comply with the provisions of this Act. The burden of responsibility is on the licensee to know and practice according to the laws and regulations of this jurisdiction.

b. The nurse shall report their actions, or the actions of those licensed under this act, in a timely manner, to the BON those acts or omissions that are violations of the Act or grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Articles VII and VIII of this Act.

c. A nurse shall report to the BON, in a timely manner, a felony arrest or indictment, and any conviction or finding of guilt, or entering into and agreed disposition of a felony offense under applicable state or federal criminal law. The nurse shall also report to the BON, in a timely manner, any arrest or indictment for the possession, use, or sale of any controlled substance or driving while impaired.

d. The licensee shall, in response to BON inquiries, provide relevant and truthful personal, professional or demographic

- information requested by the BON to perform its duties in regulating and controlling nursing practice in order to protect the public health, safety and welfare.
- e. Failure to provide the requested information may result in non-renewal of the license to practice nursing or licensure disciplinary action.

Section 11. Criminal Background Checks

Each applicant for licensure as an APRN, CNP, CNM, CRNA, CNS, RN, LPN and [any other licensee/registree under this act] shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the BON for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to <state statute> and Public Law 92-544. The <state agency or appropriate entity responsible for managing fingerprint data> may exchange this fingerprint data with the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).

Except as provided in paragraph (c), criminal convictions may be reviewed by the BON on a case-by-case basis to determine eligibility for licensure.

- a. If an applicant's criminal history record check reveals a conviction. The Board shall consider all of the following factors regarding the conviction:
 - (1) The level of seriousness of the crime.
 - (2) The date of the crime.
 - (3) The age of the applicant at the time of the conviction.
 - (4) The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, if known.
 - (5) The nexus between the criminal conduct of the applicant and the practice of nursing
 - (6) The applicant's prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and employment records since the date the crime was committed.
 - (7) The subsequent commission by the person of a crime.
- b. The BON shall determine whether an applicant or licensee is mentally and physically capable of practicing nursing with reasonable skill and safety. The Board may require an applicant or licensee to submit to a mental health examination by a licensed mental health professional designated by the Board and to a physical examination by a physician or other licensed health care professional designated by the Board. The Board may order an applicant or licensee to be examined before or after charges are presented against the applicant or licensee. The results of the mental health examination or physical examination shall be reported directly to the Board and shall be admissible into evidence in a hearing before the Board.
- c. All individuals convicted of a sexual offense involving a minor or performing a sexual act against the will of another person, including those without the mental capacity to consent, shall be subject to a BON order for evaluation by a qualified expert approved by the BON. If the evaluation identifies sexual behaviors of a predatory nature the BON shall deny licensure.

Section 12. Exemptions

No provisions of this Act shall be construed to prohibit:

- a. The practice of nursing by a student currently enrolled in and actively pursuing completion of an approved prelicensure nursing education program, or a graduate nursing program involving nursing practice, if all the following are met: according to criteria established by the board in rules.
 - 1. The student is participating in a program located in this jurisdiction and approved by the BON or participating in this jurisdiction in a component of a program located in another jurisdiction and approved by a BON that is a member of NCSBN.
 - 2 The student's practice is under the auspices of the program.
 - 3. The student acts under the supervision of an RN serving for the program as a faculty member or teaching assistant.
 - 4. The student in a graduate program preparing for APRN licensure must be a licensed RN and under the supervision of qualified faculty/preceptor, licensed in the state of clinical practice.
- b. The provision of nursing services to family members or in emergency situations.
- e. Caring for the sick when done in connection with the practice of religious tenets of any church and by or for its members.
- d. The individual is engaging in the practice of nursing by discharging official duties while employed by or under contract with the United States government or any agency thereof.
- e. The activities of an individual currently licensed to practice nursing in another jurisdiction, if the individual's license has not been revoked, the individual is not currently under suspension or on probation, and the individual engages in temporary activities as determined by the board, including travel to and within the state, teaching

activities, consultation with health care providers located within the state, activities involving program

accreditation. one of the following:

In the event of a declared state of emergency in this state, an individual who retired from licensed practice of practical nursing, registered nursing, or advanced practice registered nursing in this state in the last <> years shall be issued a temporary license to practice for <time period> from the date of issuance. The individual must have retired with an unencumbered license to qualify for a temporary license.

In the event of a declared state of emergency in this state, an individual who voluntarily deactivated their license to practice practical nursing, registered nursing, or advanced practice registered nursing in this state in the last <> years shall be issued a temporary license to practice for <time period> from the date of issuance. The individual

must have become inactive with an unencumbered license to qualify for a temporary license.

The individual is engaging in the practice of nursing as an employee of an individual agency or corporationlocated in the other jurisdiction in a position with employment responsibilities that include transporting patients into, out of, or

through this state, as long as each trip in this state does not exceed seventy two hours.

- The individual is consulting with an individual licensed in this state to practice any health-related profession.
- The individual is engaging in activities associated with teaching in this state as a guest lecturer at a nursing education program, continuing nursing education program or in-service presentation, or the individual isteaching didactic content, via distance education, for an approved prelicensure program.

The individual is conducting evaluations of nursing care that are undertaken on behalf of a nationally

recognized accrediting organization.

5. The individual is providing nursing care to an individual who is in this state on a temporary basis, not to exceed six months in any one calendar year, if the nurse is directly employed by or under contract with the individual or a guardian or other person acting on the individual's behalf.

The individual is providing nursing care during any disaster, natural or otherwise, that has been officially declared to be a disaster by a public announcement issued by an appropriate federal, state, county or municipal

official.

Article VI. Prelicensure Nursing Education

Section 1. Definition and Purpose of Nursing Education Standards

Nursing education standards are the evidence-based criteria used to monitor the quality of the nursing program. Early intervention, when the standards are not met, will assist the programs to make improvements before warning signs are evident and sanctions are necessary. The purpose of nursing education standards is to ensure that graduates of nursing education programs are prepared for safe and effective nursing practice.

Section 2. Prelicensure Nursing Education Standards

All nursing education programs shall meet these standards:

- Administrative Requirements
 - 1. The program has criteria for admission, progression and student performance.

2. Written policies and procedures have been vetted by faculty and students and are readily accessible.

- 3. The program shall hold students responsible for professional behavior, including honesty and integrity, while in their program of study.
- b. Program Administrator
 - 1. Of an RN program shall be doctorally prepared and has a degree in nursing.

2. Of a PN program shall have a graduate degree and a degree in nursing.

3. Shall hold a current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the jurisdiction where the program is approved;

4. Has institutional authority and administrative responsibility over the program.

- 5. Shall be responsible for completing the BON's annual report, consisting of aggregate program data as determined by the BON, by their deadline.
- c. Faculty

- 1. At a minimum, 35% of the total faculty (including all clinical adjunct, part-time and other faculty) are employed at the institution as full-time faculty.
- 2. In RN programs, faculty shall:
 - i. Hold a graduate degree.
 - ii. Faculty who teach clinical courses, whether didactic or clinical, shall hold a current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the state where the program is approved.
- 3. In PN programs, faculty shall:
 - i. Hold a BSN degree.
 - ii. Faculty shall clinical courses shall hold a current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the state where the program is approved.
- 4. Faculty can demonstrate that they have been educated in basic instruction of teaching and adult learning principles and curriculum development. This may include the following:
 - i. Methods of instruction
 - ii. Teaching in clinical practice settings
 - iii. How to conduct assessments, including test item writing
 - iv. Managing "difficult" students
- 5. Faculty demonstrate participation in continuing education related to nursing education and adult learning pedagogies.
- 6. The school provides substantive and periodic workshops and presentations devoted to faculty development.
- 7. Formal mentoring of new and part-time faculty takes place by established peers.
- 8. Clinical faculty have up-to-date clinical skills and have had recent experience in direct patient care.
- 9. Simulation faculty are certified, or are planning to be certified within the next 5 years.

d. Students

- 1. English as a second language assistance is provided.
- 2. Assistance is available for students with learning or other disabilities.
- 3. All students have books and resources necessary throughout the program and strategies to help students who can't afford books and resources.
- 4. Remediation strategies are in place at the beginning of each course and students are aware of how to seek help. This should include processes to remediate errors and near misses in the clinical setting.
- 5. Students shall meet health standards and criminal background requirements.

e. Curriculum and Clinical Experiences

- 1. There is a sound foundation in biological, physical, social and behavioral sciences.
- 2. A systematic evaluation of the curriculum is in place.
- 3. Didactic and clinical content include prevention of illness and the promotion, restoration and maintenance of health in patients, communities and populations, across the lifespan and from diverse social, cultural, ethnic and economic backgrounds.
- 4. Didactic courses and clinical experiences shall include content in the areas of medical/surgical, obstetric. pediatric, psychiatric/mental health and community health nursing.
- 5. Quality and safety are integrated into the curriculum, including clinical judgment, skill in clinical management, supervision, delegating effectively, emergency preparedness, interprofessional communication, time management and navigation and understanding of health care systems.
- 6. Practice/academic partnerships are implemented.
- 7. Legal and ethical issues and professional responsibilities are integrated into didactic and clinical experiences.
- 8. Distance education methods are consistent with the curriculum plan.
- 9. 50% or more of clinical experiences in each course is direct care with patients.
- 10. A variety of clinical settings are used, and the patient population is diverse.

f. Teaching and Learning Resources

1. The fiscal, human, physical (including access to a library), clinical and technical learning resources shall be adequate to support program processes, security and outcomes.

2. The simulation lab is accredited or with plans to be within 5 years.

3. Programs shall assess students with learning disabilities and tailor the curriculum to meet their needs.

Section 3. Determination of Compliance with Standards

a. Accreditation by a national nursing accrediting body, set forth by the USDE, is required, and evidence of compliance with the accreditation standards may be used for evaluating continuing approval.

1. Nursing programs must submit to the BON copies of accreditation related correspondence with the national nursing

accrediting agency within 30 days of receipt.

2. The BON shall identify the required correspondence that the programs must submit.

Section 4. Purposes of Prelicensure Nursing Education Program Approval

a. To promote the safe practice of nursing by implementing standards for individuals seeking licensure as RNs and LPN/VNs.

b. To grant legal recognition to nursing education programs that the BON determines have met

the standards.

To ensure graduates meet the educational and legal requirements for the level of licensure for which they are preparing and to facilitate their endorsement to other states and countries.

d. To provide the public and prospective students with a published list of nursing programs that meets the standards established by the BON.

Section 5. Establishment of a New Prelicensure Nursing Education Program

Before establishing a new nursing education program, the program shall contact the BON and complete the process outlined below:

 a. Phase I – Application to BON. The proposed program shall provide the following information to the BON:

1. Governing institution approval and ongoing support.

2 Evidence of adequate financial support that can be provided on an ongoing basis.

Availability of educational resources, such as human, physical (including access to a library), clinical and technical learning resources.

Evidence of the institution meeting state requirements, and regional or national accreditation by an accredited agency recognized by the USDE.

5 Evidence of the nursing program actively seeking pre-accreditation or candidate accreditation from a USDE recognized national nursing accrediting agency.

6 Evidence of adequate numbers of clinical partnerships.

Availability of a qualified faculty and program director.

8 A proposed time-line for initiating the program.

- b. Phase II Initial Approval for Admission of Students. The proposed program shall provide the BON with verification that the following program components and processes have been completed:
 - I. Employment of a qualified director.

2 A comprehensive program curriculum.

Establishment of student policies for admission, progression, retention and graduation.

- 4 Policies and strategies to address students' needs including those with learning disabilities and English as a international language; and remediation tactics for students performing below standard and for when clinical errors or near misses occur.
- 5. Creation of an emergency preparedness plan for addressing situations including but not limited to a reduction in the availability of student clinical sites, a transition from in-person to virtual learning platforms, and a need for increased use of simulation.

c. Phase III – Full Approval of Program. The BON shall fully approve the program upon:

1. Completion of BON program survey visit.

2 A comprehensive program curriculum.

3 Submission of program's ongoing systematic evaluation plan.

4 Employment of qualified faculty.

5. Additional oversight of new programs will take place for the first 7 years of operation.

• May include progress reports periodically on program leadership, consistency of faculty, numbers of students and trends of NCLEX pass rates, along with the regularly collected BON annual reports.

Section 6. Continuing Approval of a Prelicensure Nursing Education Program

- a. Every <> years previously approved nursing education programs with full program approval status will be evaluated for continuing approval by the BON.
- b. Warning signs that might trigger a focused site visit include:
 - 1. Complaints from students, faculty and clinical agencies.
 - 2 Turnover of program administrators, defined by more than 3 in 5 years.
 - 3 Frequent nursing faculty turnover/cuts in numbers of nursing faculty.
 - 4 Decreasing trend in NCLEX pass rates, based on the jurisdiction's NCLEX pass rate standard.
- c. The BON shall review and analyze various sources of information regarding program performance, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Periodic BON survey visits and/or reports.
 - 2 Annual report data.
 - 3 Evidence of being accredited by a USDE recognized national nursing accredited agency.
 - 4 BON recognized national nursing accreditation visits, reports and other pertinent national nursing accreditation documents provided by the program.
 - 5 Results of ongoing program systematic evaluation.
- d. Continuing approval will be granted upon the BON's verification that the program is in compliance with the BON's nursing education administrative rules.

Section 7. Conditional Approval of Prelicensure Nursing Education Program

- a. The BON may grant conditional approval when it determines that a program is not fully meeting approval standards.
- b. If the BON determines that an approved nursing education program is not meeting the criteria set forth in these regulation the nursing program shall be given a reasonable period of time to submit an action plan and to correct the identified program deficiencies.

Section 8. Withdrawal of Approval

- a. The BON shall withdraw approval if, after proper notice and opportunity, it determines that:
 - 1. A nursing education program fails to meet the standards of this Rule.
 - 2. A nursing education program fails to correct the identified deficiencies within the time specified.

Section 9. Appeal

A program denied approval or given less than full approval may appeal that decision. All such actions shall be in accordance with due process rights.

Section 10. Reinstatement of Approval

The BON may reinstate approval if the program submits evidence of compliance with nursing education standards within the specified time frame.

Section 11. Closure of Prelicensure Nursing Education Program and Storage of Records

- a. A nursing education program may be closed due to withdrawal of BON approval or may close voluntarily.
- b. Provisions shall be made for maintenance of the standards for nursing education during the transition to closure.
- c. Arrangements are made for the secure storage and access to academic records and transcripts.
- d. An acceptable plan is developed for students to complete a BON approved program.
- e. Confirmation shall be provided to the BON, in writing, that the plan has been fully implemented.

Section 12. Prelicensure Nursing Education Program Closed Voluntarily

The program shall submit to the BON:

- a. Reason for the closing of the program and date of intended closure.
- b. An acceptable plan for students to complete a BON approved program.
- c. Arrangements for the secure storage and access to academic records and transcripts.

Section 13. Innovative Approaches in Prelicensure Nursing Education Program

A nursing education program may apply to implement an innovative approach by complying with the provisions of this section. Nursing education programs approved to implement innovative approaches shall continue to provide quality nursing education that prepares graduates to practice safely, competently and ethically within the scope of practice as defined in <jurisdiction's> Act.

Section 14. Purposes

- a. To foster innovative models of nursing education to address the changing needs in health care.
- b. To assure that innovative approaches are conducted in a manner consistent with the BON's role of protecting the public

Section 15. Eligibility

- a. The nursing education program shall hold full BON approval without conditions.
- b. There are no substantiated complaints in the past 2 years.
- c. There are no rule violations in the past 2 years.

Section 16. Application

a. A description of the innovation plan, with rationale, shall be provided to the BON at least <> days before the BON meeting.

Section 17. Standards for Approval

- a. Eligibility criteria in Section 15 are met.
- b. The innovative approach will not compromise the quality of education or safe practice of students.
- c. Resources are sufficient to support the innovative approach.
- d. Timeline provides for a sufficient period to implement and evaluate the innovative approach.

Section 18. Review of Application and BON Action

- a. If the application meets the standards, the BON may:
- 1. Approve the application; or
 - 2. Approve the application with modifications as agreed between the BON and the nursing education program.
- b. If the submitted application does not meet the criteria in 6.3.2 and 6.3.4., the BON may deny approval or request additional information.

Section 19. Requesting Continuation of the Innovative Approach

- a. If the innovative approach has achieved the desired outcomes, the program may request that the innovative approach be continued.
- b. Request for the innovative approach to become an ongoing part of the education program must be submitted <> days prior to a regularly scheduled BON meeting.
- c. The BON may grant the request to continue approval if the innovative approach has achieved desired outcomes, has not compromised public protection, and is consistent with core nursing education criteria.

Section 20. Simulation

A prelicensure nursing education program ("program") may use simulation as a substitute for traditional clinical experiences, not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of its clinical hours per course. A program that uses simulation shall adhere to the standards set in

this section.

Section 21. Evidence of Compliance

A program shall provide evidence to the board of nursing that these standards have been met.

Section 22. Organization and Management

- a. The program shall have an organizing framework that provides adequate fiscal, human, and material resources to support the simulation activities.
- b. Simulation activities shall be managed by an individual who is academically and experientially qualified. The individual shall demonstrate continued expertise and competence in the use of simulation while managing the program.
- c. There shall be a budget that will sustain the simulation activities and training of the faculty.

Section 23. Facilities and Resources

The program shall have appropriate facilities for conducting simulation. This shall include educational and technological resources and equipment to meet the intended objectives of the simulation.

Section 24. Faculty Preparation

- a. Faculty involved in simulations, both didactic and clinical, shall have training in the use of simulation.
- b. Faculty involved in simulations, both didactic and clinical, shall engage in on-going professional development in the use of simulation.

Section 25. Curriculum

a. The program shall demonstrate that the simulation activities are linked to programmatic outcomes.

Section 26. Policies and Procedures

The program shall have written policies and procedures on the following:

- a. Short-term and long-term plans for integrating simulation into the curriculum;
- b. Method of debriefing each simulated activity; and
- c. Plan for orienting faculty to simulation.

Section 27. Evaluation

- a. The program shall develop criteria to evaluate the simulation activities.
- e. Students shall evaluate the simulation experience on an ongoing basis.

Section 28. Annual Report

a. The program shall include information about its use of simulation in its annual report to the board of nursing.

Section 29. State of Emergency

a. During a declared state of emergency, the board may authorize approved nursing education programs to implement mitigation efforts to address, including but not limited to, the availability of clinical placement sites, transition to virtual learning from in-person platforms, and changes in use of simulation. The program shall keep records of any mitigation policies or strategies used and shall include the information in the annual report submitted to the board.

Section 1. Education Approval Standards

- The BON shall, by rule, set standards for the establishment and outcomes of prelicensure nursing education programs, including clinical learning experiences, and approve such programs that meet the requirements of this Act and BON rule.
- The BON shall set requirements for the continuing approval of prelicensure nursing programs.
- The BON may deny or withdraw approval or take such action as deemed necessary when prelicensure nursing education programs fail to meet the standards established by the BON, provided that all such actions shall be inaccordance with
- The BON may reinstate approval of a prelicensure nursing education program upon submission of satisfactory evidence that the program meets the standards established by the BON.
- The BON where the program has legal domicile determines the approval process when education crossesstate/jurisdiction borders.

Section 2. Closure of Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

The BON shall, by rule, identify the process for prelicensure nursing education programs that cease operation.

Section 3. Provision for Innovative Approaches in Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

The BON shall, by rule, identify the process for implementing innovative approaches in prelicensure nursing education programs.

Article VII. Discipline and Proceedings

Section 1. Discipline

Grounds for Discipline. The BON may discipline a licensee or deny a license to an applicant for any one or a combination of the following:

- Convicted or found guilty, or has entered into an agreed disposition, of a felony offense or misdemeanor offense related to the practice of nursing under applicable state or federal criminal law
- Confidentiality, patient privacy, consent or disclosure violations.
- Misconduct or abuse.
- d. Fraud, deception or misrepresentation.
- e. Unsafe practice, substandard care or unprofessional conduct.
- Drug or alcohol related offenses. f.
- Revocation, suspension, or denial of, or any other action relating to, the person's license or privilege to practice nursing in another jurisdiction or under federal law
- Other violations of the Act or administrative rules adopted under this act, board orders issued under this act, and any applicable federal or state law.

The Board retains jurisdiction over an expired, inactive, or voluntarily surrendered license. The Board's jurisdiction over the licensee extends for all matters, known or unknown to the Board, at the time of the expiration, inactivation, or surrender of the license.

Section 1. Authority

Section 2. Authority For any one or combination of the grounds set forth in Sections 2 and 3 below, the

For any one or combination of the grounds set forth in Section 1 above, the BON is granted the authority is authorized to take the following disciplinary action on a license: deny, revoke, suspend, place on probation, summarily issue an emergency limitation or suspension thereof, reprimand or censure, restitution, or other publicly known conditions and findings, accept voluntary surrenders or limitations and place any other limitations or restrictions as necessary, -or any other action as warranted by the facts of the case a license or impose the following discipline on a license: in accordance with the state administrative procedure act.

- Revoke a license.
- Place a license on probation.

- c. Place a license on suspension.
- d. Summarily issue emergency limitation or restriction of a license subject to Section 10 of this Article.
- e. Summarily issue an emergency suspension of a license subject to Section 10 of this Article.
- f. Reprimand or censure a license.
- g. Accept a voluntary surrender of a license.
- h. Accept other voluntary limitation or restriction of a license.
- i. Place other limitations or restrictions on a license.
- i. Deny license renewal.
- k. Deny initial issuance of license.
- 1. Impose a fine or monetary penalty.
- m. Impose other publicly known conditions or findings.
- n. Impose restitution.
- o. Recover the costs of the proceedings resulting in disciplinary action against a nursing license. The cost of proceedings shall include, but is not limited to: the cost paid by the BON to the office of administrative hearings and the office of the attorney general or other BON counsel for legal and investigative services; the costs of a court-reporter and witnesses; reproduction of records; BON staff time, travel and expenses; and BON members' per diem-reimbursements, travel costs and expenses.
- p. Any other action as warranted by the facts in the case.

Section 3 (NEW): Civil Penalties

- a. Impose fine or monetary penalty.
- b. Recover the costs of the proceedings resulting in disciplinary action against a nursing license. The cost of proceedings shall include, but is not limited to: the cost paid by the BON to the office of administrative hearings and the office of the attorney general or other BON counsel for legal and investigative services; the costs of a court reporter and witnesses; reproduction of records; BON staff time, travel and expenses; and BON members' per diem reimbursements, travel costs and expenses.

Section 2. Accountability

- e. Each nurse is required to know and comply with the requirements of this Act and related rules.
- d. All individuals licensed or privileged under this Act shall be responsible and accountable for making decisions that are based upon the individuals' educational preparation and experience in nursing and shall practice nursing with reasonable skill and safety.

Section 3. Grounds for Discipline

The BON may discipline a licensee or deny a license to an applicant for any one or a combination of the following:

- a. Non-compliance with federal, jurisdictional or contractual requirements.
- b. Criminal conviction or adjudication in any jurisdiction including, but not limited to being convicted of, pleading guilty to, entering a plea of nolo contendere or no contest to, or receiving a deferred judgment or suspended sentence.
- c. Confidentiality, patient privacy, consent or disclosure violations.
- d. Misconduct or abuse.
- e. Fraud, deception or misrepresentation.
- f. Unsafe practice, substandard care or unprofessional conduct.
- g. Improper supervision or allowing unlicensed practice.
- h. Drug related offenses.
- i. Other violations of the Act or administrative rules adopted thereunder.

Section 4. Procedure

The BON shall establish a disciplinary process by rule based on the Administrative Procedure Act of the Jurisdiction of <JURISDICTION>.

Section 5. Immunity and Protection from Retaliation

a. Any person one, including BON staff or BON member, or organization reporting in good faith information to the

BON under this article shall be immune from civil action. who in good faith reports to the BON information relating to alleged violations of this Act or administrative rules shall not be subject to a civil action for damages as a result of reporting such information.

- b. Any licensed health care professional who examines an applicant or licensee under this act at the request of the BON shall be immune from suit for damages by the individual examined if the examining health care professional conducted the examination and made findings or diagnoses in good faith. The immunity does not extend to willful or wanton behavior by the licensed health care professional.
- c. A person may not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discipline, discriminate against, or retaliate against anyone who reports, or advises on reporting, in good faith under this section.
- d. A person who in good faith reports violations in accordance with this Article has a cause of action against a person who violates subsection b., and may recover:
 - 1. The greater of:
 - a. Actual damages, including damages for mental anguish even if no other injury is shown; or
 - b. \$5,000.
 - 2 Exemplary damages.
 - 3. Court costs.
 - 4. Reasonable attorney's fees.
- e. In addition to the amount recovered under subsection c., a person whose employment is suspended or terminated in violation of this section is entitled to:
 - 1. Reinstatement in the employee's former position or severance pay in an amount equal to three months of the employee's most recent salary.
 - Compensation for wages lost during the period of suspension or termination.

Section 6. Notification

- a. The BON shall communicate disciplinary actions taken as set forth in rule and may report to other entities.
- b. The BON may notify certification programs when an APRN has an encumbered license or privilege to practice.

Section 7. Alternative to Discipline Monitoring Program

The BON may establish through rule an alternative to discipline program for nurses with substance use disorder or mental health conditions.

Section 8. Practice Remediation Program (PRP)

The BON may establish through rules a practice remediation program to offer an alternative to discipline program for early identification and remediation of practice deficiencies of the nurse to promote effective nursing practice and public safety.

Section 9. Reporting

- a. Licensees shall report, within 30 days of the event, the following: change of address, criminal convictions, malpractice claims, or discipline or complaints pending in another jurisdiction or by another professional licensing board.
- b. A licensed nurse, or any individual, shall report names of individuals a nurse to the BON if the nurse, or individual, has reasonable cause to suspect that a nurse or an applicant engaged in conduct that may constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Act, except for minor incidents as described in rule.
- c. Persons required to report under this section include: employers of RNs, LPN/VNs, or APRNs; jurisdictional agencies required to license, register or survey a facility or agency employing a licensee under this act; an insurer providing professional liability insurance pertaining to the practice of a licensee under this act; and a court administrator who receives a judgment relevant to the licensee's fitness to practice.
- d. Duty to report by others:
 - Hospitals, nursing homes, temporary staffing agencies and other employers of RNs, LPN/VNs or APRNs shall report to the BON the names of any licensee or applicant for nursing licensure whose conduct may constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Act.
 - 2. A jurisdictional agency that licenses, registers or certifies a hospital, nursing home, home health agency or other type of health care facility or agency section, or surveys one of these facilities or agencies shall report to the BON when that agency has evidence that the nurse has engaged in conduct that may constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Act.

- 3. Each insurer that provides professional liability insurance that covers claims arising from providing or failing to provide nursing care shall report to the BON any payment made on behalf of a nurse in a claim or lawsuit.
- 4. The court administrator of any court of competent jurisdiction shall report to the BON any judgment or other determination of the court that adjudges or includes a finding that a nurse is:
 - a. Mentally ill;
 - b. Mentally incompetent;
 - c. Chemically dependent;
 - d. Dangerous to the public;
 - e. Guilty of a crime;
 - f. Guilty of a violation of federal or jurisdictional narcotics laws or controlled substances act;
 - g. Guilty of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
 - h. Guilty of an abuse or fraud under Medicare or Medicaid;
 - i. Appointed a guardian; or
 - j. Committed under the laws of the jurisdiction.
- 5. A person who is required to report a nurse under this section because the nurse is impaired or suspected of substance use disorder or mental illness may report to the alternative to discipline program instead of reporting to the BON. Alternative to discipline programs have a duty to report to the BON any nurse's failure to comply with the program requirements or termination from the program.
- e. Minor incidents are exceptions to reporting requirements when the continuing practice by the subject nurse does not pose a risk of harm to a patient or others and can be addressed through corrective action by the nurse's employing health care facility. The BON shall adopt rules governing reporting of minor incidents. The BON may evaluate a complaint and determine that it is a minor incident under this section.
- f. The BON may seek an order from a court of competent jurisdiction for a report from any of the parties stipulated in this Article if one is not forthcoming voluntarily.
- g. Any organization or person reporting in good faith information to the BON under this Article shall be immune from civil action as provided in Article VII, Section 5.
- h. Any licensed health care professional who examines a nurse at the request of the BON shall be immune from suit for damages by the nurse examined if the examining health care professional conducted the examination and made findings or diagnoses in good faith.

Section 10. Emergency Action

- a. Summary Suspension
 - 1. The BON is authorized to summarily suspend the license of a nurse without a hearing if:
 - a. The BON finds that there is probable cause to believe that the nurse has violated a statute or rule that the BON is empowered to enforce and continued practice by the nurse would create imminent and serious risk of harm to others; or
 - b. The nurse fails to obtain a BON ordered evaluation.
 - 2. The suspension shall remain in effect until the BON issues a stay of suspension or a final order in the matter after a hearing or upon agreement between the BON and licensee.
 - 3. Upon request of the nurse, the The BON shall schedule a disciplinary hearing to be held under the Administrative Procedures Act, to begin no later than <> days after receipt of the request. The licensee shall receive at least <> days notice of the hearing.
- b. Automatic Suspension
 - Unless the BON orders otherwise, a license to practice nursing is automatically suspended if:
 - a. A guardian of a nurse is appointed by order of a court under sections <REFERENCE TO GOVERNING JURISDICTIONAL LAW>;
 - b. The nurse is committed by order of a court under <REFERENCE TO GOVERNING JURISDICTIONAL LAW>; or
 - c. The nurse is determined to be mentally incompetent, mentally ill, chemically dependent or a person-dangerous to the public by a court of competent jurisdiction within or without this jurisdiction.
 - The nurse shall petition the BON for reinstatement. The BON may terminate the suspension after a hearing or upon agreement between the BON and the nurse.
- c. Injunctive Relief
 - I. The BON, or any prosecuting officer, upon a proper showing of the facts, is authorized to petition a court of competent jurisdiction for an order to enjoin:
 - a. Any person who is practicing nursing within the meaning of this Act from practicing without a valid license, unless exempted under Article V this Act;
 - b. Any person, firm, corporation, institution or association from employing, with or without compensation,

- any person who is not licensed to practice nursing under this Act or exempted under Article V this Act;
- c. Any person, firm, corporation, institution or association from operating a school of nursing without approval;
- d. Any person whose license has been suspended or revoked from practicing as an RN, LPN/VN or APRN; or
- e. Any person from using the title "nurse," "licensed practical/vocational nurse," "registered nurse," "advanced practice registered nurse" or their authorized abbreviations unless licensed or privileged to practice nursing in this jurisdiction.

The court may, without notice or bond, enjoin such acts and practice. A copy of the complaint shall be served on

the defendant and the proceedings thereafter shall be conducted as in other civil cases.

The emergency proceedings herein described shall be in addition to, not in lieu of, all penalties and other remedies provided by law.

Article VIII. Violations and Penalties

Section 1. Violations

No person shall:

- Use the title "nurse," "registered nurse," "licensed practical/vocational nurse," "advanced practice registered nurse," their authorized abbreviations, or any other words, abbreviations, figures, letters, title, sign, card or device that would lead a person to believe the individual is a licensed nurse unless permitted by this Act.
- Employ, for compensation or without compensation, a nurse person that does not have the authority to without verifying the nurse's authority to practice nursing in this jurisdiction.

c. Engage in the practice of nursing as defined in the Act without a valid, current license or privilege to practice,

except as otherwise permitted under this Act.

- Practice nursing under cover of any diploma, license, or record that was illegally or fraudulently obtained, or that was signed or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation.
- Practice nursing during the time a license is suspended, revoked, surrendered, inactive, lapsed or otherwiseprohibited to practice by agreement or order.

Fraudulently obtain or furnish a license. f.

- Knowingly employ unlicensed persons in the practice of nursing.
- Conduct a program for the preparation for licensure under this chapter, unless the BON has approved the program. h.

Otherwise violate, or aid or abet another person to violate, any provision of this Act.

- Engage in irregular inappropriate behavior in connection with the licensure or certification examination, including, but not limited to, the giving or receiving of aid in the examination or the unauthorized possession, reproduction, or disclosure of examination questions or answers.
- Act in violation of Article VII section 5. Otherwise violate, or aid or abet another person to violate, any provision of this Act.

Section 2. Penalties

- Violation of any provision of this Article shall also constitute a [class] misdemeanor/crime.
- The BON may impose on any person violating a provision of this Act a civil penalty not to exceed <\$> for each count or separate offense.

Section 3. Criminal Prosecution

Nothing in this Act shall be construed as a bar to criminal prosecution for violation of the provisions of this Act.

Section 4. Civil Penalties

The BON may, in addition to any other sanctions herein provided, impose on any person violating a provision of this Act or Administrative Rules a civil penalty not to exceed <\$> for each count or separate offense.

Article IX. Implementation Severability

Section 1. Persons Licensed Under a Previous Law

Any person holding a license to practice nursing as an RN in this jurisdiction that is valid on < EFFECTIVE DATE > shall be deemed to be licensed as an RN under the provisions of this Act and shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed in this Act.

- Any person holding a license to practice nursing as an LPN/VN in this jurisdiction that is valid on < EFFECTIVE DATE
 shall be deemed to be licensed as an LPN/VN under the provisions of this Act and shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed in this Act.
- c. Any person holding a license to practice nursing as an APRN in this jurisdiction that is valid on < EFFECTIVE DATE > shall be deemed to be licensed as an APRN under the provisions of this Act and shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed in this Act.
- d. Any person eligible for reactivation of a license as an RN, LPN/VN or APRN, respectively, under provisions, conditions and standards prescribed in this Act by applying for reactivation according to rules established by the BON. Application for such reactivation must be made within <> months of the effective date of this Act.
- e. Any person holding an inactive license to practice nursing as an RN, LPN/VN or an APRN on <EFFECTIVE DATE> because of failure to renew may become licensed as an RN, LPN/VN or APRN, respectively, under the provisions of this Act by applying for reactivation according to rules established by the BON. Application for such reactivation must be made within <> months of the effective date of this Act.
- f. Those licensed under the provisions of this Article shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed by this Act.

Section 2. Severability

The provisions of this Act are severable. If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional, illegal or invalid, the constitutionality, legality and validity of the remaining portions of this Act shall be unaffected and shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 3. Repeal

The laws specified below are repealed, except with rights and duties that have matured, penalties that were incurred and proceedings that were begun before the effective date of this Act. <LIST STATUTES TO BE REPEALED, FOR EXAMPLE THE CURRENT NPA OR APPROPRIATE SECTIONS.>

Article X. Unlicensed Assistive Personnel

Section 1. Certified Nursing Assistant (CNA)

A CNA is an unlicensed person individual who has been determined by the BON to meet the education and certification requirements of this Act and rule and is supervised by a licensed nurse.

Section 2. Medication Assistant Certified (MAC)

- a. An MAC is a CNA with additional education and training as set forth in rule who may administer medications as prescribed by an authorized provider and delegated by a supervising licensed nurse within the parameters set forth in rule.
- b. An MAC shall perform medication administration and related tasks only.

Section 3. Delegation

The BON shall promulgate rules regarding delegation including conditions for delegation and the tasks, functions and activities that may be delegated to CNAs and MACs.

Section 4. Nursing Assistive Personnel

- a. The BON shall:
 - 1. Maintain a list of BON approved training programs.
 - 2. Establish testing and certification requirements.
 - 3. Establish recertification requirements.
 - 4. Assess fees, consistent with state and federal requirements.
 - 5. Conduct state and federal criminal background checks on all applicants.
 - 6. Adopt an application process in rule.
- b. Each applicant for CNA or MAC certification shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the BON for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to <state statute> and Public Law 92-544. The <state agency responsible for managing fingerprint data> may exchange this fingerprint data with the FBI.
- c. Each individual who successfully meets all requirements for certification shall be certified.

- d. An applicant whose certificate or listing in another jurisdiction has been disciplined or who has had a criminal conviction may not be eligible for certification.
- e. All persons certified under this Article shall meet the requirements of the BON as established in rule.
- f. The BON shall require the periodic renewal of certifications.

Section 5. Titles and Abbreviations

A person shall not use the titles "certified nursing assistant," "medication aide certified," or the abbreviations-"CNA" or "MAC" unless the person has been duly certified under this Article.

Section 6. Education and Training Program Approval

The BON shall adopt rules governing the approval and re approval of education and training programs for CNAs and MACs.

Section 7. CNA and MAC Competency Evaluation

The BON shall set forth in rule criteria for acceptable CNA and MAC competency evaluations.

Section 8. Disciplinary Procedures

- a. For any one or a combination of grounds, the BON shall have the authority to:
 - 1. File a letter of concern if the BON believes there is insufficient evidence to support direct action against the CNAs and MACs.
 - 2 Indicate on the certificate the existence of any substantiated complaints against the certificate holder.
 - 3. Deny certification or recertification, suspend, revoke or accept the voluntary surrender of a certificate if a CNA or MAC commits an act of unprofessional conduct.
 - 4. Refer criminal violations of this Article to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
 - 5. Revoke the certificate or not issue a certificate or recertification to an applicant who has a criminal conviction.
 - 6. Issue a public reprimand for a violation of statute or rule.
 - 7. Recover costs of case prosecution.
 - 8. In addition to any other disciplinary action it may take, impose a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars per violation.
- b. Grounds for denial, suspension, revocation of a certificate or other discipline of a CNA or MAC include the inability to function with reasonable skill and safety for the following reasons:
 - 1. Substance use disorder.
 - 2 Patient neglect, abuse or abandonment.
 - 3. Fraud or deceit, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - a. Filing false credentials;
 - b. Falsely representing facts on an application for initial certification, reinstatement or certificate renewal; or
 - e. Giving or receiving assistance in taking the competency evaluation.
 - 4. Boundary violations.
 - 5. Performance of unsafe patient care.
 - 6. Performance of acts beyond the tasks, functions and activities that may be delegated to a CNA or MAC under-BON rule.
 - 7. Misappropriation or misuse of property.
 - 8. Misappropriation of money or property of a patient or resident by fraud, misrepresentation or duress.
 - 9. Criminal conviction.
 - 10. Failure to conform to the standards of CNA or MAC.
 - 11. Violation of privacy or failure to maintain the confidentiality of patient or resident information.
 - 12 Any conduct or practice that is or might be harmful or dangerous to the health of a patient or the public.
- c. The BON shall comply with the provisions of the <JURISDICTION> Administrative Procedures Act for taking disciplinary actions against certificates.
- d. The BON shall maintain records of disciplinary actions and make available all disciplinary findings of the CNA or MAC.
- e. The BON shall notify the <relevant state and federal agencies> of the disciplinary action.

Article XI. APRN

Section 1. Title and Scope of Practice

a. Title

- Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) is the title given to an individual licensed to practice advanced
 practice registered nursing within one of the following roles: certified nurse practitioner (CNP), certified
 registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM) or clinical nurse specialist (CNS), and
 who functions in a population focus as set forth in rule. An APRN may serve as primary or acute care provider
 of record.
- b. Population focus shall include:
 - 1. Family/individual across the lifespan.
 - 2. Adult-gerontology.
 - 3. Neonatal.
 - 4. Pediatrics.
 - 5. Women's health/gender-related.
 - 6. Psychiatric/mental health.
- c. In addition to the RN scope of practice and within the APRN academic education and national certification, role and population focus, APRN practice shall include:
 - 1. Conducting an advanced assessment.
 - 2 Ordering and interpreting diagnostic procedures.
 - 3. Establishing primary and differential diagnoses diagnosis.
 - 4. Prescribing, ordering, administering, dispensing and furnishing therapeutic measures and, as set forth in Section 5 of this Article pharmacological agents including over-the-counter, legend, and controlled substances.
 - 5. Delegating and assigning therapeutic measures to assistive personnel.
 - 6. Consulting with other disciplines and providing referrals to health care agencies, health care providers and community resources.
 - 7. Wearing identification which clearly identifies the nurse as an APRN when providing direct patient care, unless wearing identification creates a safety or health risk for either the nurse or the patient.
 - 8. Other acts that require education and training consistent with professional standards and commensurate with the APRN's education, certification, demonstrated competencies and experience.
- d. APRNs are licensed independent practitioners within standards established or recognized by the BON. Each APRN is accountable to patients, the nursing profession and the BON for:
 - 1. Complying with the requirements of this Act and the quality of advanced nursing care rendered.
 - 2. Recognizing limits of knowledge and experience.
 - 3. Planning for the management of situations beyond the APRN's expertise.
 - 4. Consulting with or referring patients to other health care providers as appropriate.

Section 2. Licensure

- a. An applicant for initial licensure to practice as an APRN shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. Hold a current RN license or privilege to practice and shall not hold an encumbered license or privilege to practice as an RN in any state or territory.
 - 3. Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the four roles and at least one population focus.
 - 4. Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation.
 - 5. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
 - 6. Have committed no acts or omissions that are grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in Article VII of this Act.
 - 7. Provide other evidence as required by rule.
- b. The BON may issue a license by endorsement to an APRN licensed under the laws of another state if, in the opinion of the BON, the applicant meets the qualifications for licensure in this jurisdiction. An applicant for APRN licensure by endorsement shall:
 - 1. Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the BON.
 - 2. Hold a current license or privilege to practice as an RN and APRN in a state or territory.
 - 3. Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory.
 - 4. Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one of the four roles and at least one population focus or meets the standards for grandfathering as described in section 7 of this Article.

- Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the APRN role and at least one population focus appropriate to educational preparation.
- 6. Meet 5.6.1 requirements as set forth in BON rules.
- 7. Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
- 8. Have committed no acts or omissions, which are grounds for disciplinary action in another jurisdiction.
- 9. Provide other evidence as required by the BON in its rules.
- c. APRN licenses issued under this Act shall be renewed at least every <> years according to a schedule established by the BON. An applicant for APRN license renewal shall:
 - 1. Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set forth in rule.
 - 2. Maintain national certification in the appropriate APRN role and at least one population focus, authorized by licensure, through an ongoing certification maintenance program of a nationally recognized certifying body recognized by the BON.
 - 3. Meet other requirements set forth in rule.
- d. The BON may reactivate or reinstate an APRN license as set forth in BON rules.
- e. The duties of licensees are the same as previously stated in Article V Section 8 for RNs and LPN/VNs.

Section 3: Titles and Abbreviations

- a Only those persons who hold a license or privilege to practice advanced practice registered nursing in this state shall have the right to use the title "advanced practice registered nurse" and the roles of "certified registered nurse anesthetist," "certified nurse-midwife," "clinical nurse specialist" and "certified nurse practitioner;" and the abbreviations "APRN," "CRNA," "CNM," "CNS" and "CNP," respectively.
- h The abbreviation for the APRN designation of a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a certified nurse-midwife, a clinical nurse specialist and for a certified nurse practitioner will be APRN, plus the role title, i.e., CRNA, CNM, CNS and CNP.
- It shall be unlawful for any person to use the title "APRN" or "APRN" plus their respective role titles, the role title alone, authorized abbreviations or any other title that would lead a person to believe the individual is an APRN, unless permitted by this Act.

Section 4. APRN Education Program Approval

Education Section 1. Approval Standards

- a. The BON shall, by rule, set standards for the establishment and outcomes of prelicensure nursing education programs, including clinical learning experiences, and approve such programs that meet the requirements of this Act and BON rule.
- b. The BON shall set requirements for the continuing approval of prelicensure nursing programs.
- c. The BON may deny or withdraw approval or take such action as deemed necessary when prelicensure nursing education programs fail to meet the standards established by the BON, provided that all such actions shall be in accordance with
 - ≤jurisdiction's Administrative Procedures Act≥ and/or BON rule.
- d. The BON may reinstate approval of a prelicensure nursing education program upon submission of satisfactory evidence that the program meets the standards established by the BON.
- e. The BON where the program has legal domicile determines the approval process when education crosses state/jurisdiction borders.

Section 2. Closure of Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

The BON shall, by rule, identify the process for prelicensure nursing education programs that cease operation.

Section 3. Provision for Innovative Approaches in Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

- a. The BON shall, by rule, identify the process for implementing innovative approaches in prelicensure nursing education programs.
- b. The BON shall, by administrative rules, set standards for the establishment and outcomes of APRN education programs, including clinical learning experiences, and approve such programs that meet the requirements of the Act and BON rules.

- c. The BON shall, by administrative rules, identify the process for determining APRN education program compliance with standards which shall include accreditation by a national nursing education program accrediting body.
- d. The BON shall set requirements for the establishment of a new APRN education program. New programs will be preapproved by an APRN accrediting body.

Section 5. Prescribing, Ordering, Dispensing and Furnishing Authority

- a. The BON shall grant prescribing, ordering, dispensing and furnishing authority through the APRN license.
- d. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing and furnishing shall include the authority to:
 - 1. Diagnose, prescribe and institute therapy or referrals of patients to health care agencies, health care providers and community resources.
 - 2. Prescribe, procure, administer, dispense and furnish pharmacological agents, including over the counter, legend and controlled substances.
 - 3. Plan and initiate a therapeutic regimen that includes ordering and prescribing non-pharmacological interventions, including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment, medical devices, nutrition, blood and blood products, and diagnostic and supportive services including, but not limited to, home health care, hospice, and physical and occupational therapy.

Section 6. Discipline

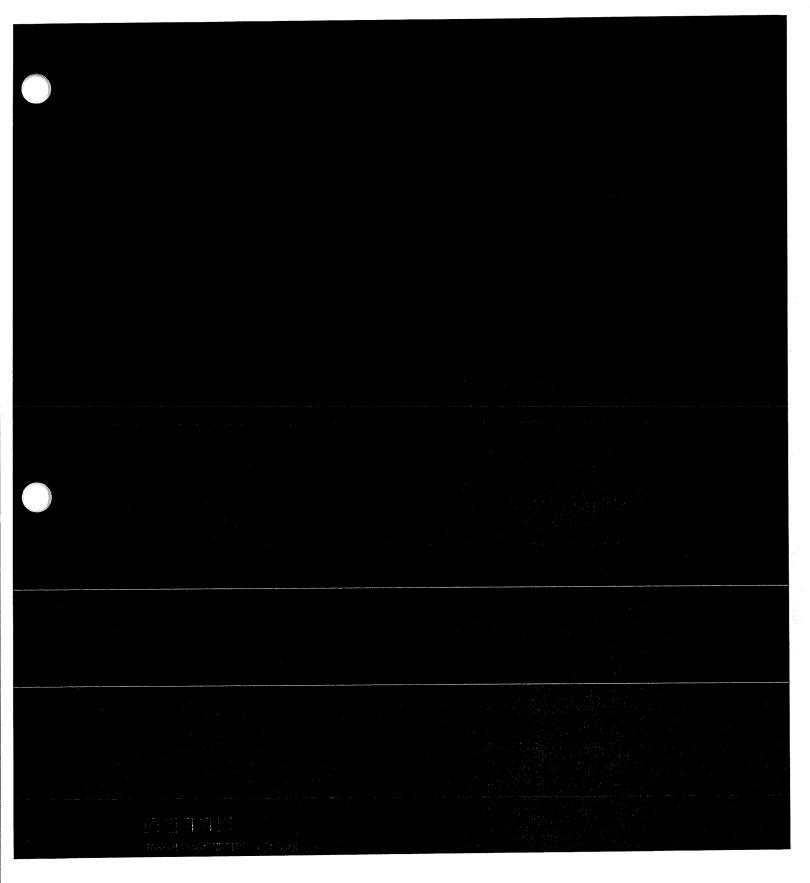
APRN discipline and proceedings shall be the same as stated in Article VII for RNs and LPN/VNs.

Section 7. Implementation

Any person holding a license to practice nursing as an APRN in this state that is valid on Dec. 30, 2015, shall be deemed to be licensed as an APRN under the provisions of this Act with their current privileges and shall be eligible for renewal of such license under the conditions and standards prescribed in this Act.

Article XII. Nursing Licensure Compact

Article XIII. APRN Compact



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NCSBN Model Rules



NCSBN
National Council of State Boards of Nursing

Reading Key:

Original document: change change Removed change Added Moved to Definitions change Include in Guidance change change Reorganized within Rules

NCSBN National Council of State Boards of Nur. ing

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NCSBN MODEL RULES (2017)

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Chapter 1. Title and Purpose

Chapter 2. Definitions

As used in Chapters 3 through 11 of this Act, unless the context thereof requires otherwise:

- a. "Abandonment" means the intentional leaving a patient for whom the nurse is responsible without providing for another nurse or appropriate caretaker to assume care upon the nurse's leaving.
- b. "Dual relationship" means when a nurse is involved in any relationship with a patient in addition to the therapeutic nurse- patient relationship.
- c. "NCLEX-PN®" means the National Council Licensure Examinations for Practical Nurses.
- d. "NCLEX-RN®" means the National Council Licensure Examinations for Registered Nurses.
- e. "Nursing faculty" means individuals employed full or part time by an academic institution who are responsible for developing, implementing, evaluating and updating nursing program curricula.
- f. "Preceptor" means an individual at or above the level of licensure that an assigned student is seeking who may serve as a teacher, mentor, role model, or supervisor in a clinical setting.
- g. "Professional boundaries" means the space between the nurse's power and the patient's vulnerability; the power of the nurse comes from the professional position and access to private knowledge about the patient; establishing boundaries allows the nurse to control this power differential and allows a safe connection to meet the patient's needs.
- h. "Professional-boundary crossing" means a deviation from an appropriate boundary for a specific therapeutic purpose with a return to established limits of the professional relationship.
- i. "Professional-boundary violation" means the failure of a nurse to maintain appropriate boundaries with a patient and key parties.
- j. "Sexualized body part" means a part of the body not conventionally viewed as sexual in nature that evokes arousal.
- k. "Sexual misconduct" means any unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature that is committed without consent or by force, intimidation, coercion, or manipulation.
- 1. "Simulation" means a technique to replace or amplify real experiences with guided experiences that evoke or replicate substantial aspects of the real world in a fully interactive manner (Gaba, 2004).
- m. "Debriefing" means an activity that follows a simulation experience, is led by a facilitator, encourages participant's reflective thinking, and provides feedback regarding the participant's performance.

Chapter 3. Scope of RN, and LPN/VN, and APRN Practice

3.1.1 Standards Related to Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse (LPN/VN), RN, and APRN Professional Accountability The LPN/VN, RN, and APRN: LPN/VN:

- a. Practices within the legal boundaries for practical nursing through the scope of practice authorized in the Nurse Practice Act (NPA) and rules governing nursing.
- b. Demonstrates honesty and integrity in nursing practice.
- e. Bases nursing decisions on nursing knowledge and skills, the needs of patients and licensed practical nursing standards.
- d. Accepts responsibility for individual nursing actions, competence, decisions and behavior in the course of practical nursing practice.
- e. Maintains competence through ongoing learning and application of knowledge in practical nursing practice.
- f. Reports violations of the act or rules by self or other licensees.

3.12 Standards Related to LPN/VN Scope of Practice

The LPN/VN, practicing to the extent of their education and training under the supervision of an RN, advanced practice registered nurse (APRN), licensed physician or other authorized licensed health care provider:

- a. Participates in nursing care, health maintenance, patient teaching, counseling, collaborative planning and rehabilitation, to the extent of his/her generic and continuing education and experience.
- b. Conducts a focused nursing assessment, which is an appraisal of the patient's health status and needs that contributes to ongoing data collection.
- c. Plans for patient care, including:
 - 1. Planning episodie nursing care for a patient whose condition is stable or predictable.
 - 2. Assisting the RN, APRN, or supervising physician in identification of patient needs and goals.
 - 3. Determining priorities of care together with the supervising RN, APRN or physician.
- d. Demonstrates attentiveness and Provides patient surveillance and monitoring.
 - 1. Participating with other health care providers and contributing in the development, modification, and implementation of the patient centered healthcare plan.
- e. Seeks clarification of orders when needed.

- f. Assists and contributes in the evaluation of the patient centered health care plan.
- g. Obtains orientation/training for competency when encountering new equipment and technology or unfamiliar care situations.
- h. Recognizes patient characteristics that may affect the patient's health status.
- i. Implements nursing interventions and prescribed medical regimens in a timely and safe manner.
- j. Documents nursing care provided accurately and timely.
- k. Collaborates and communicates relevant and timely patient information with patients and other health team members to ensure quality and continuity of care, including:
 - 1. Patient status and progress.
 - 2. Patient response or lack of response to therapies.
 - 3. Changes in patient condition.
 - 4. Patient needs and special requests.
- 1. Takes preventive measures to promote an environment that is conducive to safety and health for patients, others and self.
- m. Respects patient diversity and advocates for the patient's rights, concerns, decisions and dignity.
- n. Maintains appropriate professional boundaries.
- o. Participates in the health teaching required by the patient and family.
- p. Participates in systems, clinical practice and patient care performance improvement efforts to improve patient outcomes.
- q. Contributes to evaluation of the plan of care by:
 - 1. Gathering, observing, recording, and communicating patient responses to nursing interventions.
 - 2. Modifying the plan of care in collaboration with a registered nurse based on an analysis of patient responses.
- r. Assigns and delegates nursing activities to assistive personnel. The LPN shall:
 - 4. Assign nursing care within the LPN scope of practice to other LPNs.
 - 2. Delegate another only those nursing measures for which that person has the necessary skills and competence to accomplish safely. In maintaining accountability for the delegation, an LPN shall ensure that the:
 - a. Unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP) has the education, legal authority, and demonstrated competency to perform the delegated task;
 - b. Tasks delegated are consistent with the UAP's job description and can be safely performed according to clear, exact, and unchanging directions;
 - c. Results of the task are reasonably predictable;
 - d. Task does not require assessment, interpretation, or independent decision making during its performance-or at completion;
 - e. Selected patient and circumstances of the delegation are such that delegation of the task poses minimal risk to the patient and the consequences of performing the task improperly are not life threatening;
 - f. LPN provides clear directions and guidelines regarding the delegated task or, for routine tasks on stable patients, verifies that the UAP follows each written facility policy or procedure when performing the delegated task
 - g. LPN provides supervision and feedback to the UAP; and
 - h. LPN observes and communicates the outcomes of the delegated task.
- s. Functions as a member of the health care team, contributing to the implementation of an integrated patient-centered health care plan.
- t. Acts as an advocate for the patient.
- u. Assumes responsibility for nurse's own decisions and actions.
- v. Attends to patient concerns or requests.

Authority: Model Act Article III Section 1

3.2.1 Standards Related to Registered Nurse (RN) Professional Accountability

The RN:

- a. Practices within the legal boundaries for nursing through the scope of practice authorized in the Nurse Practice Act (NPA) and rules governing nursing.
- b. Demonstrates honesty and integrity in nursing practice.
- c. Bases nursing decisions on nursing knowledge and skills, the needs of patients and registered nursing standards.
- d. Accepts responsibility for judgments, individual nursing actions, competence, decisions and behavior in the course of nursing practice.
- e. Maintains competence through ongoing learning and application of knowledge in registered nursing practice.
- f. Reports violations of the act or rules by self-or other licensees.

3.2.2 Standards Related to RN Scope of Practice

The RN:

- a. Conducts a comprehensive nursing assessment. Practices within the legal boundaries for nursing through the scope of practice authorized in the Nurse Practice Act and rules governing nursing.
- b. Applies nursing knowledge based upon the biological, psychological and social aspects of the patient's condition.
- e. Detects faulty or missing patient information.
- d. Plans nursing care and nursing interventions consistent with the patient's overall health care plan.
- e. Utilizes decision making, critical thinking and clinical judgment to make independent nursing decisions and nursing diagnoses.
- f. Seeks clarification of orders when needed.
- g. Implements treatment and therapy, including medication administration and delegated medical and independent nursing functions.
- h. Obtains orientation/training for competence when encountering new equipment and technology or unfamiliar care situations.
- i. Demonstrates attentiveness Provides patient surveillance and monitoring.
- j. Identifies changes in patient's health status and takes appropriate action. comprehends clinical implications of patient's signs, symptoms and changes as part of expected and unexpected patient course or emergent situations.
- k. Evaluates the patient's response to nursing care and other therapy, including:
 - 1. Patient's response to interventions.
 - 2. Need for alternative interventions.
 - 3. Need to communicate and consult with other health team members.
 - 4. Need to revise the plan of care.
- 1. Communicates and consults with other health team members, including:
 - 1. Patient concerns and special needs.
 - 2. Patient status and progress.
 - 3. Patient response or lack of response to interventions.
 - 4. Significant changes in patient condition.
- m. Documents nursing care, changes in the patient's condition and all relevant information.
- n. Revises care plan as needed.
- o. Takes preventive measures to protect patient, others and self.
- p. Delegates to another only those nursing measures for which that person has the necessary skills and competence to accomplish safely.
- q. Provides comprehensive nursing and health care education in which the RN:
 - 1. Assesses and analyzes educational needs of learners.
 - 2. Plans educational programs based on learning needs and teaching learning principles.
 - 3. Ensures implementation of an educational plan either directly or by delegating selected aspects of the education to other qualified persons.
 - 4. Evaluates the education to meet the identified goals.

Authority: Model Act Article III Section 2

3.2.3 Standards Related to APRN Scope of Practice

- a. The APRN shall comply with the standards for RNs as specified in Chapter 3 and to the standards of the national professional nursing associations recognized set forth by the BON. Standards for a specific role and population focus of APRN supersede standards for RNs where conflict between the standards, if any, exists.
- b. APRNs shall practice within standards established by the BON in rule and assure patient care is provided according to relevant patient care standards recognized by the BON, including standards of national professional nursing associations, and other national standards of care.
- c. Discipline of Prescriptive Authority
 - 1. APRN discipline and proceedings is the same as previously stated for RN and LPN/VN in Chapter 7.
 - 2. The BON may limit, restrict, deny, suspend or revoke APRN licensure, or prescriptive or dispensing authority.
 - 3. Additional grounds for discipline related to prescriptive or dispensing authority include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, or distributing drugs in an unsafe manner or without adequate instructions to patients according to acceptable and prevailing standards.
 - 2. Selling, purchasing, trading, or offering to sell, purchase or trade drug samples.
 - 3. Prescribing, dispensing, administering or distributing drugs for other than therapeutic or prophylactic purposes. or
 - 4. Prescribing or distributing drugs to individuals who are not patients of the APRN or who are not within that

nurse's role and population focus.

Authority: Model Act Article III Section 3

3.2.4 Standards Related to RN Responsibility to Act as an Advocate for Patient

The RN:

- a. Respects the patient's rights, concerns, decisions and dignity.
- b. Identifies patient needs.
- e. Attends to patient concerns or requests.
- d. Promotes safe patient environment.
- e. Communicates patient choices, concerns and special needs with other health team members regarding:
 - 1. Patient status and progress.
 - 2. Patient response or lack of response to therapies.
 - 3. Significant changes in patient condition.
- f. Maintains appropriate professional boundaries.
- g. Assumes responsibility for nurse's own decisions and actions.

3.2.5 Standards Related to RN Responsibility to Organize, Manage and Supervise the Practice of Nursing The RN:

- a. Assigns to another only those nursing measures that fall within that nurse's scope of practice, education, experience and competence or unlicensed person's role description, including:
 - 4. Assigning nursing care within the RN scope of practice to other RNs.
 - 2. Assigning nursing care to an LPN within the LPN scope of practice based on the RN's assessment of the patient and the LPN's ability.
 - 3. Supervising, monitoring and evaluating the care assigned to an LPN.
- b. Delegates to another only those nursing measures for which that person has the necessary skills and competence to accomplish safely. In maintaining accountability for the delegation, an RN shall ensure that the
 - 4. Unlicensed assistive personnel (UAP) has the education, legal authority, and demonstrated competency to perform the delegated task.
 - 2. Tasks delegated are consistent with the UAP's job description and can be safely performed according to clear, exact, and unchanging directions.
 - 3. Results of the task are reasonably predictable.
 - 4. Task does not require assessment, interpretation, or independent decision making during its performance or at completion.
 - 5. Selected patient and circumstances of the delegation are such that delegation of the task poses minimal risk to the patient and the consequences of performing the task improperly are not life threatening.
 - 6. RN provides clear directions and guidelines regarding the delegated task or, for routine tasks on stable patients, verifies that the UAP follows each written facility policy or procedure when performing the delegated task.
 - 7. RN provides supervision and feedback to the UAP.
 - & RN observes and communicates the outcomes of the delegated task.
- e. Matches patient needs with personnel qualifications, available resources and appropriate supervision.
- d. Communicates directions and expectations for completion of the delegated activity.
- e. Supervises others to whom nursing activities are delegated or assigned by monitoring performance, progress and outcomes; and assures documentation of the activity.
- f. Provides follow-up on problems and intervenes when needed.
- g. Evaluates the effectiveness of the delegation or assignment.
- h. Intervenes when problems are identified and revises plan of care as needed.
- i. Retains professional accountability for nursing care as provided.
- i. Promotes a safe and therapeutic environment by:
 - 1. Providing appropriate monitoring and surveillance of the care environment.
 - 2. Identifying unsafe care situations.
 - 3. Correcting problems or referring problems to appropriate management level when needed.
- k. Teaches and counsels patient and families regarding their health care regimen, which may include, but is not limited to, general information about health and medical condition, specific procedures and wellness and prevention.

41 Membership, Nominations, Qualifications, Appointment and Term of Office 42 Officers 43 Meetings 44 Guidelines 45 Vacancies, Removal and Immunity 46 Powers and Duties 47 Collection of Fees The BON shall may collect the following fees: Application for licensure by examination a. RN <> b. LPN/VN <> c. APRN <> Temporary permit for initial licensure applicant a. RN <> b. LPN/VN <> c. APRN <> Application for licensure by endorsement a. RN <> b. LPN/VN <> c. APRN <> Temporary permit for endorsement applicant a. RN <> b. LPN/VN <> c. APRN <> Renewal of licensure a. RN <> b. LPN/VN <> c. APRN <> Temporary permit to practice for the clinical portion of a nursing refresher course <> 7. Late renewal <> 8. Reinstatement <> 9. Certified statement that nurse is licensed in jurisdiction <> 10. Duplicate or reissued license <> 11. Returned check Insufficient funds <> 12. Fee for each level of nursing education program survey and evaluation per level <> 13. Discipline monitoring <> 14. Copying costs <> 15. Criminal background check processing fees <> 16. Other miscellaneous costs Fees collected by the BON shall reflect the cost of service provided. All fees collected by the BON are non-refundable. Authority: Model Act Article IV Section 7

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Chapter 5. RN, and LPN/VN, and APRN Licensure and Exemptions

5.1 Titles and Abbreviations for Licensed Nurses

5.1.1 Titles and Abbreviations for APRNs

- a. Individuals are licensed or granted privilege to practice as APRNs in the roles of certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM), clinical nurse specialist (CNS) and certified nurse practitioner (CNP) and in the population focus of family/individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, neonatal, pediatrics, women's health/gender-related or psychiatric/mental health.
- b. Each APRN shall use the designation "APRN" plus role title as a minimum for purposes of identification and documentation. The APRN with an earned doctorate may use the term doctor or abbreviation "Dr."
- c. When providing nursing care, the APRN shall provide clear identification that indicates his or her APRN designation.

 Authority: Model Act Article III Section 3

5.2 Examinations

5.3 Application for Licensure by Examination as an RN or LPN/VN

An applicant for licensure as an RN or LPN/VN shall: whichever is applicable, by examination in this state shall submitto the BON the required fees for licensure by examination, as specified in Chapter 4, and a completed application for licensure by examination that provides the following information:

- a. Documentation of graduation shall verify the date of graduation or graduation eligibility and the credential conferred. An official transcript is required prior to the issuance of a permanent license.
- b. In order to be licensed in this state, all RN applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX RN®.
- e. In order to be licensed in this state, all LPN/VN applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX-PN®.
- d. Submit a completed application and fees established by the BON
- e. Graduate or be eligible for graduation from a <your jurisdiction> BON approved prelicensure program or a program that meets criteria comparable to those established by the <your jurisdiction> BON in its rules.
- f. Pass an examination authorized by the BON.
 - 1. All RN applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX-RN®.
 - 2 All LPN/VN applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX-PN®.
- g. Submit to state and federal criminal background checks.
- h. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
- i. Report any condition or impairment (including but not limited to substance abuse, or a mental, emotional or nervous disorder or condition) which in any way currently affects or limits your ability to practice safely and in a competent and professional manner.
- j. Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
- k. For an applicant who is a graduate of a prelicensure education program not taught in English, passage of an English proficiency examination that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening
- 1. Identification Identify of any state, territory or country in which the applicant holds a professional license or credential, if applicable. Required information includes:
 - 1. The number and status of the license or credential.
 - 2 The original state or country of licensure or credentialing.
- m. Provide employment information including Current current employer if employed in health care, including address, telephone number, position and dates of employment and previous employer in health care, if any, if current employment is less than 12 months
- n. The date and jurisdiction Provide information regarding whether the applicant previously applied for a license in another jurisdiction and either was denied a license, or withdrew the application or allowed the application to expire, if applicable.
- o. Detailed Provide detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions, as applicable, regarding the applicant's background.
- p. Submission of state and federal criminal background checks completed within the last <>> months.

 Authority: Model Act Article V Section 3

5.4 Additional Requirements for Licensure by Examination of Internationally Educated Applicants

In addition to the requirements listed in Section 5.3, the requirements for licensure by examination of internationally educated applicants, includes:

a. Graduation from a foreign RN or LPN/ VN prelicensure education program that (a) has been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b) has been verified by an independent credentials review agency top be comparable to a licensing board-approved prelicensure education program;

- b. Acceptable documentation shall verify the date of enrollment, date of graduation and credential conferred. An official transcript and, if not in English, a certified translation is required prior to the approval to take the NCLEX®.
- Passage of an English proficiency examination, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure education program not taught in English or if English is not the individual's native language, that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing and listening;

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 4

5.4Application for Licensure by Internationally Educated Applicants

An internationally educated applicant for licensure by examination in this state shall submit to the BON required fees for licensure by examination, as specified in Chapter 4 of these rules, and a completed application for licensure by examination that provides the following information:

- d. Acceptable documentation shall verify the date of enrollment, date of graduation and credential conferred. An official transcript and, if not in English, a certified translation is required prior to the approval to take the NCLEX®.
- e. Credentials shall be reviewed by a credentials review agency to verify the comparability of the international nursing education program to nursing education programs in this jurisdiction.
- f. In order to be licensed in this state, all RN applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX-RN®.
- g. In order to be licensed in this state, all LPN/VN nurse applicants shall take and pass the NCLEX-PN®.
- h. Identification of any state, territory or country in which the applicant holds a professional license or credential, if applicable. Required information includes:
 - 1. The license number and status of the license or credential.
 - 2 The original state or country of licensure or credentialing.
- i. Current employer if employed in health care, including address, telephone number, position and dates of employment.
- i. Previous employer in health care, if any, if current employment is less than 12 months.
- k. The date and jurisdiction the applicant previously applied for a license in another jurisdiction and either was denied a license or withdrew the application, if applicable.
- H. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions regarding the applicant's background.
- m. Submission of state and federal criminal background checks completed within the last <> months.

5.5 Application for Licensure by Endorsement as an RN or LPN/VN

- a. An applicant for licensure by endorsement in this state shall submit to the BON the required fees for licensure by endorsement as specified in Chapter 4 and a completed application for licensure by endorsement.
 - 1. Submit a completed application and fees as established by the BON.
 - 2 Graduate from a <your jurisdiction> BON-approved prelicensure program or a program that meets criteria comparable to those established by the <your jurisdiction>.
 - 3. Hold a license as an RN or an LPN/VN that is not encumbered.
 - 4. Pass an examination authorized by the BON.
 - 5. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
 - 6. Submit to state and federal criminal background checks.
 - 7. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
 - 8. Report any condition or impairment (including but not limited to substance use, alcohol abuse, or a mental, emotional or nervous disorder or condition) which in any way currently affects or limits your ability to practice safely and in a competent and professional manner.
 - Report any actions taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
 - 10. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.
 - 11. Submit verification of licensure status provided directly from the U.S. jurisdiction of licensure by examination, or a coordinated licensure information system.
- b. The BON shall verify licensure by examination by the state of original licensure and receive from that BON information regarding graduation or eligibility for graduation from a nursing education program for the level of license sought, date of original licensure and current licensure status in the jurisdiction.
- c. The BON shall also verify date of the applicant's licensure, licensure status or privilege with the state of most recent employment, if different from the state of original licensure.
- d. An applicant for licensure by endorsement as an RN or LPN/ VN in this state, whichever is applicable, shall

provide the following information:

- 1. Evidence of having passed the licensure examination required by this jurisdiction at the time the applicant was initially licensed in another jurisdiction.
- e. Evidence of continued competence, as defined in 5.6.2 below.
- f. Identification of any state, territory or country in which the applicant holds a health profession license or credential, if applicable. Required information includes:
 - 1. The number and status of the license or credential.
 - 2 The original state or country of licensure or credentialing.
- g. Current employer if employed in health care, including address, telephone number, position and dates of employment.
- h. Previous employer in health care, if any, if current employment is less than 12 months.
- i. The date and jurisdiction the applicant previously applied for a license in another jurisdiction and either was denied a license or withdrew the application, if applicable.
- j. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions, as applicable, regarding the applicant's background.
- k. Submission of state and federal criminal background checks completed within the last <> months.

 Authority: Model Act Article V Section 5

5.5.1 Temporary Permits

- a. A temporary permit is a time limited authorization to practice nursing as specified by the type of permit.
- b. The BON may issue, upon request of the applicant, a temporary permit to practice nursing to applicants for endorsement to practice nursing at the applied level of licensure to an individual who submits an application for licensure by endorsement and with verification of current licensure in another jurisdiction.
- e. Temporary permits may be issued for a time period not to exceed <> months. Permits are non-renewable and are valid from the submission of a proper request until the date of the BON decision on the application.
- d. An applicant may request a temporary permit to practice nursing by submitting application to the BON and paying the required fee, as specified in Chapter 4 of these rules.
- e. Upon submission of application for licensure, including submission of request for criminal background check and receipt of verification that the license from another jurisdiction is not encumbered, an applicant for licensure by endorsement may receive a temporary permit to practice nursing.

5.6 Renewal of Licenses

The renewal of a license must be accomplished by <date determined by the BON>. Failure to renew the license on or before the date of expiration shall result in the forfeiture of the right to practice nursing in this jurisdiction.

5.6.1 Application for Renewal of License as an RN or LPN/VN

An applicant for license renewal shall submit to the BON the required fee for license renewal, as specified in Chapter 4, and a completed application for license renewal that provides the following information:

- a. Evidence of completion of the continued competence requirements specified in 5.6.2 below.
- b. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions, as applicable, regarding the applicant's background.
- c. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.
- d. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations
- e. Report any condition or impairment (including but not limited to substance use, alcohol abuse, or a mental, emotional, or nervous disorder or condition) which in any way currently affects or limits your ability to practice safely and in a competent and professional manner.
- f. Report any actions pending, taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
- g. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.
- h. Failure to provide the requested information may result in non-renewal of the license to practice nursing or a disciplinary action.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 7

5.6.2 Continued Competence

***At the present time, evidence does not support any one mechanism for continued competence and further study is warranted.

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5.6.3 Issuance of License

The BON shall renew the license of each renewal applicant who complies with the requirements of this Section.

5.7 Reactivation of License Following Failure to Renew

An individual whose license is inactive by failure to renew may apply for reactivation by submitting an application, paying a fee as specified in Chapter 4 of these rules, meeting all practice requirements for renewal of licensure and satisfying the conditions listed below. At any time after a license has been inactive, the BON may require evidence of the licensee's current nursing knowledge and skill before reactivating the licensee to the status of active license. An applicant must:

1. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.

2. Submit to state and federal criminal background checks.

- 3. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
- 4. Report any condition or impairment (including but not limited to substance use, alcohol abuse, or a mental, emotional or nervous disorder or condition) which in any way currently affects or limits your ability to practice safely in a competent and professional manner.
- 5. Report any action taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
- 6. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 8

5.7.1 Reinstatement Following Disciplinary Action

For those licensees applying for reinstatement following disciplinary action, compliance with all BON licensure requirements, as well as any specific requirements set forth in the BON's discipline order, is required. An applicant must:

1. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction.

2. Submit to state and federal criminal background checks.

- 3. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
- 4. Report any condition or impairment (including but not limited to substance use, alcohol abuse, or a mental, emotional or nervous disorder or condition) which in any way currently affects or limits your ability to practice safely in a competent and professional manner.
- 5. Report any action taken or initiated against a professional or occupational license, registration or certification.
- 6. Report current participation in an alternative to discipline program in any jurisdiction.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 9

5.8 Duties of Licensees

5.9 Criminal Background Checks

- a. All individuals convicted of a sexual offense involving a minor or performing a sexual act against the will of another person shall be subject to a BON order for evaluation by a qualified expert approved by the BON. If the evaluation identifies sexual behaviors of a predatory nature the BON shall deny licensure.
- b. Other criminal convictions may be reviewed by the BON on a case by case basis to determine eligibility for licensure.

5.10 Exemptions to Licensure-Nursing Students

1. No provisions of this Act shall be construed to prohibit the practice of nursing if:

a. The student is enrolled in a program located in this jurisdiction and approved by the BON or participating in this jurisdiction in a component of a program located in another jurisdiction and approved by a BON.

b. The student's practice is under the auspices of the program.

c. The student acts under the supervision of an RN serving for the program as a faculty member or teaching assistant.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 12

5.11 APRN Licensure

5.11.1 Application for Initial Licensure

- a. An applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of licensure or eligibility for licensure as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed application that provides the following information:
 - Graduation from an APRN graduate or post-graduate program as evidenced by official documentation received directly from an APRN program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA), or its successor

- organization, as acceptable by the BON.
- 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation; credential conferred; number of clinical hours-completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state.
- b. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must be currently licensed as an RN or hold a privilege to practice as an RN in this state.
- e. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must take and pass the appropriate APRN national certification examination in the APRN role and population focus congruent with educational preparation.
- d. The BON shall determine whether a certification program can be used as a requirement for licensure of APRNs-based upon the following standards:
- e. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
- f. Requirements for Certification Programs
 - 4. The program is national in the scope of its credentialing.
 - 2 Conditions for taking the certification examination are consistent with acceptable standards of the testing community and are intended to ensure minimal competence to practice at an advanced level of nursing.
 - 3. Educational requirements are consistent with the requirements of the advanced practice role and population focus.
 - 4. The standard methodologies used are acceptable to the testing community such as incumbent job analysis studies and logical job analysis studies.
 - 5. Certification programs are accredited by a national accreditation body as acceptable by the BON.
 - 6. The examination represents entry-level practice, with minimal, though critical competencies, in the advanced nursing practice role and population.
 - 7. The examination represents the knowledge, skills and abilities essential for the delivery of safe and effective advanced nursing care to patients.
 - Examination items are reviewed for content validity, cultural bias and correct scoring using an established mechanism, both before use and periodically.
 - 9. Examinations are evaluated for psychometric performance.
 - 40. The passing standard is established using acceptable psychometric methods and is reevaluated periodically.
 - 11. Examination security is maintained through established procedures.
 - 12 Certification is issued based upon passing the examination and meeting all other certification requirements.
 - 13. A retake policy is in place.
 - 14. A certification maintenance program, which includes review of qualifications and continued competence, is in place.
 - 15. Mechanisms are in place for communication to BONs for timely verification of an individual's certification status, changes in certification status, and changes in the certification program, including qualifications, test plan and scope of practice.
 - 16. An evaluation process is in place to provide quality assurance in its certification program.
- g. Requirements of 5.3.d. i. shall apply to APRNs.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 6

5.11.2 Application of an Internationally Educated APRN

An internationally educated applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall:

- a. Graduate from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program equivalent to an APRN educational program in the U.S. accepted by the BON.
- b. Submit documentation through an official transcript directly from the international nursing education program and verified through a BON approved qualified credentials evaluation process for the license being sought.
- c. Has, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure education program not taught in English or if English is not the individual's native language, successfully passed an English proficiency examination that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing, and listening;
- d. Meet all other licensure criteria required of applicants educated in the U.S.

5.11.3 Application for Licensure by Endorsement

- a. An applicant for licensure by endorsement as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of eligibility for an license or privilege to practice as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed APRN application that provides the following information:
 - 1. Graduation from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program, as evidenced by an official transcript or other

- official documentation received directly from a graduate program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or CHEA, or its successor organization, as acceptable by the BON.
- 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation; credential conferred; number of clinical hours completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state.
- b. Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory.
- c. Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
- d. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
- e. Current certification by a national certifying body in the APRN role and population focus appropriate to educational preparation.

a. Primary source of verification of certification is required.

- b. If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past two years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 24 contact hours, 12 in pharmacotherapeutics and 12 in the clinical management of patients, within the two years prior to applying for approval to practice.
- e. If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past five years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 45 contact hours of pharmacotherapeutics within the two years prior to application. The applicant must also successfully complete a refresher course approved by the BON or an extensive orientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor. <> hours.

d. Preceptor must meet the following requirements:

- i. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus; and
- ii. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting

c. Requirements of 5.3.d.-i. shall apply to APRNs.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 6

5.11.4 Application for License Renewal

An applicant for license renewal as an APRN shall submit to the BON the required fee for license renewal, as specified in Chapter 4, and a completed license renewal application including:

a. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions regarding the applicant's background.

b. Evidence of current certification(s), or recertification as applicable, by a national professional certification organization that meets the requirements of 11.2.1.

c. Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set forth in rule.

Authority: Model Act Article V Section 6

5.11.5 Quality Assurance/Documentation and Audit

The BON may conduct a random audit of nurses to verify current APRN certification and/or continuing education. Upon request of the BON, licensees shall submit documentation of compliance.

5.11.6 Reinstatement of License

The reinstatement of APRN licensure is the same as previously stated for RNs and LPN/VNs in Chapter 5 plus the following:

a. An individual who applies for licensure reinstatement and who has been out of practice for more than five years shall provide evidence of successfully completing <> hours of a reorientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor.

b. Preceptor must the following requirements:

- 1. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus.
- 2. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting.
- For those licensees applying for licensure reinstatement following disciplinary action, compliance with all BON licensure requirements, as well as any specified requirements set forth in the BON's discipline order, is required.

 Authority: Model Act Article V Section 6

Chapter 6. Prelicensure Nursing Education

6.1 Purpose of Nursing Education Standards

The purpose of nursing education standards is to ensure that graduates of nursing education programs are prepared for safe and effective nursing practice.

- a. Provide criteria for the development, evaluation and improvement of new and established nursing education programs.
- b. Ensure candidates are educationally prepared for licensure and recognition at the appropriate level.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 1

6.1.1 Prelicensure Nursing Education Standards

All nursing education programs shall meet these the following standards:

- a. The purpose and outcomes of the nursing program shall be consistent with the Act and BON promulgated administrative rules, regulations and other relevant state statutes.
- b. The purpose and outcomes of the nursing program shall be consistent with accepted standards of nursing practice appropriate for graduates of the type of nursing program offered.
- c. The input of stakeholders shall be considered in developing and evaluating the purpose and outcomes of the program.
- d. A systematic evaluation plan of the curriculum is in place.
- e. The nursing program shall implement a comprehensive, systematic plan for ongoing evaluation that is based on program outcomes and incorporates continuous improvement.
- f. The curriculum shall provide diverse didactic and clinical learning experiences consistent with program outcomes.
- g. Faculty and students shall participate in program planning, implementation, evaluation and continuous improvement.
- h. The nursing program administrator shall be professionally and academically qualified RN with institutional authority and administrative responsibility for the program.
- i. The nursing program administrator shall be consistent in a nursing program, with no more than 3 nursing program administrators in 5 years.
- j. Professionally, academically and clinically qualified nurse faculty shall be sufficient in number, have a low turnover, and have the expertise to accomplish program outcomes and quality improvement.
- k. The simulation center shall be accredited.
- I. Written an easily accessible policies and procedures that have been vetted by students and faculty.
- m. Formal mentoring of full-time and part-time faculty.
- n. Formal orientation of adjunct faculty.
- o. The school shall provide substantive and periodic workshops and presentations devoted to faculty development.
- p. The program can provide evidence that their admission, progression and student performance standards are based on data.
- q. The fiscal, human, physical (including access to a library), clinical and technical learning resources shall be adequate to support program processes, security and outcomes.
- r. Program information communicated by the nursing program shall be accurate, complete, consistent and readily available.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 2

6.1.2 Required Criteria for Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

The organization and administration of the nursing education program shall be consistent with the law governing the practice of nursing. The nursing education program shall be an integral part of a governing academic institution that is accredited by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Department of Education. The nursing education-program shall provide evidence of current accreditation by a national nursing accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education by January 1, 2020.

- a. Curriculum shall include experiences that promote clinical judgment; skill in clinical management, supervision and delegation; interprofessional collaboration; quality and safety; and navigation and understanding of health care systems.
 - I. Distance education methods are consistent with the curriculum plan.
 - The curriculum of the nursing education program shall enable the student to develop the nursing knowledge, skills and abilities necessary for the level, scope and standards of competent nursing practice expected at the level of licensure. Curriculum will be revised as necessary to maintain a program that reflects advances in health care and its delivery.
 - 3. The curriculum, as defined by nursing education, professional and practice standards, shall include:
 - a. Experiences that promote the development and subsequent demonstration of evidence based clinical judgment, skill in clinical management, and the professional commitment to collaborate in continuously improving the quality and safety of the healthcare system for patients.
 - b. Evidence based learning experiences and methods of instruction, including distance education methods, consistent with the written curriculum plan.
 - 4. Coursework shall include including, but not be limited to:
 - i. Content Sound foundation in the biological, physical, social and behavioral sciences to provide a foundation for safe and effective nursing practice;

Content regarding professional responsibilities, legal and ethical issues, history and trends in nursing

and health care; and

iii. Didactic content and supervised clinical experience in the including prevention of illness and the promotion, restoration and maintenance of health in patients across the lifespan and from diverse cultural, ethnic, social and economic backgrounds. Patient experiences will occur in a variety of clinical settings

iv. Didactic and clinical experiences shall include Medical/ Surgical, obstetrics, pediatrics, Psychiatric/

Mental Health and Community Health.

v. 50% or more of clinical experiences, in each course, shall include direct patient care.
vi. Clinical experiences shall be supervised and occur directly with patients. Clinical experiences and simulation shall include a variety of clinical settings and are sufficient for meeting program outcomes.
1) The program shall provide clinical hours comparable to those provided by an approved program of aquivalent size and program type or in the case of no equivalent program.

equivalent size and program type or, in the case of no equivalent program, clinical hours scaled relative to an approved program.

The program has processes in place to manage and learn from near misses and errors. The program has opportunities for collaboration with interprofessional teams. Professional responsibilities, legal and ethical issues, history and trends in nursing and health care. 1) Integrating patient safety principles throughout the didactic and clinical coursework.

2) Implementing evidence-based practice to integrate best research with clinical expertise and patient

values for optimal care, including skills to identify and apply best practices to nursing care.

Providing patient centered, culturally competent care that recognizes that the patient or designee is the source of control and full partner in providing coordinated care by:

(a) Respecting patient differences, values, preferences and expressed needs.

(b) Involving patients/designees in decision making and care management

(c) Coordinating and managing patient care across settings.

(d) Explaining appropriate and accessible interventions to patients and populations that may positively affect their ability to achieve healthy lifestyles.
4) Collaborating with interprofessional teams to foster open communication, mutual respect, and

shared decision making in order to achieve quality patient care.

Participating in quality improvement processes to monitor patient care outcomes, identify possibility of hazards and errors, and collaborate in the development and testing of changes that improve the quality and safety of health care systems.

Using information technology to communicate, mitigate error and support decision making.

Faculty supervised clinical practice shall include development of skills in direct patient care; making clinical judgments; care and management of both individuals and groups of patients across the lifespan; and delegation to and supervision of, as appropriate to level of education, other health care providers.

The program shall provide clinical hours comparable to those provided by an approved program of equivalent size and program type or, in the case of no equivalent program, clinical hours scaled relative to an approved

- b. Clinical experiences shall be supervised by qualified faculty.
- All student clinical experiences, including those with preceptors, shall be directed by nursing faculty.
- Measurement of students' competencies shall focus on the students' demonstration of care management and decision making skills when providing patient care in a variety of clinical situations and care-

Delivery of instruction by distance education methods must be consistent with the program curriculum plan and enable students to meet the goals, competencies and outcomes of the educational program and standards of the BON.

The program shall provide students the opportunity to acquire and demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and abilities required for safe and effective nursing practice, in theory and clinical experience, through facultysupervision.

The program shall hold students accountable for professional behavior, including honesty and integrity, while in

their program of study.

- All policies relevant to applicants and students shall be readily available in writing and vetted by students and faculty. 3.
- Students shall meet health standards and criminal background check requirements.
- English as a second language assistance is provided. 5.
- Assistance is available for students with disabilities. 6.
- All students have books and resources necessary throughout the program.
- Remediation strategies are in place at the beginning of each course and students are aware of how to seek help.
- Administrator qualifications
 - Administrator qualifications in a program preparing for LPN/VN licensure shall include:
 - A current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the jurisdiction where the program is approved;
 - A minimum of a graduate degree in nursing or bachelor's degree in nursing with a graduate degree;

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- c. Experience in teaching, and knowledge of learning principles for adult education, including nursing practice and curriculum development, administration, and evaluation; and
- d. A current knowledge of nursing practice at the practical/vocational level.
- 2 Administrator qualifications in a program preparing for RN licensure shall include:
 - a. A current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the jurisdiction where the program is approved;
 - b. A doctoral degree in nursing; or a graduate degree in nursing and a doctoral degree;
 - c. Educational preparation or experience in academic teaching; and knowledge of learning principles for adult education, including nursing curriculum development, administration and evaluation; and
 - d. Experience in nursing practice and administration; and
 - e. A current knowledge of registered nursing practice.

d. Faculty

- 1. There shall be a minimum of 35% of the total faculty, including all clinical adjunct, part-time, or other faculty, are employed at the institution as full-time faculty. sufficient number of qualified faculty to meet the outcomes and purposes of the nursing education program.
- 2 The nursing faculty shall hold a current, active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the state where the program is approved.
- 3. Faculty supervising clinical experiences shall hold a current active RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered and meet requirements in the jurisdiction where the clinical practicum is conducted.
- 4. Qualifications for nursing faculty who teach in a program leading to licensure as an LPN/VN should be academically and experientially qualified with a minimum of a graduate degree in nursing or bachelor's degree in nursing with a graduate degree.
- 5. Qualifications for nursing faculty who teach clinical courses, including didactic or clinical experiences, in a program leading to licensure as an RN should be academically and experientially qualified with a minimum of a graduate degree in nursing.
- 6. Faculty can demonstrate participation in continuing education.
- 7. Interprofessional faculty teaching non-clinical nursing courses shall have advanced preparation appropriate for the content being taught.
- 8. Clinical faculty, preceptors and adjunct faculty shall demonstrate current clinical experience competencies related to the area of assigned clinical teaching responsibilities and will serve as role models and educators for students. Clinical preceptors may be used to enhance faculty directed clinical learning experiences.
- 9. Clinical preceptors shall have an unencumbered license to practice as a nurse at or above the level for which the student is being prepared, in the jurisdiction where they are precepting students.
- 10. Simulation faculty are certified.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 3

6.1.3 Determination of Compliance with Standards

Accreditation by a national nursing accrediting body, set forth by the United States Department of Edication (USDE), is required, and evidence of compliance with the accreditation standards may be used for evaluating continuing approval.

BON initial and continuing approval is the model used for determining compliance with these standards. National-nursing accreditation shall be required by January 1, 2020, and evidence of compliance with the accreditation-standards may be used for evaluating continuing approval. Nursing programs must submit to the BON copies of accreditation related correspondence with the national nursing accrediting agency within 30 days of receipt. The BON-shall identify correspondence that the programs must submit.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 4

6.1.4 Purposes of Prelicensure Nursing Education Program Approval

- a. To promote public protection through the safe practice of nursing by implementing standards for individuals seeking licensure as RNs and LPN/VNs.
- b. To grant legal recognition to nursing education programs that the BON determines have met the standards.
- c. To ensure graduates meet the educational and legal requirements for the level of licensure for which they are preparing and to facilitate their endorsement to other states and countries.
- d. To ensure continuous evaluation and improvement of nursing education programs.
- e. To provide the public and prospective students with a published list of nursing programs that meets the standards established by the BON.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 5

6.1.5 Establishment of a New Prelicensure Nursing Education Program

Before establishing a new nursing education program, the program shall contact the BON and complete the process outlined below:

- a. Phase I Application to BON. The proposed program shall provide the following information to the BON:
 - 1. Results of a needs assessment, including identification of potential, and available, students and employment opportunities for program graduates.
 - 2. Identification of sufficient financial and other resources.
 - 3. Governing institution approval and evidence of financial support that can be provided on an ongoing basis.
 - 4. Community support.
 - 5. Type of educational program proposed.
 - 6. Evidence of the institution meeting state requirements, and regional or national accreditation by an accredited agency recognized by the USDE U.S. Department of Education.
 - 7. Evidence of the nursing program actively seeking pre-accreditation or candidate accreditation from a USDE U.S. Department of Education recognized national nursing accrediting agency.
 - 8. Clinical opportunities and availability of resources.
 - 9. Evidence of clinical partnerships and availability of resources.
 - 10. Availability of qualified faculty and program director.
 - 11. A proposed time line for initiating and expanding the program.
- b. Phase II Initial Approval for Admission of Students. The proposed program shall provide the BON with verification that the following program components and processes have been completed:
 - 1. Employment of a qualified director and faculty to develop program.
 - 2 A comprehensive program curriculum. Overview of total curriculum:
 - a. Content;
 - b. Schedule (course sequence);
 - c. Course descriptions;
 - d. Contracts for clinical sites;
 - e. Program evaluation plan; and
 - f. Course syllabi for first year with identified timeline for submission of syllabi for next years.
 - 3. Establishment of student policies for admission, progression, retention and graduation.
 - 4. Policy and strategies to address students' needs including those with learning disabilities and English as a second language; and remediation tactics for students performing below standard.
 - 5. The BON shall deny initial approval if it determines that a proposed nursing education program is unable to meet the standards for nursing education.
 - 6. When the BON determines that all components and processes are completed and in place, the BON shall authorize the program to admit students.
- c. Phase III Full Approval of Program. The BON shall fully approve the program upon:
 - 1. Completion of BON program survey visit concurrent with graduation of first class or eligibility for NCLEX.
 - 2 Submission of program's ongoing systematic evaluation plan.
 - 3. Employment of qualified faculty.
 - 4. Additional oversight of new programs will take place for the first 6 years of operation. This may include progress reports every 6 months on program leadership, consistency of faculty, numbers of students and trends of NCLEX pass rates, along with the regularly collected annual reports to the BON.
 - 5. Satisfactory completion of survey report that verifies that the program is in compliance with the BON's Nursing Education Standards.
 - 6. The BON may request periodic reports from the new program regarding initial program operations before granting approval.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 6

6.1.6 Continuing Approval of Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

- a. Every <> years previously approved nursing education programs with full program approval status will be evaluated for continuing approval by the BON.
- warning signs that may trigger a focused site visit include:
 - 1. Complaints from students, faculty and clinical agencies.
 - 2. Turnover of program administrators, defined by more than 3 administrators in a 5 year period.
 - 3. Frequent nursing faculty turnover.
 - 4. Frequent cuts in numbers of nursing faculty.
 - 5. Decreasing trends in NCLEX pass rates.

- c. The BON may accept all or partial evidence prepared by a program, to meet national nursing accreditation requirements. The BON shall review and analyze various sources of information regarding program performance, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Periodic BON survey visits, as necessary, and/or reports.
 - 2. Evidence of being accredited by a USDE U.S. Department of Education recognized national nursing accredited agency.
 - 3. BON recognized national nursing accreditation visits, reports and other pertinent documents provided by the program.
 - 4. Results of ongoing program evaluation.
 - 5. Other sources of evidence regarding achievement of program outcomes including, but not limited to:
 - a. Student retention, attrition, and on-time program completion rates;
 - b. Sufficient/adequate type and number of faculty, faculty competence and faculty retention/turnover;
 - e. Adequate laboratory and clinical learning experiences;
 - d. NCLEX pass rates which are at least \infty \% for one year for graduates taking the examination for the first time;
 - e. Trend data/action planning related to NCLEX performance;
 - f. Trend data/action planning related to employer and graduate satisfaction;
 - g: Performance improvement initiatives related to program outcomes; and
 - h. Program complaints/grievance review and resolution.
- d. Continuing approval will be granted upon the BON's verification that the program is in compliance with the BON's nursing education administrative rules.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 7

6.1.7 Conditional Approval of Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

- a. The BON may grant conditional approval when it determines that a program is not fully meeting approval standards.
- b. If the BON determines that an approved nursing education program is not meeting the criteria set forth in these regulations, the nursing program shall be given a reasonable period of time to submit an action plan and to correct the identified program deficiencies.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 8

6.1.8. Withdrawal of Approval

- a. The BON shall withdraw approval if, after proper notice and opportunity, it determines that:
 - 1. A nursing education program fails to meet the standards of this Rule.
 - 2. A nursing education program fails to correct the identified deficiencies within the time specified.
- b. After January 1, 2020, a program that has not received national nursing accreditation by a U.S. Department of Education recognized agency shall, upon request, be granted a one year extension by the BON to comply with this requirement.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 9

6.1.9 Appeal

A program denied approval or given less than full approval may appeal that decision. All such actions shall be in accordance with due process rights.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 10

6.1.10 Reinstatement of Approval

The BON may reinstate approval if the program submits evidence of compliance with nursing education standards within the specified time frame.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 11

6. 2 Closure of Prelicensure Nursing Education Program and Storage of Records

- a. A nursing education program may be closed due to withdrawal of BON approval or may close voluntarily.
- b. Provisions shall be made for maintenance of the standards for nursing education during the transition to closure.
- c. Arrangements are made for the secure storage and access to academic records and transcripts.
- d. An acceptable plan is developed for students to complete a BON approved program.
- e. Confirmation shall be provided to the BON, in writing, that the plan has been fully implemented.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 12

6.2.1. Closure of a Prelicensure Nursing Education Program as a Result of Withdrawal of BON Approval

The program shall submit to the BON:

- a. An acceptable plan for students to complete a BON approved program.
- b. Confirmation in writing that the plan has been fully implemented.
- c. Arrangements for the secure storage and access to academic records and transcripts.

6.2.2. Prelicensure Nursing Education Program Closed Voluntarily

The program shall submit to the BON:

- a. Reason for the closing of the program and date of intended closure.
- b. An acceptable plan for students to complete a BON approved program.
- c. Arrangements for the secure storage and access to academic records and transcripts.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 13

6.3 Innovative Approaches in Prelicensure Nursing Education Programs

A nursing education program may apply to implement an innovative approach by complying with the provisions of this section. Nursing education programs approved to implement innovative approaches shall continue to provide quality nursing education that prepares graduates to practice safely, competently and ethically within the scope of practice as defined in the Act.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 14

6.3.1 Purposes

- a. To foster innovative models of nursing education to address the changing needs in health care.
- b. To assure that innovative approaches are conducted in a manner consistent with the BON's role of protecting the public.
- e. To assure that innovative approaches conform to the quality outcome standards and core education criteriaestablished by the BON.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 15

6.3.2 Eligibility

- a. The nursing education program shall hold full BON approval without conditions.
- b. There are no substantiated complaints in the past 2 years.
- c. There are no rule violations in the past 2 years.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 16

6.3.3. Application

The following information (no longer than <> pages with a 1 page executive summary) shall be provided to the BON at least <> days prior to a BON meeting:

- a. A description of the innovation plan, with rationale, shall be provided to the BON at least <> days before the BON meeting. Identifying information (name of nursing program, address, responsible party and contact information).
- b. A brief description of the current program, including accreditation and BON approval status.
- e. Identification of the regulation(s) affected by the proposed innovative approach.
- d. Length of time for which the innovative approach is requested.
- e. Description of the innovative approach, including objective(s).
- f. Brief explanation of why you want to implement an innovative approach at this time.
- g. Explanation of how the proposed innovation differs from approaches in the current program.
- h. Rationale with available evidence supporting the innovative approach.
- i. Identification of resources that support the proposed innovative approach.
- j. Expected impact innovative approach will have on the program, including administration, students, faculty, and other program resources.
- k. Plan for implementation, including timeline.
- Plan for evaluation of the proposed innovation, including measurable criteria/outcomes, method of evaluation, and frequency of evaluation.
- m. Additional application information as requested by the BON.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 17

6.3.4. Standards for Approval

- a. Eligibility criteria in 6.3.2. and application criteria in 6.3.3. are met.
- b. The innovative approach will not compromise the quality of education or safe practice of students.
- Resources are sufficient to support the innovative approach.

- d. Rationale with available evidence supports the implementation of the innovative approach.
- e. Implementation plan is reasonable to achieve the desired outcomes of the innovative approach.
- f. Timeline provides for a sufficient period to implement and evaluate the innovative approach.
- g. Plan for periodic evaluation is comprehensive and supported by appropriate methodology.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 18

6.3.5. Review of Application and BON Action

- a. Annually the BON may establish the number of innovative approach applications it will accept, based on available BON resources.
- b. The BON shall evaluate all applications to determine if they meet the eligibility criteria in 6.3.2 and the standards established in section 6.3.4.
- e. The BON shall inform the education program of the approval process timeline within <> days of the receipt of the application.
- d. If the application meets the standards, the BON may:
 - 1. Approve the application; or
 - 2. Approve the application with modifications as agreed between the BON and the nursing education program.
- e. If the submitted application does not meet the criteria in 6.3.2 and 6.3.4., the BON may deny approval or request additional information.
- f. The BON may rescind the approval or require the program to make modifications if:
 - 4. The BON receives substantiated evidence indicating adverse impact; or
 - 2. The nursing program fails to implement the innovative approach as presented and approved *Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 19*

6.3.6. Periodic Evaluation

- a. The education program shall submit progress reports conforming to the evaluation plan annually or as requested by the BON.
- b. The final evaluation report shall conform to the evaluation plan, detailing and analyzing the outcomes data.
- c. If any report indicates that students were adversely impacted by the innovation, the nursing program shall provide documentation of corrective measures and their effectiveness.
- d. Nursing education program maintains eligibility criteria in 6.3.2.

6.3.7. Requesting Continuation of the Innovative Approach

- a. If the innovative approach has achieved the desired outcomes and the final evaluation has been submitted, the program may request that the innovative approach be continued.
- b. Request for the innovative approach to become an ongoing part of the education program must be submitted <> days prior to a regularly scheduled BON meeting.
- c. The BON may grant the request to continue approval if the innovative approach has achieved desired outcomes, has not compromised public protection, and is consistent with core nursing education criteria.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 20

6.4 Simulation

A prelicensure nursing education program ("program") may use simulation as a substitute for traditional clinical experiences, not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of its clinical hours per course. A program that uses simulation shall adhere to the standards set in this section.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 21

6.4.1 Evidence of Compliance

A program shall provide evidence to the board of nursing that these standards have been met.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 22

6.4.2 Organization and Management

- a. The program shall have an organizing framework that provides adequate fiscal, human, and material resources to support the simulation activities.
- b. Simulation activities shall be managed by an individual who is academically and experientially qualified. The individual shall demonstrate continued expertise and competence in the use of simulation while managing the program.
- c. There shall be a budget that will sustain the simulation activities and training of the faculty.

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6.4.3 Facilities and Resources

a. The program shall have appropriate facilities for conducting simulation. This shall include educational and technological resources and equipment to meet the intended objectives of the simulation.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 24

6.4.4 Faculty Preparation

a. Faculty involved in simulations, both didactic and clinical, shall have training in the use of simulation.

b. Faculty involved in simulations, both didactic and clinical, shall engage in on-going professional development in the use of simulation.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 25

6.4.5 Curriculum

a. The program shall demonstrate that the simulation activities are linked to programmatic outcomes.

*Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 26**

6.4.6 Policies and Procedures

The program shall have written policies and procedures on the following:

- a. short-term and long-term plans for integrating simulation into the curriculum;
- b. method of debriefing each simulated activity; and
- c. plan for orienting faculty to simulation.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 27

6.4.7 Evaluation

- a. The program shall develop criteria to evaluate the simulation activities.
- b. Students shall evaluate the simulation experience on an ongoing basis.

 Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 28

6.4.8 Annual Report

a. The program shall include information about its use of simulation in its annual report to the board of nursing.

Authority: Model Act Article VI Section 29

Chapter 7. Discipline and Proceedings

7.1 Authority

7.2 Accountability

- 7.3 Grounds for Discipline: behaviors and activities that may result in disciplinary action by the board shall include the following:
- a. Non Compliance with federal, jurisdictional or contractual requirements including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Failing to meet the initial requirements of a license.
 - 2. Engaging in conduct that violates the security of the licensure or certification examination or the integrity of the examination results, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Copying, disseminating or receiving of any portion of an examination;
 - b. Having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current or previously administrated examination;
 - e. Violating the standard of test administration;
 - d. Permitting an impersonator to take the examination on one's behalf;
 - e. Impersonating an examinee;
 - f. Communicating with another examinee during the examination;
 - g. Possessing unauthorized materials during the examination; or
 - h. Any other conduct that violates the security or integrity of the exam.
 - 3. Having a license to practice nursing, a multi-state privilege to practice or another professional license or other credential denied for cause, revoked, suspended, or restricted or otherwise

- 4. Disciplined in this or any other state, territory, possession or country or by a branch of the United States military.
- 5. Failing to cooperate with a lawful BON investigation.
- 6. Practicing without an active license.
- 7. Drug screening violation or failure of a participant in an alternative to discipline program to comply with the program requirements.
- 8. Failing to comply with continuing education or competency requirements.
- 9. Failing to meet licensing board reporting requirements.
- 10. Violating or failing to comply with BON order or agreement.
- 11. Practicing beyond the legal scope of practice.
- 12. Failing to comply with health and safety requirements established by an employer, health facility, or federal or jurisdictional laws or rules.
- 13. Violating federal or jurisdictional tax code pursuant to the procedural laws and rules of the jurisdiction.
- 14. Failing to pay child support or delinquent child support pursuant to the procedural laws and rules of the jurisdiction.
- 15. Defaulting on health education loan or scholarship obligations pursuant to the procedural laws and rules of the jurisdiction.
- 16. Violating jurisdictional health code.
- b. Criminal conviction or adjudication in any jurisdiction for any crime that bears on a licensee's fitness to practice nursing, under Article VII section 3 of the <Jurisdiction's> Nurse Practice Act.
- e. Obtaining, accessing, or revealing healthcare information from a client record or other source, except as required by professional duties or authorized by law. Confidentiality, patient privacy, consent or disclosure violations, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Failing to safeguard the patient's dignity, the right to privacy and confidentiality of patient information. This does not prohibit or affect reporting responsibilities under other statutes such as Child Abuse or Older Adults Protective Services Acts.
 - 2. Failure to obtain informed consent.
 - 3. Failure to comply with patient consultation requirements.
 - 4. Breach of confidentiality:
- d. Threatening, harassing, abusing, or intimidating a patient.
- e. Violating boundaries of a professional relationship such as physical, sexual, emotional, or financial exploitation of a patients or a patient's family member or caregiver. Financial exploitation shall include accepting or soliciting money, gifts, loans or the equivalent during the professional relationship. Misconduct or abuse, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Soliciting, borrowing or misappropriating money or property from a patient or a patient's family.
 - 2. Violating principles of professional boundaries. The following principles shall delineate the responsibilities of the nurse regarding the establishment and maintenance of appropriate professional boundaries with a current or former patient and key party. Patient consent to, or initiation of a personal relationship, is not a defense. The nurse shall:
 - a. Establish, maintain and communicate professional boundaries with the patient;
 - b. Not engage in relationships with patients that could impair the nurse's professional judgment;
 - e. Not exploit in any manner the professional relationship with a patient for the nurse's emotional, financial, sexual, or personal advantage or benefit;
 - d. Not engage in dual relationships to the extent possible for <years>, making alternate arrangements for carewhen necessary, if a nurse's ability to provide appropriate care would be impaired due to the nature of the additional relationship with the patient (always avoid dual relationships in mental health nursing);
 - e. Not engage in self-disclosure to a patient unless it is limited in terms of amount, nature and duration, and does not adversely impact the patient's care and well being;
 - f. Recognize the potential for negative patient outcomes of professional boundary crossings;
 - g. Not use any confidence of a patient to the patient's disadvantage or for the advantage of the nurse;
 - h. Have a clear agreement with the patient regarding financial matters. For nurses practicing independently, arrangements for reimbursement must be made at the initiation of the nurse patient relationship. A nurse shall not engage in loans to or from a patient and shall not barter with a patient;
 - i. Only accept gifts of minimal value from a patient or key party;
 - j. Make no statements or disclosures that create a risk of compromising a patient's privacy, confidentiality and dignity. This includes, but is not limited to, statements or disclosures via electronic media; and
 - k. Make no suggestions or have no discussions of the possibility of dating or a sexual or romantic relationship after the professional relationship ends.
 - 3. Sexual misconduct, including, but not limited to, the following behavior with a current or former patient or key

party. Patient consent to, or the initiation of a sexual or romantic relationship, is not a defense:

- a. Sexual intercourse;
- b. Touching of the breasts, genitals, anus or any sexualized body part initiated by the nurse or patient, except as consistent with accepted standards of nursing practice;
- e. Rubbing against current or former patient or key party, initiated by the nurse, current or former patient, or key party, for sexual gratification;
- d. Hugging, kissing or caressing of a romantic or sexual nature;
- e. Failing to provide adequate patient privacy to dress or undress, except as may be medically necessary or required for patient safety;
- f. Failing to provide the patient with an appropriate gown or draping, except as may be medically necessary or required for patient safety;
- g. Dressing or undressing in the presence of the patient;
- h. Encouraging masturbation or other sex acts in the presence of the nurse;
- i. Masturbation or other sex acts performed by the nurse in the presence of the current or former patient or key party;
- j. Discussing sexual history, behaviors or fantasies of the nurse;
- k. Behavior, gestures, statements or expressions that may reasonably be interpreted as romantic or sexual;
- 1. Making inappropriate statements to current or former patients or key parties regarding their body parts, appearance, sexual history or sexual orientation;
- m. Sexually demeaning behavior, which may be reasonably interpreted as humiliating, embarrassing, threatening, or harmful to current or former patients or key parties;
- n. Showing a current or former patient or key party sexually explicit materials, other than for health care purposes;
- o. Posing, photographing or recording the body or any body part of a current or former patient or key party, other than for health care purposes with consent;
- p. Transmitting information via electronic media that can be reasonably interpreted as sexual or sexually demeaning by the current or former patient or key party; and
- q. Engaging in sexual or romantic conduct with a key party when that person is being manipulated into such a relationship by the nurse.
- 4. Engaging or attempting to engage in sexual or romantic conduct with a former patient if doing so creates a risk that the relationship could cause harm to or exploitation of the former patient. Factors which the BON may consider in determining risk of harm or exploitation include, but are not limited to:
 - a. The length of time the nurse-patient relationship existed;
 - b. The circumstances of the cessation or termination of the nurse patient relationship;
 - e. The amount of time that has passed since nursing services were terminated;
 - d. The nature of the patient's health status and the extent of care received;
 - e. The degree of the patient's dependence and vulnerability;
 - f. The extent to which there exists an ongoing nurse patient relationship following the termination of services and whether the patient is reasonably anticipated to become a patient of the nurse in the future; and
 - g. Any statements or actions made by the nurse during the course of treatment suggesting or inviting the possibility of sexual or romantic conduct.
- 5. Due to the unique vulnerability of mental health patients, including patients with substance use or dependency disorders, nurses are prohibited from engaging in or attempting to engage in sexual or romantic conduct with such former patients or key parties for a period of at least two years after termination of nursing services.
- 6. These rules do not prohibit providing health care services to a person with whom the nurse has a preexisting, established personal relationship where there is no evidence of, or potential for, exploiting the patient; and contact that is necessary for a health care purpose that meets the standards of the profession.
- 7. Non-sexual dual relationship or boundary violation.
- & Exploiting a patient for financial gain.
- 9. Abusive conduct toward staff.
- 10. Disruptive or abusive conduct in the workplace.
- 11. Conduct evidencing moral unfitness.
- 12. Conduct evidencing ethical unfitness.
- 13. Physical or emotional abuse of a patient.
- 14. Misappropriation of patient property or other property.
- 15. Conflict of interest. Directly or indirectly offering, giving, soliciting, or receiving or agreeing to receive any fee or other consideration to or from a third party or exercising influence on the client for the financial or personal gain of the licensee.
- 16. Aiding, abetting, directing, or assisting an individual to violate or circumvent any law or rule intended to guide the conduct of a licensed nurse or any other licensed healthcare provider.

- f. Fraud, deception, or misrepresentation in the practice of nursing. -including, but not limited to:
 - 4. Committing fraud or deceit in the practice of nursing.
 - 2. Submitting false documentation or information, such as credentials, letters of recommendations, resumes, curriculum vitae, certificates, educational certificates or transcripts, or licenses to an employer or potential employer for the purpose of securing or maintaining employment.
 - 3. Submitting false documentation or information to an employer for the purpose of receiving remuneration or reimbursement of costs to which the licensee is not entitled.
 - 4. Submitting false information in the course of an investigation or as part of any application.
 - 5. Failing to document and maintain accurate records, includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Falsifying reports, patient documentation, agency records, or other essential health documents; and
 - b. Knowingly making incorrect entries a patient's medical record or other related documents.
 - 6. Improper or abusive billing practices.
 - 7. Submitting false claims.
 - 8. Misrepresentation of credentials.
 - 9. Insurance fraud (Medicare, Medicaid or other insurance).
 - 10. Providing or ordering unnecessary tests or services.
 - 11. Filing false reports or falsifying records.
 - 12. Fraud, deceit or material omission in obtaining license or credentials.
 - 13. Misleading, false or deceptive advertising or marketing.
 - 14. Failure to disclose.
- g. Unsafe practice, substandard care or unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Failing or inability to perform registered nursing, practical/vocational nursing or advanced practice registered nursing as defined in Article II of this Act and rule, with reasonable skill and safety.
 - 2 Departing from or failing to conform to an ethical or quality standard of the nursing profession.
 - 3. Improperly managing Altering, destroying, or attempting to destroy patient or employer patient records.
 - 4. Failing to supervise student experiences as a clinical nursing instructor.
 - 5. Failing to respect and consider the patient's right to freedom from psychological and physical abuse.
 - 6. Failing to act to safeguard the patient from the incompetent, abusive or illegal practice of any individual.
 - 7. Discriminating on the basis of age, marital status, gender, sexual preference, race, religion, diagnosis, socioeconomic status or disability while providing nursing services.
 - 8. Leaving a nursing assignment prior to the proper reporting and notification to the appropriate department head or personnel of such an action.
 - 9. Knowingly abandon a patient in need of nursing care. Abandonment is defined as the intentional description of leaving a patient for whom the nurse is responsible without providing for another nurse or appropriate caretaker to assume care upon the nurse's leaving.
 - 10. Knowingly neglect a patient in need of nursing care.
 - 11. Engaging in conduct or any nursing practice that may create unnecessary danger to a patient's life, health or safety. Actual injury to a patient need not be established.
 - 12. Demonstrating an actual or potential inability to practice nursing with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other material or as a result of any mental or physical illnesses or conditions.
 - 13. Immediate Causing an immediate threat to the health or safety of a patient or the public.
 - 14. Unable to practice safely by reason of alcohol or other substance use.
 - 15. Unable to practice safely by reason of psychological impairment or mental disorder.
 - 16. Unable to practice safely by reason of physical illness or impairment.
 - 17. Unable to practice safely.
 - 18. Delivering sSubstandard or inadequate care.
 - 19. Substandard or inadequate skill level.
 - 20. Failure to consult or delay in seeking consultation with supervisor/proctor.
 - 21. Patient abandonment.
 - 22. Inappropriate refusal to treat.
 - 23. Incompetence.
 - 24. Malpractice.
 - 25. Negligence.
 - 26. Patient neglect.
 - 27. Inadequate or improper infection control practices.

28. Failure to provide medically reasonable and/or necessary items or services.

- h. Performing the delegation of a nursing function or undertaking a specific practice without the necessary knowledge, preparation, experience and competency to properly execute the practice that could reasonably be expected to result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.
- i. Improper supervision or allowing unlicensed practice, including, but not limited to:

1. Delegating a nursing function or a prescribed health function when the delegation could reasonably be expected to result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.

2. Accepting the delegation of a nursing function or undertaking a specific practice without the necessary knowledge, preparation, experience and competency to properly execute the practice that could reasonably be expected to result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.

3. Failing to supervise the performance of acts by any individual working at the nurse's delegation or assignment.

4. Failing to follow appropriate and recognized standards and guidelines in providing administrative oversight of the nursing organization and nursing services of a health care delivery system or program as a chief administrative nurse.

5. Inappropriate or inadequate supervision or delegation.

6. Knowingly aiding, abetting assisting, advising or allowing an unlicensed person to engage in the unlawful practice of registered or practical nursing or in violating or circumventing a law or BON regulation or rule.

j. Drug related offenses, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Narcotics violation or other violation-Illegally obtaining, possessing, or distributing drugs for personal or other use or other violations of state or federal drug statutes laws.
- 2. Unauthorized prescribing, dispensing, or administrating medication medicine.
- 3. Unauthorized dispensing of medication.
- 4. Unauthorized administration of medication.
- 5. Error in prescribing, dispensing or administering medication.
- 6. Diversion of controlled substance.

Authority: Model Act Article VII Section 1

7.4 Procedure

7.4.1 Complaint Investigation

The BON shall investigate alleged acts or omissions that the BON reasonably believes violate the NPA or Nursing Administrative Rules.

7.4.2 Complaint Resolution

- a. Complaints may be settled through informal negotiations with the subject nurse and/or subject nurse's attorney.
- b. Negotiated settlements shall be reviewed and approved by the BON to determine whether any proposed remedy is appropriate for the facts as admitted or stipulated.

e. If a complaint cannot be resolved through informal negotiations, the case may be referred for formal administrative hearings.

d. The BON shall review the evidence and record produced at the administrative hearings along with the recommendations of the administrative law judge to determine whether the burden of proof has been met with regards to any violation. The BON is responsible for making complaint resolution decisions.

7.5 Immunity

7.5 Notification

- a. The BON shall provide information as required by federal law to federal databanks, to the NCSBN a nationally recognized centralized licensing and discipline databank (Nursys) and may develop procedures for communicating with others in BON policy.
- b. All nurse participants or nurse licensure applicants in alternative programs may be reported to a non-public national database that gives access to all states.

7.6 Alternative to Discipline Monitoring Program

7.6.1 Alternative to Discipline Program for Substance Abuse

7.6.2 Responsibilities of the Program Participation Reporting

a. The alternative to discipline monitoring program shall have the following functions and responsibilities:

- 1. Protect the public while monitoring the nurse to assure safe practice.
- 2. Encourage early identification, entry into treatment and entry into a contractual agreement for monitoring of compliance with treatment and practice monitoring.
- 3. Identify, respond to and report noncompliance to the BON in a timely manner.
- 4. Facilitate nurses to enter and maintain an ongoing recovery consistent with patient safety.
- 5. Be transparent and accountable to the public by providing information to the public, which also includes:
 - a. Policies and procedures of the program;
 - b. Annual reports, audits and aggregate data;
 - e. Educational materials and other resources; and
 - d. Conferences and continuing education offerings.
- 6. Provide adequate resources and staffing to implement policies and procedures and all contract requirements.
- b. All nurse participants or nurse licensure applicants in alternative programs may be reported to a non-public national database that gives access to all states.

7.6.3 Eligibility Criteria

- a. An individual may be admitted to the program if he or she meets the following eligibility criteria:
 - 1. Is an APRN, RN, or LPN/VN in this jurisdiction.
 - 2. Requests admission in writing.
 - 3. Admits to substance use disorder.
- b. Admission to the program shall be denied if the applicant:
 - 1. Has diverted controlled substances for other than self-administration;
 - 2. Has caused known provable harm to patients;
 - 3. Has engaged in behavior that has high potential to cause patient harm such as diverting drugs by replacing the drug with another drug; or
 - 4. Is not eligible for licensure in this jurisdiction.
- Admission to the program may be denied if the applicant:
 - 4. Has a history of past disciplinary action that is not related to substance use and resulted in probation, revocation or suspension;
 - 2. Has any pending criminal action or a prior felony;
 - 3. Has had incidents that may have caused harm, abuse or neglect to patients;
 - 4. Has been discharged or terminated from the same or any other alternative program for non-compliance;
 - 5. Is on medication assisted treatment or therapy;
 - 6. Has been prescribed controlled substances for dual diagnosis or chronic pain; or
 - 7. Has had previous and unsuccessful participation and substantial noncompliance with the contractual agreement in the last five years.
- d. An applicant's request for admission to the program may be denied if the applicant's participation in the program is determined to pose significant risk for the health care consumer as determined by alternative program staff, a consulting BON member or the treatment provider.

7.6.4 Screening and Assessment

- a. All individuals entering into the programs shall undergo appropriate screening and assessment.
- b. An individual seeking admission into the alternative program shall initially be screened by staff to determine the person's motivations for entering the alternative program and whether the person meets admission requirements and is willing to participate.
- e. The individual seeking admission shall obtain a current chemical dependency evaluation, which may include a complete physical and psychosocial assessment performed by a licensed or certified medical, mental health or psychological specialist.

7.6.5 Contracts

- a. The alternative program shall have a written contract, which the participant must sign voluntarily upon entering the program. Each contract shall bear the witnessed signature of the nurse participating in the alternative program and the alternative program coordinator or designated representative.
- b. The contract shall address the following areas:
 - 1. The voluntary and non-disciplinary nature of the program.
 - 2 The program records that are non-public and have necessary exceptions for disclosure such as to the BON-members, other state boards and other states' alternative programs regarding the participants in the alternative program.

- 3. The dates of the nurse's participation and the expected length of participation.
- 4. The requirements of drug and alcohol screens, 12-step, support, therapeutic meeting attendance and self and supervisory reports.
- 5. The requirements for work-site monitoring upon return towork.
- 6. The consequences of relapse and noncompliance with the alternative program contract including a dismissal from the alternative program or referral to the BON for disciplinary action because of noncompliance with alternative program contract requirements.
- 7. The parameters for referral to the BON, including the non-public records of program participation that are shared with the BON.
- & Definitions of relevant terms such as relapse.
- 9. Appropriate waivers and releases.
- 10. The period of monitoring which shall be three to five years.
- e. The contract shall provide that the participant is expected to:
 - 4. Abstain from all alcohol and alcohol containing products without prior approval from the alternative program.
 - Abstain from drug use, including all over the counter medications and other mind altering substances unless lawfully prescribed with prior approval of the alternative program.
 - 3. Obtain a current evaluation of co-occurring conditions such as psychiatric or medical disorders as indicated
 - 4. Maintain current state nursing licensure, including meeting any continued competence or continuing education requirements.
 - 5. Cease nursing practice and agree to inactivate their license until or unless approved to continue or return to practice by the treatment professional and the alternative program.
- d. The participant shall execute any releases that are necessary to sign for monitoring and consents to information exchange between:
 - Employer and alternative program.
 - 2 Healthcare providers and alternative program.
 - 3. Alternative program and BON.
 - 4. Treatment professionals and alternative program.
 - 5. Other state boards and alternative programs.
- e. The contract shall also provide that the participant agrees to:
 - 4. Enter treatment and participate in all treatment recommendations.
 - 2 Provide counselors with the necessary forms to complete and give back to the program.
 - 3. Obtain an assessment by a medical doctor who is approved by the alternative program and has a subspecialty in addictions and pain management.
 - 4. Sign and adhere to pain management contracts if there are pain issues as well as addiction issues.
 - 5. Undergo any additional evaluation as requested by the alternative program or treatment provider.
 - 6 Complete substance disorder, dependency or mental health assessment, treatment, continuing care and aftercare.

7.6.6 Recovery Monitoring Requirements

The participant is expected to:

- a. Attend three 12 step or other approved self help meetings a week and one peer support group per week and submit documentation to the alternative program at least monthly.
- b. Maintain an active and consistent relationship with a sponsor.
- e. Select and provide the contact information for one pharmacy for prescription needs, one health care provider for health care needs and one dentist for dental needs to the alternative program.
- d. Report any prescriptions for mood altering drugs as well as over the counter medications within 24 hours of receipt of prescription to the alternative program and prior to returning to nursing practice.
- e. Notify any and all health care providers of substance use history prior to receiving any prescription.
- f. Provide a written statement from the prescribing provider that confirms the provider's awareness of the participant's history of substance use or dependence and the participant's responsibility to confirm any prescription within 24 hours of prescribing.
- g. Have practitioners complete medication verification forms and medication logs provided by the program and submit quarterly.
- h. Submit medication forms quarterly.
- i. Provide written self reports as specified by the alternative program, but at least monthly.
- j. Submit to random drug and alcohol testing at a minimum of two to three times per month for the first 12 months of participating in the alternative program. Drug and alcohol testing may then be gradually reduced in frequency. Upon return to nursing practice, drug screenings must increase for the first 12 months of clinical practice. Drug and alcohol testing may include body fluid testing, hair testing or any other valid and reliable method of testing

such as saliva.

7.6.7 Practice Requirements and Limitations

- a The participant shall limit nursing practice to this state only. Permission to work in any other state requires written approval from the alternative program and the BON in both states.
- b. If licensed in another state or seeking licensure in another state, the participant shall authorize the alternative program to release participant information to any other state of licensure or where seeking application for licensure.
- e The participant shall maintain continuous employment in a nursing position for at least one year of the three—to five—year contract in order to be eligible for successful discharge from the program.
- d. The participant shall notify and obtain approval from the alternative program of any health care related position or job change prior to making the change or relocating.
- e. The participant shall abide by return to work restrictions and requirements.
- f The participant shall abide by all policies, procedures and contracts of employer.
- g The participant shall inform all employers or schools of participation in the alternative program and provide a copy of the contract, stipulations or final orders from the BON to any prospective or current nursing position employers.
- h. The participant shall ensure that the supervisor at the place of employment is given a copy of the contract and any other necessary forms.
- it The participant shall ensure that the alternative program receives the agreement form signed by the direct supervisor at the place of employment prior to beginning a new or resuming an existing position.
- j. The participant shall schedule at least monthly check in meetings with the supervisor at the place of employment for the purpose of addressing any concerns of either party. Documentation of such meetings shall be available to the alternative program staff if requested.
- k The participant shall notify the alternative program within two days of any change in supervisor, workplace monitor or employment.
- I. Any exceptions to work restrictions may be approved in writing by the alternative program. Approval must be obtained from the alternative program prior to any position acceptance, job responsibility change or other related employment activity.
- m. The participant shall discontinue access to and administration of controlled substances or any potentially addictive medications for a minimum of six months of returning to work.

7.6.8 Program Notification Requirements

- a. The contract shall provide that the participant shall:
 - 1. Notify the alternative program within two days if participant has a disciplinary meeting or employment counseling with employer.
 - 2. Notify the alternative program within two days of any changes in residency, contact information and for any termination or resignation from employment.
 - 3. Report within 24 hours any crimes committed, criminal arrests, citations, or deferred sentences and conviction including a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere.
 - 4. Notify the alternative program if a complaint is filed against the license of the participant.
 - 5. Report all alcohol or unauthorized substance use regardless of amount or route of administration.
 - 6. Obtain a re-assessment by a licensed addiction counselor in the event of relapse or suspected relapse.
 - 7. Abide by further recommendations in the event of a relapse or suspected relapse as deemed clinically appropriate.
 - & Appear in person for all routinely scheduled interviews and any additional interviews with reasonable notice given by the alternative program.
 - 9. Inform the alternative program manager verbally and in writing of a pending relocation out of the state.
 - 10. Pay all fees and costs associated with being in the alternative program.
- b. By signing the contract the participant agrees to the following:
 - 4. He or she has had or is having problems with substance use or have a substance use disorder.
 - 2. He or she has violated the nurse practice act and that any violation of the contract is a further violation of the nurse practice act and grounds for referral to the BON.
 - 3. Entry into the alternative program was voluntary, there was an opportunity to seek advice of legal counsel or personal representative and there was opportunity to clarify any terms or conditions that were not understood.
 - 4. He or she has read and will abide by the terms and conditions of the program handbook or manual as well as any new policies or procedures received in writing throughout participation in the alternative program.
- e. By signing the contract, the participant waives all rights to appeal, grievances, complaints or otherwise contest licensure actions arising out of alternative program participation, and the right to contest the imposition of discipline arising from a breach of this agreement with the exception of contesting a determination that one or more terms of the agreement have been violated.

- d. The identity of participants and the terms of the contract are non-public but may be shared with parties who have an official need to know such as state BON members, other state boards, other state's alternative programs and participant's employers.
- e. The participant shall give the supervisor a copy of the contract and any other necessary forms prior to beginning a new or resuming an existing position and agrees to notify the program immediately of any change in supervision. Failure to comply will result in an immediate cease and desist of all work related activities from the alternative program.
- f. Any noncompliance with the contract or unsuccessful termination from the program is unprofessional conduct, is in violation of the rules and laws regarding the practice of nursing and may be used to support any future progressive disciplinary actions.
- g. If any single part or parts of the contract are violated by the participant, the remaining parts remain valid and operative.
- h. Any unauthorized missed drug or alcohol testing will be considered non-compliance with the program.
- i. Any confirmed positive drug screen may be considered noncompliance if the program has not received the proper documentation from the prescribing practitioner.
- j. Any confirmed positive drug screen for which the alternative program has not received prior written authorization and confirmation from an approved provider and any drug screen that is confirmed as an adulterated or substituted specimen shall result in the participant ceasing nursing practice until further evaluation and receipt of written authorization to return to practice from the alternative program.
- k. Noncompliance with drug and alcohol testing will result in an increased level of testing and will result in a report to the BON.
- In the event of any non-compliance with any of the terms of the contract in any respect, the alternative program may require the participating nurse to cease practice, notify the nurse's employer and the length and terms of this contract may be extended and modified.
- m. In the event of any non-compliance with the terms of the contract, the participant may be discharged from the alternative program or reported to the BON while remaining in monitoring.
- n. If discharged from the alternative program for non-compliance or referred to the BON for non-compliance, the BON may use any misconduct that may have occurred while enrolled in the program in disciplinary proceedings and the BON may obtain complete records of participation in the alternative program.
- e. The contract does not preclude the program from initiating or taking appropriate action regarding any othermisconduct not covered by the contract. Such action could include reporting the offense to the BON.

7.6.9 Standards for Treatment Programs

- a Treatment programs that meet the standards set forth in this rule shall be approved by the alternative program for use by participants.
- b. The minimum standards for approved treatment providers include:
 - 1. Licensure by the state.
 - 2. Provide a geographically convenient location for treatment to encourage the participation of family members in the nurse's primary treatment.
 - 3. Offer family involvement in the treatment.
 - 4. Adhere to an abstinence-based program.
 - 5. Adhere to a 12 step philosophy.
 - 6. Require frequent random and for cause drug screening with positive results reported to the alternative program.
 - 7. Development of an individualized initial treatment and a minimum 12 month aftercare program to meet the specific needs of the nurse patient, based on evaluation by a multidisciplinary team.
 - 8. Provide information to the alternative program staff on the status of referred patients after appropriate consents to release information are obtained including immediate reports on significant events that occur intreatment that are related to the nurse's ability to practice safely. Information that needs to be communicated includes assessments, diagnosis, prognosis, discharge summary, follow-up recommendations and compliance with treatment.

7.6.10Return to Work

- a. Upon entry into the alternative program, the participant agrees that their license will be placed on inactive statusuntil return to work is recommended by the alternative program.
- . In order to ensure patient safety, the nurse's practice must be monitored through the following:
 - 1. The participant's supervisor and whenever possible at least one nurse monitor must be identified in the participant's return to work contract.
 - 2 Supervisors or work site monitors shall be licensed or privileged to practice nursing, shall not have an encumbered license, shall not be a current participant in any alternative program and shall avoid any conflicts of

- interest that could impede the ability to objectively monitor the nurse.
- 3. Supervisors and work site monitors are nurses who have assumed responsibility for overseeing the participant's practice and at least one monitor or the supervisor must be available on site in order to intervene if there is a concern or an incident involving the participant.
- 4. Supervisors and work site monitors must be knowledgeable of the participant's nursing role and the nurse's participation in the alternative program including the nurse's return to work agreement and any associated practice restrictions.
- 5. Nurse monitors or supervisors must provide to the alternative program regular and as needed reports on the nurse's ability to practice safely.
- 6. Nurse monitors, supervisors and program staff must have continuous and ongoing communication to ensure the nurse's compliance with the contract and workplace policies and procedures.
- 7. There shall be periodic face to face visits with the nurse, work site monitor or supervisor.
- Nurse employers must make reasonable accommodations for nurses with a substance use disorder under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.
- 9. The employer shall have the authority to request a for cause specimen for drug testing when warranted or when requested by the alternative program.
- 10. A meeting shall be held with the nurse's co-workers who have a legitimate need to know regarding the nurse's work restrictions.
- e. Upon return to work, the participant is not allowed to work any of the following for a minimum of 12 months:
 - 1. Odd schedules such as overtime, night shift or anything in excess of a 12 hour shift.
 - 2 More than three consecutive 12-hour shifts.
 - 3. Without direct supervision.
 - 4. With limited or full access to controlled substances.
 - 5. In a home health or hospice type of setting, travel, registry or agency, float or on call PRN pool, tele nursing and disaster relief nursing.
 - 6. In any other unsupervised nursing position.
- d. If relapse, diversion or other violations of the work related requirements occur, the alternative program will-require the participant to immediately cease practice and the alternative program will notify the employer and the BON.
- e. The program will continue to monitor the nurse even after referring the nurse to the BON or the discipline program until the discipline program can begin monitoring or pending board action.

7.6.11 Program Completion

A participant successfully completes the program when the participant complies with all terms and conditions of the program as specified in this chapter and the participant's contract.

7.6.12 Termination from the Program

Participation in the alternative program may be terminated for any of the following reasons:

- a. The participant fails to comply with any of the terms and conditions of the program specified in this chapter.
- b. The participant fails to comply with any provision of the participant's contract.
- c. The participant is unable to practice according to acceptable and prevailing standards of safe care.
- d. The program receives information that indicates that the participant may have committed additional violations of the grounds for disciplinary action or the provisions of this chapter.
- e. The participant receives a criminal conviction.

7.8 Practice Remediation Program (PRP) Structure

- a. The program shall be directed by a qualified administrator with adult education and teaching expertise.
- b. The program shall develop criteria for selection, performance and evaluation of educational providers who participate in the PRP.
- c. The program shall report to the BON regarding the utilization of the program and meet specific reporting criteria established by the BON.
- d. The program shall make aggregate data regarding operations and outcomes available to the BON and interested others.

7.8.1 Identification of Practice Deficiencies

- a. Reports that a nurse may have practice deficiencies may be referred to the PRP for review.
- b. Criteria to determine if a licensee's identified practice deficiency can be corrected through participation in the PRP rather than through formal disciplinary action include, but are not limited to:
 - 4. The licensee's willingness to participate in the PRP.

- Whether the reported practice deficiency:
 - Represented an intentional or willful commission or omission by the licensee;
 - Represented a single incident or a pattern of behavior by the licensee and, if a pattern of behavior the frequency of the occurrence; and
 - Involved a vulnerable patient.
- The impact of the practice deficiency on patient care and outcomes.
- The likelihood of correcting the practice deficiency throughremediation. 4
- Whether remediation and monitoring of the nurse's practice will provide reasonable assurance that the public-5 will be adequately protected from unsafe practice if the licensee enters the PRP.

7.8.2 Eligibility Requirements for Participation in the PRP

A licensee may participate in the PRP if:

- The licensee is currently licensed to practice nursing in the jurisdiction and is eligible to renew the license.
- The licensee has not been the subject of formal disciplinary action by any regulatory BON or entity located in this state or in another jurisdiction, unless the BON determines that the previous disciplinary action was for a violation that would not preclude participation in the PRP.
- The nurse has no pending criminal conviction.
- The review of the criteria in 7.8.1 determines that the licensee's identified practice deficiency is appropriate to correct through remediation and would not pose a significant risk for the health care consumer, as determined by PRPstaff.

7.8.3 Provisions of the Participatory Agreement for the PRP

- When a licensee has been determined by the BON to be eligible for the PRP, the licensee shall execute a participatory agreement with PRP, which includes but, is not limited to:
 - A description of the identified practice deficiency.
 - The specific remediation the participant must complete, including identification of educational providers and time frame for compliance with the terms of the participatory agreement.
 - The requirement that the participant pay all expenses the participant incurs as a result of the required remediation.
 - Requires the participant to notify all employers during the course of participation in the PRP.
 - The requirement that the participant agree not to practice in any other jurisdiction during the term of the PRP agreement without prior authorization from the other jurisdiction and the PRP.
 - 6. A monitoring plan and expected progress reports from all employers, education providers and the licensee.
 - The requirement that the participant sign all waivers necessary to secure all reports required by PRP.
 - Expectations for successful completion of the program. 8.
 - The grounds for termination from the PRP.
- A licensee determined eligible for the PRP who refuses to enter into the participatory agreement within the timeframe specified by PRP shall be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with Article VII.

7.8.4 Successful Completion of Program

A participant successfully completes the program when the participant complies with all terms and conditions of the program, as specified in this chapter and the participant's agreement.

7.8.5 Termination from the Practice Remediation Program

- Participation in the PRP may be terminated for any of the following:
 - Failure to comply with any term of the participatory agreement entered into by the participant.
 - Receipt of evidence from the educational provider indicating that the participant has failed to progress through or to successfully complete the remediation in the manner and during the time frame prescribed in the participatory agreement.
 - 3. Receipt of evidence from the workplace monitor indicating that the participant has continued to demonstrate the practice deficiency.
 - Failure to complete the remediation.
 - Failure to maintain eligibility for PRP.
- When a licensee is terminated from PRP for one or more of these reasons, the BON may proceed with disciplinary action in accordance with Article VII. The BON may consider the licensee's termination from the PRP when determining the discipline to be imposed.

7.8.6 Disclosure of PRP Records

Information obtained by the practice program pursuant to an investigation shall be classified as not public information -75-

- b. All records regarding a licensee's participation in the PRP are not public and shall be maintained in the program office in a secure place separate and apart from the BON's record.
- e. The records shall be made public only by subpoena and court order.
- d. All educational providers and workplace monitors selected to provide remediation by a participant in PRP shall, as representatives of the BON, maintain the privacy of all records regarding the participant's remediation.
- e. The PRP shall make regular reports to the BON setting forth, in aggregate, information regarding practice deficiencies, the types of educational interventions undertaken to correct the deficiencies and any other statistical information requested by the BON.
- f. Non-public treatment of PRP records shall be cancelled if the nurse defaults on the PRP agreement and does not comply with the requirements of the program.

7.9 Reporting

7.9.1 Insurers

Four times each year, by the first day of February, May, August and November, each insurer authorized to sell insurance in this jurisdiction and providing professional liability insurance to RNs, LPN/VNs or APRNs shall submit to the BON a report concerning any nurse against whom a malpractice award has been made or who has been a party to a settlement. The report shall contain at least the following information:

- a. The total number of settlements or awards.
- b. The date the settlement or award was made.
- e. The allegations contained in the claim or complaint leading to the settlement or award.
- d. The dollar amount of each malpractice settlement or award and whether that amount was paid off as a result of a settlement or of an award.
- e. The name and address of the nurse against whom an award was made or with whom a settlement was made.

7.9.2 Deadlines and Forms

Reports required must be submitted no later than 30 days after the occurrence of the reportable event or transaction. The BON may provide forms for the submission of reports required by this section, may require that the reports be submitted on the forms provided, and may adopt rules necessary to assure prompt and accurate reporting. The BON shall review all reports, including those submitted after the deadline.

7.9.3 Minor Incidents

- a. The chief administrative nurse or designee responsible for reviewing incidents of practice breakdown may determine that an incident need not be reported to the BON if all of the following factors exist:
 - 1. The potential risk of physical, emotional or financial harm to the patient due to the incident is minimal.
 - 2 The nurse exhibits a conscientious approach to and accountability for his or her practice.
 - 3. The nurse has demonstrated the knowledge and skill to practice safely.
 - 4. The nurse maintains employment at the health care facility where the incident occurred.
- b. The review of the incident shall include evaluation of the significance of the event in the practice setting, the context of the event, and the presence of contributing or mitigating circumstances in the nursing care delivery system.
- e. If an event is determined to be a minor incident:
 - 4. An incident/variance report shall be completed according to the employing facility's policy, including a complete description of the incident, patient record number, names of witnesses, identification of subject nurse and action to correct or remediate the problem.
 - The chief administrative nurse or designee shall maintain a record of each minor incident involving nurses under his/her supervision.
- d. The chief administrative nurse or designee shall report to the BON if <> minor incidents involving a nurse are documented within a one year time period; if a nurse leaves employment before completing any employer expectations for reeducation or other remediation; or if the risk of ongoing problems that do not respond to employer remediation expose patients to unsafe nursing care.
- e. Nothing in this rule is intended to prevent reporting of a potential violation directly to the BON.
- f. Failure to classify an event appropriately in order to avoid reporting may result in violation of the mandatory reporting statute.

7.10 Emergency Action

Chapter 8. Violations and Penalties

Chapter 9. Implementation

Chapter 10. Unlicensed Assistive Personnel

10.1 Certified Nursing Assistant (CNA)

10.1.1 Basic Curriculum Required of All CNAs

- a. All CNAs shall complete at least <> hours of instruction which can be met by completing at least <> hours of classroom instruction with <> hours of clinical instruction at a long term or comparable facility.
- b. A CNA training program shall provide a written curriculum plan to each student that includes overall course goals and for each required subject:
 - 1. Measurable learner-centered objectives.
 - 2. An outline of the material to be taught.
 - 3. The time allotted for each unit of instruction.
 - 4. The learning activities or reading assignments.
- e. A CNA training program shall provide classroom and clinical instruction regarding each of the following subjects:
 - 4. Communication, interpersonal skills and documentation.
 - 2. Infection control.
 - 3. Safety and emergency procedures, including the Heimlich© maneuver and cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction.
 - 4. Patient or resident independence.
 - 5. Patient or resident rights, including:
 - a. The right to confidentiality;
 - b. The right to privacy;
 - c. The right to be free from abuse, mistreatment, and neglect;
 - d. The right to make personal choices;
 - e. The right to obtain assistance in resolving grievances and disputes;
 - f. The right to care and security of a patient's or resident's personal property; and
 - g. The right to be free from restraints.
 - 6. Recognizing and reporting abuse, mistreatment or neglect to a supervisor.
 - 7. Basic CNA skills, including:
 - a. Taking vital signs, height, and weight;
 - b. Maintaining a patient's or resident's environment;
 - c. Observing and reporting pain;
 - d. Assisting with diagnostic tests;
 - e. Providing care for patients or residents with drains and tubes;
 - f. Recognizing and reporting abnormal changes to a supervisor;
 - g. Applying clean bandages;
 - h. Providing perioperative care; and
 - i. Assisting in admitting, transferring, or discharging patients or residents.
 - 8. Personal care skills, including:
 - a. Bathing, skin care, and dressing;
 - b. Oral and denture care;
 - e. Shampoo and hair care;
 - d. Fingernail care;
 - e. Toileting, perineal and ostomy care; and
 - f. Feeding and hydration, including proper feeding techniques and use of assistive devices in feeding.
 - 9. Age specific, mental health, and social service needs, including:
 - a. Modifying the CNA's behavior in response to patient or resident behavior;
 - b. Demonstrating an awareness of the developmental tasks associated with the aging process;
 - e. Responding to patient or resident behavior;
 - d. Promoting patient or resident dignity;
 - e. Providing culturally sensitive care;
 - f. Caring for the dying patient or resident; and
 - g. Interacting with the patient's or resident's family.
 - 10. Care of the cognitively impaired patient or resident including;

- a. Addressing the unique needs and behaviors of patients or residents with dementia;
- b. Communicating with cognitively impaired patients or residents;
- e. Understanding the behavior of cognitively impaired patients or residents; and
- d. Reducing the effects of cognitive impairment.
- 11. Skills for basic restorative services, including:
 - a. Body mechanics;
 - b. Resident self-care;
 - e. Assistive devices used in transferring, ambulating, eating and dressing;
 - d. Range of motion exercises;
 - e. Bowel and bladder training;
 - £ Care and use of prosthetic and orthotic devices; and
 - g. Family and group activities.
- 12. Health care team member skills including time management and prioritizing work.
- 13. Legal aspects of CNA practice, including:
 - a. BON prescribed requirements for certification and re-certification;
 - b. Delegation;
 - e. Ethics; and
 - d. Advance directives and do not resuscitate orders.
- 14. Body structure and function, together with common diseases and conditions of the elderly
 - a. A CNA training program shall provide a student with a minimum of 16 hours instruction in the subjects identified in subsections c.1 6 before allowing a student to care for patients or residents.
 - b. A CNA training program shall utilize a CNA textbook that has been published within the previous five years.

10.1.2 Standards for CNAs

The CNA shall meet the following standards:

- a. Competently perform nursing tasks and functions as delegated by the nurse and authorized in the Act and rules.
- b. Demonstrate honesty and integrity.
- e. Base nursing tasks/functions/activities on education, training and the direction of the supervising nurse.
- d. Accept accountability for one's behavior and actions while assisting the nurse and providing services to patients.
- e. Assist in observing patients and identifying patient needs.
- f. Communicate progress toward completing delegated nursing tasks/functions/abilities, as well as any problems or changes in a patient's status.
- g. Seek clarification if unsure of expectations.
- h. Use educational and training opportunities as available.
- i. Take preventive measures to protect patient, others and self.
- j. Respect patient's rights, concerns, decisions and dignity.
- k. Function as a member of the health care team, contributing to the implementation of an integrated health care plan.
- 4. Respect patient property and the property of others.
- m. Protect confidential information unless obligated by law to disclose the information.

10.2 Medication Assistant Certified (MAC)

An MAC is a CNA who meets the additional qualifications and training requirements to administer selected medications-under the delegation of a licensed nurse.

10.2.1 Additional Training for MACs

Additional training for MACs shall include <> hours of didactic instruction and <> hours of clinical instruction regarding the following:

- a. Role of the MAC.
- b. Medication administration as a delegated nursing function under nursing supervision.
- e. Acts that cannot be delegated to MACs, including:
 - 1. Conversion or calculation of drug dosage;
 - 2. Assessment of patient need for or response to medication; and
 - 3. Nursing judgment regarding the administration of PRN medications.
- d. Rights of individuals.
- e. Legal and ethical issues.

- f. Agency policies and procedures related to medication administration.
- g. Functions involved in the management of medications, including prescription, dispensing, administration and self-administration.
- h. Principles of safe medication storage and disposal of medication.
- i. Reasons for medication administration.
- i: Classes of drugs, their effects, common side effects and interactions.
- k. Reporting of symptoms or side effects.
- L. Techniques to check, evaluate and record vital signs as part of safe medication administration.
- m. The rights of administration, including right person, right drug, right dose, right time, right route and right documentation.
- n. Documentation of medication administration.
- o. Prevention of medication errors.
- p. Incident reporting.
- q. Location of resources and references.
- e. Overview of the state agencies involved in the regulation of medication administration.
- s. Supervised clinical experience in administering medications.

1022 Medication Administration by an MAC

- a. An MAC may perform a task involving the administration of medications when the MAC's assignment is to administer medications under the supervision of a licensed nurse in accordance with provisions of this Act and rules
- b. An MAC shall not perform a task involving the administration of medication when:
 - 1. The medication administration requires an assessment of the patient's need for medication, a calculation of the dosage of the medication or the conversion of the dosage;
 - The supervising nurse is unavailable to monitor the progress of the patient and the effect on the patient of the medication;
 - 3. The patient is not stable or has changing nursing needs; or
 - 4. The medication order includes the following medications and routes: <>.
- e. MACs shall report to the supervising nurse:
 - 1. Signs or symptoms that appear life threatening;
 - 2 Events that appear health threatening;
 - 3. Medications that produce no results or undesirable effects as reported by the patient; and
 - 4. Any medication error.

1023 Standards for MACs

The MAC shall meet the following standards:

- a. Competently perform nursing tasks and functions as delegated by the nurse and authorized in the Act and rules.
- b. Demonstrate honesty and integrity.
- e. Base nursing tasks/functions/activities on education, training and the direction of the supervising nurse.
- d. Accept accountability for one's behavior and actions while assisting the nurse and providing services to patients.
- e. Assist in observing patients and identifying patient needs.
- f. Communicate progress toward completing delegated nursing tasks/functions/abilities, as well as any problems or changes in a patient's status.
- g. Seek clarification if unsure of expectations.
- h. Use educational and training opportunities as available.
- i. Take preventive measures to protect patient, others and self.
- j. Respect patient's rights, concerns, decisions and dignity.
- k. Function as a member of the health care team, contributing to the implementation of an integrated health care plan.
- 1. Respect patient property and the property of others.
- m. Protect confidential information unless obligated by law to disclose the information.

10.3 Safe Delegation

Nursing tasks/functions/activities that inherently involve ongoing assessment, interpretation or decision making that cannot be logically separated from the procedure(s) are not to be delegated to nursing assistive personnel.

10.3.1 Criteria

The following criteria shall be used to determine which nursing tasks/functions/activities that may be delegated:

- a. Knowledge and skills of the nursing assistive personnel.
- b. Verification of the clinical competence of the nursing assistive personnel by the employing agency.
- e. Stability of the patient's condition that involves predictability, absence of risk of complication and rate of change.

10.3.2 Variables

The variables in each service setting include, but are not limited to:

- a. The accessible resources and established policies, procedures, practices and channels of communication that lend support to the type of nursing tasks/functions/activities being delegated to nursing assistive personnel.
- b. The complexity and frequency of care needed by a given patient population.
- c. The proximity of patients to staff.
- d. The number and qualifications of staff.
- e. The accessibility of the licensed nurse.

10.4 CNA and MAC Certification

10.4.1 Application for Certification

- a. An applicant for certification as a CNA shall submit to the BON:
 - 1. A completed application form.
 - 2. Proof of successful completion of an approved CNA education and training program.
 - 3. Proof of successful completion of a CNA competency evaluation.
 - 4. Applicable fees.
 - 5. Applicant's fingerprint information.
 - 6. Declaration of status of all CNA registration in other jurisdictions.
- b. An applicant for certification as an MAC shall submit to the BON:
 - 1. A completed application form.
 - 2. Proof of successful completion of an approved MAC education and training program.
 - 3. Proof of successful completion of an MAC competency evaluation.
 - 4. Applicable fees.
 - 5. Applicant's fingerprint information.
- e. Acceptance of out-of-state certificates
 - 1. The BON may issue a certificate to a CNA who has a current certificate or an equivalent document issued by another state if the BON receives an application pursuant to 10.10.a. and determines that the applicant meets the requirements of this rule.
 - 2. The BON shall evaluate felony convictions according to rule 5.9.

10.4.2 Renewal of Certification

- a. The CNA shall submit to the BON:
 - 1. A renewal application on a BON form.
 - 2. The applicable fee.
 - 3. A verified statement that indicates whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime during the period of time since becoming certified or renewing the certification.
 - 4. Evidence of completion of <> hours of continued education.
 - 5. Evidence of completion of <> hours of work as a CNA.
- b. Upon satisfactory review of the application, the BON shall renew the certification.
- e. The MAC shall submit to the BON:
 - 1. A renewal application on a BON form.
 - 2. The applicable fee.
 - 3. A verified statement that indicates whether the applicant has been convicted of a crime during the period of time since becoming certified or renewing the certification.

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- 4. Evidence of completion of <hours> of continued education.
- 5. Evidence of completion of <hours> of work as an MAC.
- d. Upon satisfactory review of the application, the BON shall renew the certification.

10.4.3 Lapse of Certification

A CNA who has not maintained current certification but wishes to be reinstated:

- a. If the certification has been lapsed for less than <>, the CNA may apply and meet the requirements of 10.4.2.
- b. If the certification has been lapsed for more than <>, the CNA shall be required to repeat training and

competency evaluation for the desired level of certification.

10.4.4 Reporting Criminal Convictions

The CNA and MAC shall report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction within 90 days.

10.5 Titles and Abbreviations

10.6 CNA and MAC Education and Training Programs

10.6.1 Initial Application

- a. An applicant for initial CNA or MAC training program approval shall submit an application packet to the BON least 90 days before the expected starting date of the program. An applicant shall submit application documents that are unbound, typed or word processed, single sided, and on white, letter size paper.
- b. The application packet for initial program approval shall include all of the following:
 - 1. Name, address, telephone number, and fax number of program.
 - 2. Identity of the program.
 - 3. Name, license number, telephone number and qualifications of the program coordinator.
 - 4. Name, license number, telephone number and qualifications of each program instructor.
 - 5. Name and telephone number of the person with administrative oversight of the training program.
 - 6. Accreditation status of the applicant, if any, including the name of the accrediting body and date of last review.
 - 7. Name, address, telephone number, contact person, program status, and most recent review for all health care institutions where program classroom or clinical instruction will take place.
 - 8. Medicare certification status, if any.
 - 9. Documentation of the following:
 - a. Program description, and an implementation plan, including timelines;
 - b. Classroom facilities, equipment, and instructional tools available;
 - e. Written curriculum, consistent with section 10.1.1 or 10.2.1 for the type of program;
 - d. A copy of the documentation that the program will use to verify psycho-motor skills for each student;
 - e. A copy of the document issued to the student upon completion of the program;
 - f. Textbook author, name, year of publication, and publisher; and
 - g. A copy of course policies.
 - 10. For a Medicare or Medicaid certified long term care facility based program, a signed, sworn, and notarized document, executed by a program coordinator, affirming that the program does not require a CNA student to pay a fee for any portion of the program including the state competency exam.
 - 11. For a Medicare or Medicaid long term care facility based program, the actual price of a textbook and other loaned equipment, if the CNA program charges a student who does not return these items upon course completion, and any commercially available standard uniform, watch, pen, paper, duty shoes, and other commonly available personal items that are required for the course, for which a student may incur an expense.
- e. Following receipt of a complete application packet, the BON shall review the application.
 - 4. Schedule an onsite evaluation of the program.
 - 2. If requirements are met, approve the program for a period not to exceed two years.
 - 3. Deny approval of the program if the applicant does not meet the requirements.
- d. A program shall not conduct classes before receiving program approval.
- e. If approval is in the best interest of the public, the BON shall grant initial approval to any applicant who meets requirements prescribed by the BON in statute or rule. If the BON denies approval, an applicant may request a hearing by filing a written request with the BON within 30 days of service of the BON's order denying the application for approval.

10.6.2 Program Requirements

- a. All CNA training programs shall provide:
 - I. A minimum of one clinical instructor for every <10> students if students perform one or more CNA activities for a patient or resident. The program shall ensure that the instructor is physically present in the health care setting during each performance of a CNA activity for a patient or resident.
 - An instructor supervised clinical experience for each CNA student, which consists of at least <> hours of direct patient or resident care, and includes at least <> hours caring for long term care facility residents. If there is no long term care facility available within a 50-mile radius of the program, the program may conduct clinical

- sessions in a healthcare institution that provides experiences with patients or residents who have nursing careneeds similar to those of long term care facility residents.
- 3. A method to ensure that each CNA student is identified as a student by a name badge or another meansreadily observable to staff, patients, or residents and not utilize students as staff during clinical experiences.
- 4. Instructional and educational resources for implementing the program, for the planned number of students and instructional staff, including:
 - a. Current reference materials, related to the level of the curriculum.
 - b. Equipment in functional condition for simulating patient care, including:
 - i. A patient bed, overbed table and nightstand;
 - ii. Privacy curtains and call bell;
 - iii. Thermometers, stethoscopes, including a teaching stethoscope, blood pressure cuffs and a balance type scale;
 - iv. Hygiene supplies, elimination equipment, drainage devices and linens;
 - v. Hand washing equipment and clean gloves; and
 - vi. Wheelchair, gait belt, walker, anti-embolic hose, and cane.
 - e. Audio visual equipment and media.
 - d. Designated space for didactic teaching and skill practice that provides a clean, distraction free learning environment for accomplishing the educational goals of the program and is comparable to the space provided by a previously approved program of similar size and type, if any.
- 5. Evidence of successful program completion to the student.
- 6. A CNA training program shall maintain the following program records for three years:
 - a. Curriculum and course schedule for each cohort group;
 - b. Results of state approved written and manual skills testing;
 - e. Completed student program evaluation forms, a summary of the evaluations for each cohort group, and measures taken by the program, if any, to improve the program based on student and instructor evaluation; and
 - d. A copy of any BON reports, applications or correspondence related to the program.
- 7. A CNA training program shall maintain the following student records for three years:
 - a. A record of the student's name, date of birth, and Social Security number, if available.
 - b. Skills checklist for each student that shall include:
 - i. Each of the skills listed in sections 10.1.1 or 10.2.1 as applicable to the type of program;
 - ii. The date each skill-was practiced or demonstrated;
 - iii. The student's satisfactory or unsatisfactory performance of a skill each time it was practiced or demonstrated; and
 - iv. The name and signature of the instructor who supervised the student's performance of a skill.
 - e. Attendance record, which describes any make up class sessions.
 - d. Scores on each test, quiz or exam and, if applicable, whether such test quiz or exam was retaken.
 - e. A copy of the certificate of completion issued to the student upon successful completion of the training program.
- e. All MAC training programs shall provide:
 - 1. A minimum of one clinical instructor for every students during the administration of medications to ensure that each administration of medication is verified by a licensed nurse. The program shall ensure that the instructor is physically present in the health care setting during each performance of an MAC activity for a patient or resident.
 - 2 An instructor supervised clinical experience for each MAC student, which consists of at least <> hours of medication administration.
 - 3. A method to assure that each MAC student is identified as a student by a name badge or another means-readily observable to staff, patients or residents and assure that no students are utilized as staff during clinical experiences.
 - 4. Instructional and educational resources for implementing the program, for the planned number of students and instructional staff, including:
 - a. Current reference materials related to the level of the curriculum;
 - b. Equipment in functional condition for simulating medication administration;
 - e. Audio visual equipment and media; and
 - d. Designated space for didactic teaching and skill practice that provides a clean, distraction free learning environment for accomplishing the educational goals of the program and is comparable to the space provided by a previously approved program of similar size and type, if any.
 - 5. Evidence of successful program completion to the student.
 - 6. An MAC training program shall maintain the following program records for three years:
 - a. Curriculum and course schedule for each cohort group;

- b. Results of state approved testing;
- e. Completed student program evaluation forms, a summary of the evaluations for each cohort group, and measures taken by the program, if any, to improve the program based on student and instructor evaluation; and
- d. A copy of any BON reports, applications or correspondence related to the program.
- 7. An MAC training program shall maintain the following student records for three years:
 - a. A record of the student's name, date of birth and Social Security number, if available.
 - b. Skills checklist for each student that shall include:
 - i. The student's satisfactory or unsatisfactory performance of each medication administration skill each time it was practiced or demonstrated; and
 - ii. The name and signature of the instructor who supervised the student's performance of a skill.
 - e. Attendance record, which describes any make up class sessions.
 - d. Scores on each test, quiz or exam and, if applicable, whether such test quiz or exam was retaken.
 - e. A copy of the certificate of completion issued to the student upon successful completion of the training program.
- h. A CNA and MAC education, training and competency evaluation programs coordinator shall:
 - 4. Hold a current RN license or privilege in the state that is not encumbered.
 - 2 Have at least two years of full time experience as an RN in a health care agency or nursing education program.
 - 3. For a CNA program, at least one year nursing experience in the provision of long term care services.
- i. CNA and MAC instructors shall:
 - 4. Hold a current RN license or privilege in the state that is not encumbered.
 - 2 Have a minimum of two years practice experience in a health care facility.
 - 3. For a CNA training program have at least one of the following:
 - a. A year's experience supervising CNAs;
 - b. A year's experience teaching adults; or
 - c. Completion of a course in teaching adults.
 - 4. For an MAC training program provide documented evidence of preparation for teaching adults.

10.6.3 Renewal of Program

- a. A training program applying for renewal of approval shall submit an application packet to the BON before expiration of the current approval. An applicant shall submit application documents that are unbound, typed or word processed, single sided, and on white, letter size paper.
 - 1. The application packet shall include the following:
 - a. A program description and course goals;
 - b. Name, license number and qualifications of the current program coordinator and instructors;
 - e. A copy of the current curriculum plan, which meets the requirements set forth in this Chapter;
 - d. Number of classes held, number of students who have completed the program, and the results of the state approved competency evaluation including first time pass rate since the last program review;
 - e. A copy of course policies;
 - f. Any change in resources, contracts, or clinical facilities since the previous approval;
 - g. A copy of current student program evaluation forms, a summary of the evaluations for each cohort group, and measures taken by the program, if any, to improve the program based on student and instructor evaluation;
 - h. A sample of the certificate of completion issued to a graduate of the program; and
 - i. Textbook author, name, year of publication and publisher.
 - 2 Following receipt of the application packet, a BON representative shall review the application packet for completeness.
 - 3. Upon receipt and review of a complete application packet the BON, through its authorized representative, shall evaluate the entity offering the program either by site visit or conferring with program representatives.
 - 4. If the BON finds deficiencies with the program:
 - a. The BON shall notify the program of any deficiencies.
 - b. The program shall be allowed <time> for correction.
 - e. The program shall notify the BON when the deficiencies have been corrected.
 - d. The BON shall conduct a follow up site visit to verify that the program provider has corrected the deficiencies.
 - e. If, after follow up review, the program has not corrected the deficiencies, the BON shall deny approval of the program.
 - f. A program provider whose application has been denied may request a hearing to appeal the denial of training program approval.

- b. Following evaluation, the BON shall renew program approval for two years if a program complies with requirements of this Article and renewal is in the best interest of the public. If the program does not comply, the BON shall issue a notice of deficiency.
- e. If the BON denies renewal of approval, a program may request a hearing by filing a written request with the BON within 30 days of service of the BON's order denying the application for renewal of approval.
- d. A program that is denied renewal of approval shall not apply for reinstatement of approval for two years from the date of the denial.

10.6.4 Continuation of Approval

- a. The BON shall approve changes in an approved CNA or MAC training program. The BON will base its approval on whether the proposed change meets the requirements of 10.6.2.
- b. A training program shall submit written documentation and information to the BON regarding the following changes within 30 days of instituting the change:
 - 1. For a change or addition of an instructor or coordinator: the name, license number and documentation of meeting coordinator or instructor requirements of this Section.
 - 2. For a decrease in the number of program hours: a description of the change, the reason for the change, a revised curriculum outline and a revised course schedule.
 - 3. For a change in classroom location: the address of the new location, if applicable, and a description of the new classroom.
 - 4. For a change in a clinical facility: the name of the new facility and a copy of the clinical contract.
 - 5. For a change in the name or ownership of the facility: the former, present and new name of the facility.

10.6.5 Site Visits and Investigations

- a. A training program shall permit the BON, or a state agency designated by the BON, to conduct an onsite scheduled evaluation for initial BON approval and renewal of approval.
- b. For reasonable cause, as determined by the BON, a training program shall permit the BON, or a state agency designated by the BON, to conduct an onsite announced or unannounced evaluation of the program.

10.6.6 Withdrawal of Approval

- a. The BON shall withdraw approval of CNA and MAC education and training programs when:
 - 4. The BON determines that there is not sufficient evidence that the program is meeting standards;
 - 2 The education institution or health agency loses state approval or licensure;
 - 3. The program fails to correct deficiencies within the period set by the BON in the notice of deficiency;
 - 4. The program is noncompliant with federal, state, or if applicable, private postsecondary requirements;
 - 5. The program fails to permit a scheduled or unannounced onsite evaluation, authorized by this Article
 - 6. The program loans or transfers program approval to another entity or facility, including a facility with the same ownership;
 - 7. The program conducts a CNA training program before approval is granted;
 - The program conducts a CNA training program after expiration of approval without filing an application for renewal of approval before the expiration date; or
 - 9. The program is conducted by a long term care facility, charging for any portion of the program.
- b. The BON shall provide due process rights and adhere to the procedures of the <state administrative procedures act>, providing notice, opportunity for hearing and correction of deficiencies.
- e. The BON may consider reinstatement or approval of a training and education program upon submission of satisfactory evidence that the program meets the standards for the type of program after a period of two years.

10.6.7 Closing of Education and Training Programs

- a. In order for a program to voluntarily close, the program shall:
 - 1. Notify the BON, in writing, stating the reason and planned date of intended closing
 - 2. Continue program until the committed class schedule for currently enrolled students is completed
 - 3. Notify the BON of final closing date at least 30 days prior to final closing and
 - 4. Notify the BON regarding custody and retention of records
- b. If the BON denies or withdraws approval of any type of training and competency evaluation program, the educational institution or health agency shall cease admitting students and any of the following:
 - 1. Close the program after the graduation of all students currently enrolled.
 - 2. Close the program after the transfer of students to approved programs and submit to the BON a list of students transferred to approved program and date of transfer.

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3. Consider the date on which the last student was transferred the closing date of the program.

e. The program shall comply with the requirements of all applicable state and federal rules and notify the state that the requirements have been fulfilled and give date of final closing.

10.7 CNA and MAC Competency Evaluation

- a. To be approved by the BON, a CNA competency evaluation shall:
 - 1. Cover the topics addressed in 10.1.1.
 - 2. Administer an examination that is psychometrically sound and legally defensible.
 - 3. Be based upon an incumbent job analysis conducted periodically.
 - 4. Include a practical examination demonstrating the applicant's CNA skills.
 - 5. Be administered by the BON or by a person approved by the BON.
 - 6. Notify the applicant of the applicant's performance on the competency evaluation.
- b. To be approved by the BON, an MAC competency evaluation shall:
 - 1. Meet all the requirements of the CNA evaluation.
 - 2. Cover the topics addressed in 10.2.1.
- e. The BON may contract with a test service for the development and administration of a competency evaluation.
- d. The BON shall determine the minimum passing standard on the competency evaluation.

10.8 Discipline of CNAs and MACs

Any conduct or practice that is or may be harmful or dangerous to the health of a patient or the public constitutes a basis for disciplinary action on a certificate, including the following:

- a. Failing to maintain professional boundaries or engaging in a dual relationship with a patient, resident, or any member of the patient's or resident's family.
- b. Engaging in sexual conduct with a patient, resident, or any member of the patient's or resident's family who does not have a pre-existing relationship with the CNA or MAC, or any conduct in the work place that a reasonable person would interpret as sexual.
- e. Leaving an assignment or abandoning a patient or resident who requires care without properly notifying the immediate supervisor.
- d. Failing to accurately document care and treatment provided to a patient or resident.
- e. Falsifying or making a materially incorrect entry in a health care record.
- f. Failing to follow an employer's policies and procedures, designed to safeguard the patient or resident.
- g. Failing to take action to protect a patient or resident whose safety or welfare is at risk from potential or actual incompetent health care practice, or to report the practice to the immediate supervisor or a facility administrator.
- h. Failing to report signs, symptoms, and changes in patient or resident conditions to the immediate supervisor in an ongoing and timely manner.
- i. Violating the rights or dignity of a patient or resident.
- j. Violating a patient or resident's right of privacy by disclosing confidential information or knowledge-concerning the patient or resident, unless disclosure is otherwise required by law.

- k. Neglecting or abusing a patient or resident physically, verbally, emotionally, or financially.
- Soliciting, or borrowing, property or money from a patient or resident, or any member of the patient's or resident's family.
- m. Removing, without authorization, any money, property or personal possessions, or requesting payment for services not performed from a patient, resident, employer, co worker or member of the public.
- Use or being under the influence of alcohol, medication, or any other substance to the extent that judgmentmay be impaired and practice detrimentally affected or while on duty in any work setting.
- Accepting patient or resident care tasks that the CNA or MAC lacks the education or competence to perform.
- Removing, without authorization, narcotics, drugs, supplies, equipment, or medical records from any work setting.
- Obtaining, possessing, using, or selling any narcotic, controlled substance, or illegal drug in violation of any employer policy or any federal or state law.
- Permitting or assisting another person to use the CNA's or MAC's certificate or identity for any purpose. r.
- Making untruthful or misleading statements in advertisements of the individual's practice as a CNA or MAC. S.
- Offering or providing CNA or MAC services for compensation without a designated RN supervisor. ŧ.
- Threatening, harassing or exploiting an individual. tt:
- Using violent or abusive behavior in any work setting. ₩;
- Failing to cooperate with the BON during an investigation by:
 - 1. Not furnishing in writing a complete explanation of a matter reported under the Act;
 - 2. Not responding to a subpoena issued by the BON;
 - 3. Not completing and returning a BON issued questionnaire within 30 days; or
 - 4. Not informing the BON of a change of address or phone number within 10 days of each change.
- Engaging in fraud or deceit regarding the certification exam or an initial or renewal application for certification.
- Making a written false or inaccurate statement to the BON or the BONs designee during the course of an investigation.
- Making a false or misleading statement on a CNA, MAC or health care related employment or credential application concerning previous employment, employment experience, education, or credentials.
- aa. Failing to notify the BON, in writing, of any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, deferred judgment, or other plea arrangements in lieu of conviction within 90 days of the conviction. The CNA or MAC or applicant shall include the following in the notification:
 - 1. Name, current address, telephone number, Social Security number and certification number, if applicable;
 - 2. Date of the conviction; and
 - 3. Nature of the offense.
- ab. Practicing in any other manner that gives the BON reasonable cause to believe that the health of a patient, resident, or the public may be harmed.

Chapter 11. APRN

5.12 Standards

- d. The APRN shall comply with the standards for RNs as specified in Chapter 3 and to the standards of the national professional nursing associations recognized set forth by the BON. Standards for a specific role and population focus of APRN supersede standards for RNs where conflict between the standards, if any, exists.
- APRNs shall practice within standards established by the BON in rule and assure patient care is provided according to relevant patient care standards recognized by the BON, including standards of national professional nursing associations, and other national standards of care.

5.13 Licensure

5.13.1 Application for Initial Licensure

- h. An applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of licensure or eligibility for licensure as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed application that provides the following information:
 - Graduation from an APRN graduate or post-graduate program as evidenced by official documentation received directly from an APRN program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or the Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA), or its successor organization, as acceptable by the BON.

- 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation; credential conferred; number of clinical hours completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state.
- i. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must be currently licensed as an RN or hold a privilege to practice as an RN in this state.
- j. In order to be licensed in this state, all APRN applicants must take and pass the appropriate APRN national certification examination in the APRN role and population focus congruent with educational preparation.
- k. The BON shall determine whether a certification program can be used as a requirement for licensure of APRNs-based upon the following standards:
- l. Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
- m. Requirements for Certification Programs
 - 1. The program is national in the scope of its credentialing.
 - 2 Conditions for taking the certification examination are consistent with acceptable standards of the testing community and are intended to ensure minimal competence to practice at an advanced level of nursing.
 - 3. Educational requirements are consistent with the requirements of the advanced practice role and population focus.
 - 4. The standard methodologies used are acceptable to the testing community such as incumbent job analysis studies and logical job analysis studies.
 - 5. Certification programs are accredited by a national accreditation body as acceptable by the BON.
 - 6. The examination represents entry level practice, with minimal, though critical competencies, in the advanced nursing practice role and population.
 - 7. The examination represents the knowledge, skills and abilities essential for the delivery of safe and effective advanced nursing care to patients.
 - 8. Examination items are reviewed for content validity, cultural bias and correct scoring using an established mechanism, both before use and periodically.
 - 9. Examinations are evaluated for psychometric performance.
 - 10. The passing standard is established using acceptable psychometric methods and is reevaluated periodically.
 - 11. Examination security is maintained through established procedures.
 - 12 Certification is issued based upon passing the examination and meeting all other certification requirements.
 - 13. A retake policy is in place.
 - 14. A certification maintenance program, which includes review of qualifications and continued competence, is in place.
 - 15. Mechanisms are in place for communication to BONs for timely verification of an individual's certification status, changes in certification status, and changes in the certification program, including qualifications, test plan and scope of practice.
 - 16. An evaluation process is in place to provide quality assurance in its certification program.
- n. Requirements of 5.3.d. i. shall apply to APRNs.

5.13.2 Application of an Internationally Educated APRN

An internationally educated applicant for licensure as an APRN in this state shall:

- e. Graduate from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program equivalent to an APRN educational program in the U.S. accepted by the BON.
- f. Submit documentation through an official transcript directly from the international nursing education program and verified through a BON approved qualified credentials evaluation process for the license being sought.
- g. Has, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure education program not taught in English or if English is not the individual's native language, successfully passed an English proficiency examination that includes the components of reading, speaking, writing, and listening:
- h. Meet all other licensure criteria required of applicants educated in the U.S.

5.13.3 Application for Licensure by Endorsement

- f. An applicant for licensure by endorsement as an APRN in this state shall submit to the BON the required fee as specified in Chapter 4, verification of eligibility for an license or privilege to practice as an RN in this jurisdiction and a completed APRN application that provides the following information:
 - Graduation from a graduate or post-graduate level APRN program, as evidenced by an official transcript or other
 official documentation received directly from a graduate program accredited by a nursing accrediting body that is
 recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and/or CHEA, or its successor organization, as acceptable by the

BON.

- 2. This documentation shall verify the date of graduation; credential conferred; number of clinical hours completed; completion of three separate graduate level courses in advanced physiology and pathophysiology, advanced health assessment, advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; role and population focus of the education program; and evidence of meeting the standards of nursing education in this state.
- g. Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory.
- h. Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction.
- i. Report status of all nursing licenses, including any BON actions taken or any current or pending investigations.
- j. Current certification by a national certifying body in the APRN role and population focus appropriate to educational preparation.
 - a. Primary source of verification of certification is required.
 - b. If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past two years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 24 contact hours, 12 in pharmacotherapeutics and 12 in the clinical management of patients, within the two years prior to applying for approval to practice.
 - c. If the applicant has not been in clinical practice for more than the past five years, the applicant shall provide evidence of satisfactory completion of 45 contact hours of pharmacotherapeutics within the two years prior to application. The applicant must also successfully complete a refresher course approved by the BON or an extensive orientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor. < > hours.
 - d. Preceptor must meet the following requirements:
 - i. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus; and
 - ii. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting
- c. Requirements of 5.3.d.-i. shall apply to APRNs.

5.13.4 Application for License Renewal

An applicant for license renewal as an APRN shall submit to the BON the required fee for license renewal, as specified in Chapter 4, and a completed license renewal application including:

- d. Detailed explanation and supporting documentation for each affirmative answer to questions regarding the applicant's background.
- e. Evidence of current certification(s), or recertification as applicable, by a national professional certification organization that meets the requirements of 11.2.1.
- f. Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set forth in rule.

5.13.5 Quality Assurance/Documentation and Audit

The BON may conduct a random audit of nurses to verify current APRN certification and/or continuing education. Upon request of the BON, licensees shall submit documentation of compliance.

5.13.6 Reinstatement of License

The reinstatement of APRN licensure is the same as previously stated for RNs and LPN/VNs in Chapter 5 plus the following:

- d. An individual who applies for licensure reinstatement and who has been out of practice for more than five years shall provide evidence of successfully completing <> hours of a reorientation in the appropriate advanced practice role and population focus, which includes a supervised clinical component by a qualified preceptor.
- e. Preceptor must the following requirements:
 - 1. Holds an active license or privilege to practice as an APRN or physician that is not encumbered and practices in a comparable practice focus.
 - 2. Functions as a supervisor and teacher and evaluates the individual's performance in the clinical setting.
- f. For those licensees applying for licensure reinstatement following disciplinary action, compliance with all BON licensure requirements, as well as any specified requirements set forth in the BON's discipline order, is required.

11.3. Titles and Abbreviations

- d. Individuals are licensed or granted privilege to practice as APRNs in the roles of certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), certified nurse-midwife (CNM), clinical nurse specialist (CNS) and certified nurse practitioner (CNP) and in the population focus of family/individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, neonatal, pediatrics, women's health/ gender-related or psychiatric/mental health.
- e. Each APRN shall use the designation "APRN" plus role title as a minimum for purposes of identification

and documentation. The APRN with an earned doctorate may use the term doctor or abbreviation "Dr."

When providing nursing care, the APRN shall provide clear identification that indicates his or her APRN designation.

6.5 APRN Education

6.5.2 Required Criteria for APRN Education Programs

The BON shall determine whether an APRN education program meets the qualifications for the establishment of a program based upon the following standards:

a. An APRN program shall appoint the following personnel:

1. An APRN program administrator whose qualifications shall include:

a. A current, active RN or APRN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state where the program is approved and/or accredited;

b. A doctoral degree in a health-related field;

e. At least two years of clinical experience as an APRN; and

d. Current national APRN certification.

A lead faculty member who is educated and nationally certified in the same role and population foci and licensed as an APRN shall coordinate the educational component, including curriculum development, for the role and population foci in the APRN program.

Nursing faculty to teach any APRN nursing course that includes a clinical learning experience shall meet the

following qualifications:

a. A current, active APRN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state where the program is approved and/or accredited;

b. A minimum of a master's degree in nursing or health related field in the clinical specialty;

e. Two years of APRN clinical experience; and

d. Current knowledge, competence and certification as an APRN in the role and population foci consistent with teaching responsibilities.

Adjunct clinical faculty employed solely to supervise clinical nursing experiences of students shall meet all the

faculty qualifications for the program level they are teaching.

- Interdisciplinary faculty who teach non-clinical nursing courses shall have advanced preparation appropriate to these areas of content.
- Clinical preceptors shall have demonstrated competencies related to the area of assigned clinical teaching responsibilities and will serve as a role model and educator to the student. Clinical preceptors may be used toenhance faculty directed clinical learning experiences, but not to replace them.

7. Clinical preceptors will be approved by faculty and meet the following requirements:

a. Hold an active license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered as an APRN or physician and practices in a comparable practice focus; and

b. Function as a supervisor and teacher and evaluate the individual's performance in the clinical setting.

b. The curriculum of the APRN nursing education program must prepare the graduate to practice in one of the four identified APRN roles, i.e., CRNA, CNM, CNS and CNP, and at least one of the six population foci, i.e., family/ individual across the lifespan, adult-gerontology, neonatal, pediatrics, women's health/gender-related or psychiatric /mental health. The curriculum shall include:

Three separate graduate level courses (the APRN core) in:

a. Advanced physiology and pathophysiology, including general principles that apply across the lifespan;

b. Advanced health assessment, which includes assessment of all human systems, advanced assessment techniques, concepts and approaches; and

Advanced pharmacology, which includes pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents.

- Diagnosis and management of diseases across practice settings including diseases representative of all systems.
- 3. Preparation that provides a basic understanding of the principles for decision making in the identified role.

4. Preparation in the core competencies for the identified APRN role.

Role preparation in one of the six population foci of practice.

Additional required components of graduate or post-graduate education programs preparing APRNs shall include the following:

Each student enrolled in an APRN program shall have an RN license or privilege to practice that is not encumbered in the state of clinical practice, unless exempted from this licensure requirement under Article 5 section 10.

- 2 Education programs offered by an accredited college or university that offers a graduate degree with a concentration in the advanced nursing practice role and at least one population focus or post-masters certificate programs offered by an accredited college or university shall include the following components:
 - a. Clinical supervision congruent with current national professional organizations and nursing accrediting body standards applicable to the APRN role and population focus.
 - b. Curriculum that is congruent with national standards for graduate level and advanced practice nursing education, is consistent with nationally recognized APRN roles and population foci, and includes, but is not limited to:
 - i. Graduate APRN program core courses; and
 - ii. An advanced practice nursing core, including legal, ethical and professional responsibilities of the APRN.
- 3. The curriculum shall be consistent with competencies of the specific areas of practice.
- 4. APRN programs preparing for two population foci or combined nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist shall include content and clinical experience in both functional roles and population foci.
- 5. Each instructional track/major shall have a minimum of 500 supervised clinical hours as defined by the BON. The supervised experience is directly related to the role and population foci, including pharmacotherapeutic management of patients.
- 6. There shall be provisions for the recognition of prior learning and advanced placements in the curriculum for individuals who hold a master's in nursing and are seeking preparation in a different role and population focus. Post-masters nursing students shall complete the requirements of the master's APRN program through a formal graduate level certificate in the desired role and population focus. Post-master students must meet the same APRN outcome competencies as the master level students.

6.5.3 Models for Determining Compliance with Standards

The models for determining compliance with APRN education standards are the same as previously stated for RN and LPN/VN programs in Chapter 6.

6.5.4 Establishment of a New APRN Education Program

Before establishing a new nursing education program, the APRN program shall complete the process outlined below:

- a. Application to the professional accrediting body.
- b. The proposed program shall provide the following information to the BON:
 - 1. Results of a needs assessment, including identification of potential students and employment opportunities for program graduates.
 - 2. Identification of sufficient financial and other resources.
 - 3. Governing institution approval and support.
 - 4. Community support.
 - 5. Type of educational program proposed.
 - 6. Clinical opportunities and availability of resources.
 - 7. Availability of qualified faculty.
 - 8. A pool of available students.
 - 9. A proposed time line for initiating and expanding the program.

11.5 Prescriptive Authority

11.5.1 Requirements for Prescribing, Ordering, Dispensing and Furnishing Authority

- a. An APRN licensed by the BON may prescribe, order, procure, administer, dispense and furnish over the counter, legend and controlled substances pursuant to applicable state and federal laws and within the APRN's role and population focus.
- b. Written, verbal-or-electronic prescriptions and orders shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws.
- All prescriptions shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
 - 4. Name, title, address and phone number of the APRN who is prescribing.
 - 2. Name of patient.
 - 3. Date of prescription.
 - 4. Full name of the drug, dosage, route, amount to be dispensed and directions for its use.

- 5. Number of refills.
- 6. Signature of prescriber on written prescription and.
- 7. DEA number of the prescriber on all scheduled drugs.
 - a. The APRN shall comply with Federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements related to controlled substances.
 - b. The APRN shall immediately file any and all of the nurse's DEA registrations and numbers with the BON.
- d. The BON shall maintain current records of all APRNs with DEA registration and numbers.

11.5.2 Distribution of Samples

- a. APRNs may receive, sign for, record and distribute samples to patients.
- b. Distribution of drug samples shall be in accordance with state law and DEA laws, regulations and guidelines.

11.6 Discipline of Prescriptive Authority

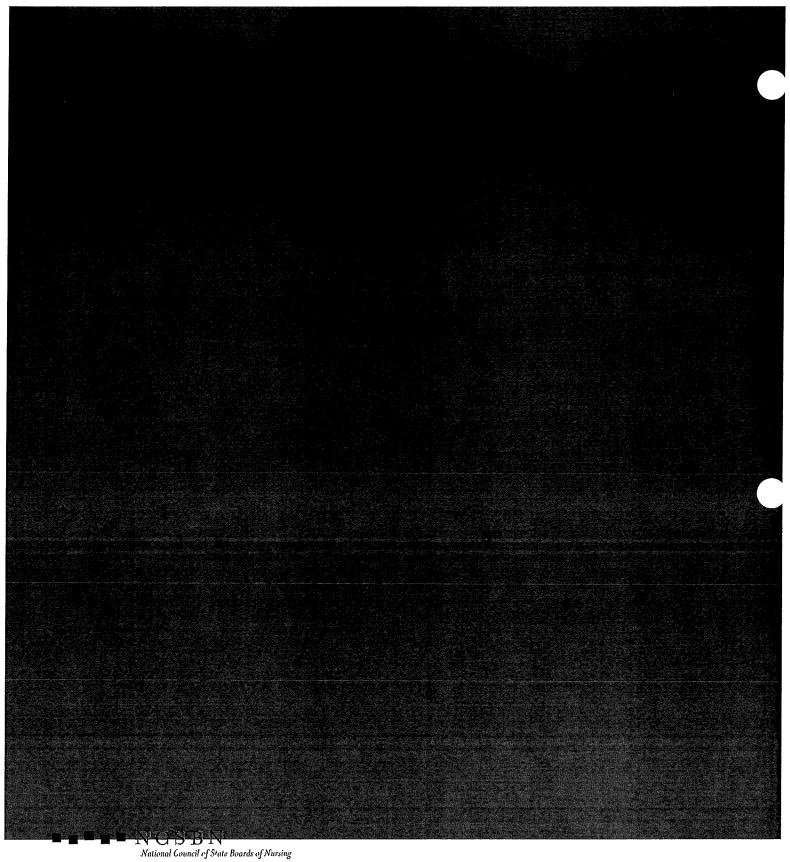
- 4. APRN discipline and proceedings is the same as previously stated for RN and LPN/VN in Chapter 7.
- 5. The BON may limit, restrict, deny, suspend or revoke APRN licensure, or prescriptive or dispensing authority.
- 6. Additional grounds for discipline related to prescriptive or dispensing authority include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, or distributing drugs in an unsafe manner or without adequate instructions to patients according to acceptable and prevailing standards.
 - 2. Selling, purchasing, trading, or offering to sell, purchase or trade drug samples.
 - 3. Prescribing, dispensing, administering or distributing drugs for other than therapeutic or prophylactic purposes. or
 - 4. Prescribing or distributing drugs to individuals who are not patients of the APRN or who are not within that nurse's role and population focus.

11.7 Implementation

- a. After <date>, all new graduates applying for APRN licensure must meet the stipulated licensure requirements.
- b. An APRN applying for licensure by endorsement in another state may be eligible for licensure if the applicant demonstrates that the following criteria have been met:
 - 1. Current, active practice in the advanced role and population focus area.
 - 2. Current active national certification or recertification, as applicable, in the advanced role and population focus area.
 - 3. Compliance with the APRN educational requirements of the state in which the APRN is applying for licensure that were in effect at the time the APRN completed his or her APRN education program.
 - 4. Compliance with all other criteria set forth by the state in which the APRN is applying for licensure, e.g. continuing education.

Chapter 12. Nurse Licensure Compact

Chapter 13. APRN Compact



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Updated 09/17



Next Generation NCLEX® Test Design

Purpose of the Recommendation to the Delegate Assembly:

As the Next Generation NCLEX is set to go live in 2023, the introduction of a new test design is needed.

Situation:

Currently, the NCLEX is a computerized adaptive test (CAT) that utilizes only items that are scored as either correct or incorrect. There is no partial credit. The Next Generation NCLEX will incorporate clinical judgment case studies and standalone items that focus directly on measuring this aspect of entry-level practice. Additionally, these items will be multi-point items, called polytomous items, that will allow for partial credit. Along with the clinical judgment items, this also allows for the potential for knowledge-based items to be scored for partial credit.

Currently, the NCLEX provides a CAT experience that allows for the selection of single items from specific content areas in a specific distribution based on the results of the periodic practice analysis. The Next Generation NCLEX will need to move beyond and expand the capabilities of the CAT experience. First, with the introduction of clinical judgment items, there will be a need to incorporate item sets that represent an unfolding clinical case study. The set of items will have been written to the NCSBN Clinical Judgment Measurement Model (NCJMM). Therefore, the selection algorithm in CAT will need to be adapted to allow for the selection of clinical judgment items along with the selection of clinical judgment item sets, i.e., case studies.

Secondly, the exam currently only scores items as totally correct or incorrect. There is no use of partial credit for partial knowledge of content nor the partial understanding of the clinical judgment activities. Therefore, the test design will need to be updated to allow for the partial scoring of items. This partial credit scoring will consist of the validated raw scoring methods and the application of the Partial Credit Model (PCM) to transform raw scores to the underlying NCLEX scale. The PCM is an extension of the current Rasch measurement model used to score the exam today; this will allow for the continuation of the NCLEX scale for scoring candidates when the Next Generation NCLEX goes live

Third, clinical judgment items and case studies will be seeded into the exam in a manner that allows for consistency across all candidates. As clinical judgment is an integrated process, it cannot be labeled specifically as a simple content area. For instance, a single clinical judgment case study can span a number of the content areas when evaluating and responding to an evolving patient scenario. Therefore, clinical judgment case studies will be allocated on the exam equally for all candidates. Each candidate will get three scored case studies and each of those will be slotted into the first third, middle third, and last third of the minimum length exam to ensure all candidates are exposed to the case studies in similar sections of the exam. After the minimum length exam, candidates will see clinical judgment standalone items in order to maximize the utility of the variable length exam. The following test design is meant to be used for both the RN and the PN examinations.

The configurations of the new test design will be:

1. Calibrate all items using the PCM (current multiple-choice-type items will retain their current calibrations as the PCM is just an extension to the current model that allows for multi-point items).

 Incorporate clinical judgment items and case studies into the exam as an integrated process and use representation based on practice analysis results. Currently, that would be three scored case studies (consisting of six items developed to the NCJMM) and standalone clinical judgment items with a 10% probability.

3. Continue the use of 15 pretest items in the exam. Candidates will get either one or two pre-test case studies. Each case study will count as six items towards the 15 total items. For example, if a candidate gets two case studies, that would be a total of 12 items, and the other three items would be single items of either the knowledge or clinical judgment types.

4. The minimum test length would be 85 items distributed in the following manner:

a. 52 knowledge-based items across the eight content areas

- b. 18 clinical judgment case study items (three case study scenarios)
- c. 15 pre-test items
- 5. The maximum test length would be 150 items.
- 6. Clinical judgment case studies will be allocated similarly for all candidates such that they get the sets in similar sections of the minimum length exam.
- 7. Optimal methods will be used to select case studies and multi-point items using the updated ability estimate and randomly selecting in the neighborhood of that ability.
- 8. Knowledge content areas will continue to be selected in the same manner as NCLEX today, i.e., identify content area for selection and then randomly select item in the neighborhood of the ability estimate.
- 9. The exam time will be a maximum of five hours.

At their April 2021 meeting, the NEC reviewed and accepted the Next Generation NCLEX® (NGN) test design for incorporating clinical judgment items and case studies along with the new polytomous scoring methods to be approved by the Delegate Assembly.

2021 Slate of Candidates

The following is the slate of candidates developed and adopted by the Leadership Succession Committee. Each candidate profile is taken directly from the candidate's nomination / application form. The Candidate Forum will provide the opportunity for candidates to address the 2021 Delegate Assembly.

Board of Directors

President-Elect

Phyllis Johnson

Mississippi

Area III

Treasurer

Adrian Guerrero

Kansas

Area II

Area I Director

Susan VanBeuge

Nevada

Area I

Area II Director

Lori Scheidt

Missouri

Area II

Area III Director

VACANT

Area IV Director

Karen Evans

Maryland

Area IV

Leadership Succession Committee

Area I Member

VACANT

Area III Member

Sandra Culpepper Janice Hooper Mississippi

Area III

Janice Hooper Meredith Parris Texas North Carolina Area III Area III

DETAILED INFORMATION, as taken directly from application forms and organized as follows:

- 1. Name, Jurisdiction, Area
- 2. Present board of nursing position, board of nursing name
- 4. Application Questions:
 - Board of Directors:
 - 1) Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.
 - 2) What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?
 - 3) Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.
 - Leadership Succession Committee:
 - 1) Describe your professional and community experience related to leadership succession planning and/or recruitment strategies.
 - 2) What personal attributes and involvement with NCSBN (e.g., attending NCSBN meetings/conferences, subject matter expert panelist, participation on networking calls, and NCSBN committee member) make you a strong fit for the Leadership Succession Committee?
 - 3) What does leadership mean to you and identify the attributes of effective leaders?

Board of Directors

<u>President-Elect</u>
Phyllis Johnson, MSN, FNP-BC
Executive Officer, Mississippi Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.

Phyllis Polk Johnson is the CEO/Executive Director of the Mississippi Board of Nursing. She brings 40 years of experience in nursing and health care leadership to her role. Board-certified as a Family Nurse Practitioner, she has held numerous clinical and managerial responsibilities. Phyllis is a member of several professional organizations, including the Mississippi Association of Nurse Practitioners, Mississippi Nurses Association, American Nurses Association, and Sigma Theta Tau International Nursing Honor Society. She currently serves on the Board of Directors of the National Council of State Boards of Nursing (NCSBN) and the American Red Cross Mississippi Region Southwest Chapter. In July 2018, she was selected as one of the 50 Leading Businesswomen in the state of Mississippi by the Mississippi Business Journal. This culminated in her being selected as the 2019 Mississippi Business Journal Businesswoman of the Year in February 2019. As recognition of her leadership, the Mississippi Legislature honored her with a Resolution in April 2019. Appointed to the Governor's Opioid and Heroin Drug Task Force in December 2016, Phyllis has been instrumental in developing rules and regulations at the Board pertaining to the prescribing practices of Advanced Practice Nurses. Other appointments include the Governor's COVID-19 Advisory Board, the NCSBN National Licensure Compact Executive Committee, the Mississippi Board of Medical Licensure's Advisory Committee for Physician Assistants, and the Advisory Committee for the Project Change Initiative of My Brother's Keeper. In 2013, Phyllis retired from the United States Navy Reserves at the rank of Commander. She is a proud member of Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc., where she is active in the Jackson Mississippi Alumnae Chapter.

2. What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?

I've had the distinct pleasure to serve as the Area III Director on the NCSBN Board of Directors (BOD) since October 2020. Additionally, I have served as a member of the Nurse Licensure Compact (NLC) Executive Committee for two years (2018-2020). Through my participation on the BOD and the NLC Executive Committee, I feel that I demonstrate the characteristics needed to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the position of

President-Elect. The Board and staff of the Mississippi Board of Nursing are supportive of this endeavor and understand the commitment that it entails. I embody the core values of honor, courage, and commitment in all my endeavors personally and professionally. These values coupled with integrity are the epitome of any leadership position and these are characteristics I strive to display daily.

3. Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.

Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, Strategic Initiative A is one that I have a vested interest in. The focus of this initiative is to promote agile regulatory systems for relevance and responsiveness for change. Currently, I am contributing to the organization's achievement of this initiative by serving as the Board Liaison to Objective 1. Objective 1 focuses on the development, piloting, and evaluation of a regulatory excellence accreditation system to improve the effectiveness of nursing regulatory boards and strengthen public protection. My involvement also includes meetings with the Project Sponsor to review the focus of the work, data collection, and to provide input related to the quantitative and qualitative metrics received. Utilizing the Trello collaborative web-based project management platform, I've been able to participate in discussions with members of other BON agencies who are involved in this project. Progress on each objective is reported at each Board meeting which allows the opportunity to keep abreast of the work on the other initiatives in the strategic plan. Clearly, uniformity among jurisdictions in the development of regulations and best practices will have a significant impact on decreasing the workforce issues for regulatory entities.

<u>Treasurer</u> Adrian Guerrero, CPM Director of Operations, Kansas State Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.

I've had the honor of serving as the Director of Operations of the Kansas State Board of Nursing (KSBN) for over twenty-one years. I serve as an agency Budget Finance Officer and am responsible for the strategic direction and implementation of advanced technology and business solutions. Additionally, I am responsible for the primary oversight over the Licensing, Human Resources, and Information Technology departments. I have leveraged my knowledge of technology along with my leadership skills to institute innovative solutions to streamline regulatory processes that increased operational efficiency. NCSBN has provided me with numerous opportunities to develop my leadership skills and enhance my knowledge of nursing regulation. Serving in a second term as your NCSBN Treasurer, I pledge to continue to be focused on how we can work TODAY... TOMORROW and TOGETHER... to continue to lead and prepare our organization towards a strategically sound financial future.

NCSBN Experiences:

- NCSBN Board of Directors Treasurer 2019-Present
- NCSBN Board of Directors Area II Director 2015-2019
- Finance Committee Chair 2019-Present
- NCLEX Exam Committee Board Liaison
- CORE Committee Board Liaison
- NLC Policy Committee
- NLC Technology Taskforce
- Nursys® Committee Chair
- Fraud Detection Committee
- Midyear Meeting, 2019 Presenter Alexa, A Regulator's Tool for Voice Enabled A.I.
- Annual Meeting Presenter 2020 Finance Committee Forum, 2008 Nursys®/NPDB
- IT/Operations Conference Presenter 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2018, 2020
- Nursys® Users Conference Facilitator 2006, 2007

State Boards & Committees:

- State of Kansas IT Advisory Board
- FOCUS Committee for State Accounting Systems
- IT Executive Project Management Team
- IT Security Council Architecture Standards Committee

- Health Workforce Committee
- HR Policy Committee

Certifications & Awards:

- 2020 NCSBN Meritorious Service Award
- Topeka's Top 20 Under 40
- University of Kansas Public Management Center
- CPM

Community Experiences:

- USD #345 School District IT Committee/Debate Judge
- Church Volunteer

2. What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?

As the current NCSBN Treasurer and during my two terms as Area II Director, I have demonstrated that I am willing and able to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors. I remain focused on serving the entire membership by being accessible and ready to listen to the issues and concerns of the membership. I am proud of the reputation that follows me as being a go-to person in areas of finance, operations, technology, and office automation. I make personal connections with those around me and when working in groups, can bring diverse teams together to accomplish a common goal; moreover, I understand complex real-world organizational processes and envision ways to reinvent and streamline those processes. I can recognize when there is a need to change direction to address organizational challenges and stay relevant to those we serve. I understand the necessity to think strategically and as the world continues to change around us, I am someone who keeps my eyes on the horizon, ready to engage new opportunities while keeping a sharp focus on remaining fiscally secure and sound. I have been asked to present and serve as moderator at many conferences and led committees on the state and national level over my seasoned career. In Kansas, I have worked with board members and staff to make the KSBN become a model for others to follow both within our state and across the nation. During my tenure, the KSBN has won several awards including national recognition for e-government licensing, which was innovative, saved time, increased efficiency, and got nurses to work quicker. I am honored to serve the membership on the NCSBN Board of Directors! I remain committed to our mission and to the needs of our membership as we further our vision of Leading regulatory excellence worldwide.

3. Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.

I believe that we must keep sharp focus on Strategic Initiative A - Promote agile regulatory systems for relevance and responsiveness to change. Increased fiscal constraints and continued scrutiny of occupational licensing boards continues to challenge nursing regulators. The ever-increasing pressure to "right-size" governmental regulation and do more with less, may result in budget cuts, consolidation with other agencies, or regulation by other professions. Each of these factors can impact a board's ability to perform the critical functions and services that are essential to protecting the public. NCSBN's creation of a government affairs office based in Washington, D.C. has been tremendously helpful in keeping a pulse on current events happening on Capitol Hill and supporting the membership's ability to be informed and responsive. Another important aspect to remember is that the mission of our nursing regulatory bodies is public protection, which must be the driving force at the center of developing borderless healthcare delivery policies. Through modern technology, state and national borders are becoming invisible. The advances in technology have improved the ability to assure safe nursing care across borders and efficient licensing by the adoption of the nurse licensure compact. This adds to the challenge for regulators due to the ever-increasing use of technology to deliver services to our licensees. Technology can provide real-time

information, but safeguards and security measures must be taken to prevent data breaches or fraud. Nursing regulatory bodies have become increasingly dependent on creating, collecting, and analyzing data obtained through the use of technology. Our dependence on technology and access to sensitive information has the potential to place agencies at risk for intrusion and theft. As these threats continue to grow, we will need to continue to analyze our operations to ensure we protect our information assets and maintain public trust in our operations. NCSBN is uniquely able to assist by providing resources, technology, and research to develop and implement strategies to increase operational efficiency and regulatory effectiveness. The CORE program is an example of how we can provide evidence of the effectiveness of the self-regulatory model of nursing regulation. The next few years will continue to present both challenges and opportunities for nurse regulators. NCSBN is in a unique position to assist nursing regulatory bodies with fiscally responsible research, public policy, legislative responses focused on patient safety, and assisting the membership in remaining agile, responsive and relevant. Exciting times are ahead of us! We should continue to seize these opportunities!

<u>Area I Director</u>
Susan VanBeuge, DNP, APRN, FNP-BC, FAANP
Board President, Nevada State Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.

I am humbled and honored to submit my application for the position of Area I Director on the National Council State Boards of Nursing (NCSBN). My experience and leadership in professional, regulatory, and community settings make me an ideal candidate for this position. I have served the Nevada Board since 2006, appointed to the advanced practice advisory committee, then appointed as Board Member in 2015 and recently reappointed to the board until 2024. As the current Board President of the Nevada State Board of Nursing (NSBN), I have the regulatory experience and leadership acumen to be an area director. As Area I Director, I will represent our western geographic diversity while serving as a representative for all members of the NCSBN. My 27-year career as RN and APRN demonstrate depth of experiences from bedside nursing to outpatient clinics, leadership and much in between. I have practiced in the US and in Japan (US civilian), with experiences visiting medical clinics in Africa and the United Kingdom. I teach and practice as an APRN, giving me the experience and knowledge of education, practice, and direct patient care. This knowledge and experience provides the well-rounded depth for me to be your Area I representative. I will work hard for you and serve the entire NCSBN on the Board of Directors.

Below are highlighted leadership experiences representing regulation, education, and community engagement.

- President, Nevada State Board of Nursing
- Vice-President, NSBN
- Secretary, NSBN
- Vice-Chair, Primary Care Advisory Council, Nevada Department of Health and Human Services
- Member, Institute of Regulatory Excellence NCSBN
- Program Director: Doctor of Nursing Practice, University of Nevada, Las Vegas
- Program Director: Master's Program, University of Nevada, Las Vegas
- State Representative, American Association of Nurse Practitioners
- American Association of Nurse Practitioners Certification Board, Content Expert
- Lead Parish Nurse, Desert Spring United Methodist Church

2. What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?

My personal leadership style is a servant leadership philosophy with a goal to serve others. My philosophy is to put people first and work so others may achieve their very best. This drives me in my roles as a regulator, educator, practitioner, and community leader. I believe this type of leadership philosophy will serve all members of the NCSBN. This type of leadership style blends well with the three duties of a Board of Directors: Duty of Loyalty, Duty of Care, and Duty of Obedience to consistently meet the organizations mission and goals (Leifer & Glomb, 1997). I believe characteristics that describe me include strong leadership skills, collaborative, empathetic, trusting, innovative, data driven, team player, evidence-based decision maker, ability to get along with others, excellent communication skills, and a good listener. Leaders in nursing must possess dynamic skills to be flexible. Over the last year of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have had to flex this muscle often! Being able to remain nimble, creative, innovative, and support nurses has been rewarding and challenging. In my own community, I was able to continue teaching and graduate students on schedule to further fill our nursing workforce with safe, licensed health care providers. As a volunteer, I am the lead parish nurse working with church leaders to plan our shutdown while simultaneously planning for reopening. When vaccines became available, I worked to obtain immunization appointments for our most vulnerable and have been a regular volunteer at state vaccine clinics. I am honored to be an American Association of Nurse Practitioners Fellow (FAANP), and Leadership for Academic Nursing Fellow (LANP). My strong work ethic, record of publications and presentations over the last 27 years demonstrates my ability to communicate, collaborate, and innovate.

3. Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.

As the Area I Board of Directors member representative, I will contribute to the entire strategic plan, but will focus on initiative B here - Champion regulatory solutions to address borderless health delivery system by assessing current structure in place to promote a borderless system. We have a perfect example in the nurse licensure compact (NLC) in place and adopted by over 34 states with more states pending legislation. NCSBN has been a pioneer in this concept of a borderless system and will continue to lead the way with full implementation of the NLC. Contributions to this initiative have been ongoing in my own state as stakeholders bring forward the NLC legislation in the current session. Previous legislative experience prior to being a board member will provide context, knowledge, and the lived experience to the NCSBN board of directors. Work to make change takes great courage, innovation, and an ability to work with others. My experience working with diverse groups of stakeholders is my strength. I can engage with other professions and use the nursing process to assess, diagnose, plan, implement and evaluate using critical thinking skills. While these skills are taught to respond to health and/or crisis, it serves working through problem solving processes. I believe to have change one must be open to new ideas and be innovative. Utilizing disruptive technology to imagine, conceptualize and implement a borderless system is possible. For example, we should be looking at how to expand APRN practice that allows these valuable providers to practice at the highest level of their license and education to provide better access to care across borders. The APRN licensure compact passed by the delegate assembly in 2020 is an excellent example! I would work to further expand technology utilized in telehealth across borders to allow for exchange of knowledge and skills to improve health care where expertise could be utilized for the improvement of patient care and outcomes. Organizations do not need to be everything to every person, utilizing telehealth would allow concentration of highly specialized people in one center to provider care across a borderless system for all. We have seen a wide expansion of telehealth in the last year, learning valuable lessons while honing the skills of delivery and technology. In striving for a borderless system, a top priority is the protection patient safety. We would need to analyze credentials carefully, decrease fraud and look at ways to make the system seamless yet maintain the highest level of integrity for patient protection. As a board-certified practicing APRN, I welcome the opportunity to serve as the Area I Director to represent and serve all members of the NCSBN. I bring over a quarter century of

nursing practice to the table, experience in the legislative process, leadership experience, and a diverse set of skills in service to the board. Please accept my application for Area I Director for the NCSBN.

<u>Area II Director</u> Lori Scheidt, MBA-HCM Executive Director, Missouri State Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.

During my tenure, I was afforded the opportunity to perform nearly every position within our Board due to vacancies. These varied leadership experiences, along with my determination to improve nursing regulation and public protection led to my tenure as the Executive Director of the Missouri State Board of Nursing; a position I have served in since 2001. I earned an Associate in Arts from Columbia College in 1997, a Bachelor of Science in Computer Information Management from William Woods University in 2000 and an MBA in Healthcare Management from Western Governors University in 2012. I also became Just Culture certified in 2013. I have taken 13 ICRS courses. I currently serve on the NCSBN Board the Area II Director. I had the privilege to serve two years as vice-chair of the Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators. I have served on numerous NCSBN committees as follows:

- Chair, NLC Compliance Committee 2020-Present
- NLC Technology Task Force 2020-Present
- Chair, Fraud Detection Committee 2015
- Discipline Effective Practices Subcommittee 2014-2015
- Chair, Member Board Agreement Review Committee 2013
- Nurse Licensure Models Committee 2011- 2012
- Awards Panel 2004-2006
- CORE 2005
- Nursys Advisory Panel 2003-2004
- Test Service Technical Subcommittee 2001-2002
- Examination Committee 1997-2000
- NCLEX Evaluation Task Force 1996
- Committee for Special Projects (CAT) 1995

I am active on the Center for Patient Safety, having served as chair and now a member of the advisory panel. I am a member of the Missouri Healthcare Workforce Coalition. Through my leadership, our Board has been awarded a

Governor's Award for Quality and Productivity for improvements in nursing investigations and NCSBN's Regulatory Achievement Award in 2012. In 2001, I received the NCSBN Outstanding Achievement Award and Meritorious Service Award in 2016 and the R. Louise McManus Award in 2020.

2. What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?

An adverse health event in my family fueled my passion for public protection work. I believe in what we do and our ability to make a difference. I am motivated and actively engaged in the organization. I possess the duty to care, duty of loyalty and duty of obedience to continue to be a contributing member of the board. I am a strategic thinker and believe my strong and varied board operations background adds perspective and balance to the Board. I am also very driven. If there is a challenge, I will work hard to find a solution. I had my first job when I was 12 years old and haven't stopped working since that time. I am a hard worker and will continue to work hard to further the mission of the National Council of State Boards of Nursing. I pledge to continue to actively listen to the membership and remain engaged with all aspects of the organization.

3. Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.

As Area II Director, I remain actively engaged in working on the strategic initiative to champion regulatory solutions to address borderless health care delivery. Specifically, I have been working with the NCSBN team to analyze education credentials for internationally-educated nurses to determine gaps in fraud detection and how we might address those by utilizing an exchange of nurse licensure, discipline and education information beyond borders. I am seeking re-election to continue this important work! We have surveyed nursing regulatory bodies to get a snapshot of current requirements and processes. I participated in the review and revision the Fraud Detection Manual and Resource Manual on the Licensure of Internationally Educated Nurses. The next steps will be to review credential evaluation agency processes including how identity, education and international licenses are verified. Ultimately, we should be able to determine any gaps in processes. The final outcome would be to enhance public protection and streamline licensure processes for internationally educated nurses. Regulatory boards need to continue to rise to the challenge to offer flexible regulatory options without sacrificing public protection. We need to continue to develop strategic alliances with other agencies and international partners. Having a more thorough understanding of how education and licensure works in other disciplines and countries will widen our body of knowledge and potential solutions. By thinking outside the traditional box, NCSBN can help form these alliances and research various regulatory options to keep the public safe while increasing numbers in the workforce. For NCSBN to accomplish these goals, they need experienced members on the Board of Directors, like myself, with vast regulatory experiences and a strong work ethic to continue moving NCSBN forward.

<u>Area IV Director</u>
Karen Evans, MSN, RN-BC, SD-CLTN, CLC
Executive Director, Maryland Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional, regulatory, and community experience.

I have always had a passion for healthcare and mentoring. My passion for healthcare led to me becoming a registered nurse. Throughout my 37-year nursing career, I have worked to bring significant change to the delivery of nursing practice via education, regulatory, and community avenues. I have served in a variety of leadership, faculty and consultant roles in diverse settings including acute and long-term care, nursing education programs and community advisory boards (health in underserved communities and nursing education programs). In my current role as the Executive Director, I lead the largest of 23 health occupations boards in the State of Maryland. I implemented programs and processes that have been instrumental in renewing the Maryland Board of Nursing's status as an accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education. I initiated the Practice and

Education Committee at the Board to review all Education, training programs, and practice concerns. I have been recognized with several awards from the community as well as from long-term care organizations and universities. In 2013, I received the Maryland Nurses Association Mentoring Award and the Stellar Exemplary Service Award in 2017 for my work in the association and nursing practice. I received the 2011 Nursing Spectrum Excellence Award in Mentoring for the Maryland/District of Columbia/Virginia area. In 2014, I received the Coppin State University Visionary Award for developing the Mary Eliza Mahoney Nursing Honor Society. I currently serve on the NLC Compliance Committee. My Community engagement activities include speaking with high school and nursing students in various districts in Maryland, including underserved communities, about leadership and nursing. I am a frequent presenter at Maryland Nurses Association's annual conventions and Education Day. Other career roles include corporate director of clinical education where I developed education programs, education consultant, and assistant professor of nursing.

2. What characteristics make you a strong fit to fulfill the responsibilities of the Board of Directors?

I am an experienced trailblazer whose perseverance and integrity has led to success in empowering and guiding others. I am a transformative leader with a strong focus on accountability. I am dedicated to instilling confidence in

my team as well as mentoring and molding future leaders in healthcare. I have learned that in order to achieve outcomes you must always expect the unexpected and be prepared to work hard at conquering insurmountable tasks. I currently oversee the largest health board in the state of Maryland. The Board not only regulates RN, LPN, Advance Practice Nurses and RN Expanded roles, it presides over certificate holders including Certified Nursing Assistants, Geriatric Nursing Assistants, Certified Medicine Aides and Medication Technicians, as well as other license holders such as Electrologists and Direct Entry Midwives. I have worked to bridge the gaps between the Board and the communities we serve by connecting with the community via collaboration, presentations and customer service. In my three years as Executive Director, I have been successful at meeting the Board's strategic initiatives by improving the Board of Nursing's image in the community through innovation, transformation and transparency. My roles and experiences have shaped me to become a well-rounded member of NCSBN's leadership body who is open minded and motivated. I will bring this same open mindedness and drive to NCSBN representing Area IV with a strong, clear, diverse, and collaborative voice.

3. Of the four strategic initiatives within the NCSBN 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, identify one initiative and describe how you would contribute to the organization's achievement of that initiative.

As the Area-IV member, I would contribute to Strategic Initiative B: "Champion regulatory solutions to address borderless healthy delivery systems". The Covid 19 pandemic has created an urgent need to improve access to healthcare delivery beyond our borders. Maryland has been on the cutting edge with the Nurse Licensing Compact (NLC) since it became the first state to implement the compact over 34 years ago. My contributions in my own state have been ongoing as our Board is currently working with stakeholders to support implementation of the APRN compact. This will allow these valuable practitioners to provide better access to care across the borders, especially in underserved and rural communities. As an Executive Director, NLC Commissioner and participating member of the Compliance Committee, I am primed to move this initiative forward. I will leverage my experience and knowledge with the legislative process to further expand legislation, assist newly enacted states with the implementation process, and work with credentialing. I will at all times continue to ensure protection of the public through safe nursing practice. It would be my intention to bring my experiences to my role as the Area IV member to accomplish this strategic initiative.

Leadership Succession Committee

<u>Area III Member</u> Sandra Culpepper, LPN Board Member, Mississippi Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional and community experience related to leadership succession planning and/or recruitment strategies. (300 words or less)

Being diligent, proactive, transparent, and enthusiastic is of utmost importance when attempting to engage others to become involved either in their associations or in the community setting. I have been fortunate to have the ability to recruit at nursing programs for the facility I am employed with, am active in recruitment for NAPLN where I am currently a Director, currently I also serve as Secretary for the Mississippi State Board of Nursing, Chair of Office of Nursing Workforce for MSBON that involves working with leaders in Healthcare from across Mississippi as well as Colleges in providing assistance for educational opportunities, and I am also very involved within my own community educating on information regarding healthcare and as always our local youth and High School Athletic Teams in any way that is needed of me. I also volunteer my time with the elderly, just sitting and providing company to them.

2. What personal attributes and involvement with NCSBN (e.g., attending NCSBN meetings / conferences, subject matter expert panelist, participation on networking calls, and NCSBN committee member) make you a strong fit for the Leadership Succession Committee?

I have since my tenure with MSBON to attend every Annual and Mid-Year Meeting, I attend other various meetings when offered, I have also assisted with Pearson Vue as a member of both the Nurse Aide division to write test questions and with NCLEX in 2019/2020 as a question reviewer. I have thoroughly enjoyed each one of these endeavors and have learned so much from NCSBN that will enhance my knowledge base. I look forward to continuing to assist and learn as much as possible from great people!

3. What does leadership mean to you and identify the attributes of effective leaders?

Leadership is a very important role because without strong leaders that are willing to put in just as much work as their team, it simply would not be successful. Leadership means being able to provide an atmosphere that

encourages "free thinking" to allow for greater idea population, encouraging others, providing assistance to colleagues, acknowledging ones own or others weaknesses and developing a plan to obtain optimum performance, always being available to listen and give feedback, planning, and most importantly being a person of great character.

Area III Member

Janice Hooper, PhD, RN, FRE, CNE, FAAN, ANEF Lead Nursing Consultant for Education, Texas Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional and community experience related to leadership succession planning and/or recruitment strategies.

I served on the previous Nominating Committee years ago for the two-year term (2006-2008). I also have past experience as a member of the Nominating Committee for the Missouri Nurses Association. I have been involved with other NCSBN committees: Innovation in Nursing Education, NCLEX Examination Committee (Chair), and Education Outcomes and Metrics Committee (Chair). I have found that the best way to grow in leadership skills is involvement with organizations (especially NCSBN) and through committee participation. This has also helped me to become a more effective Board staff member.

2. What personal attributes and involvement with NCSBN (e.g., attending NCSBN meetings / conferences, subject matter expert panelist, participation on networking calls, and NCSBN committee member) make you a strong fit for the Leadership Succession Committee?

My involvement with NCSBN has been strong for 14 years. The benefits I have gained from this association have motivated me to encourage others to extend themselves and volunteer for service. I have been given the opportunity to attend most major meetings of NCSBN and to participate in presentations at meetings. The most memorable one was being in the "Shark Tank" for an innovative ADN program in a high school! Thank you, NCSBN.

3. What does leadership mean to you and identify the attributes of effective leaders?

I realized a few years ago how desperately leaders want to know how to be good leaders. At one of our orientation workshops for new program directors (to familiarize them with education rules), I realized the need when a new director remarked after the meeting, "That was good, but I thought you were going to tell us how to be a director!" I decided to add a session on "being an effective director," that has been well-received. We learn from watching others and reflecting on ineffective leaders, but training, mentoring, and encouragement is most helpful. I have seen the Leadership Succession Committee focusing on these aspects and would like to be a part of this

movement. What do followers want in an effective leader? They want a leader whom they can trust and is worthy of their following. Important attributes include: a good listener, integrity, honesty, humility, courage, pleasant personality, adaptable to change, seeking to help followers grow, and caring. Being an effective leader is an aspiration for all.

Area III Member

Meredith Parris, JD Staff Attorney, North Carolina Board of Nursing



1. Describe your professional and community experience related to leadership succession planning and/or recruitment strategies.

Both my professional and personal experiences have allowed me to be engaged in leadership succession planning. In my tenure as a prosecutor, as I advanced into more senior roles in the office, I mentored and encouraged lessexperienced attorneys to fulfill the responsibilities of the roles from which I was promoted. It was important to identify the strengths of these individuals and match them with the specific duties assigned to handling certain cases. Observing the way individuals conducted themselves with their colleagues and the public, as well as working directly with them in preparation for trials and in court, enabled me to make informed decisions on who should be promoted into positions requiring more responsibility. As a trial attorney, I am constantly assessing, or "interviewing," witnesses to evaluate their potential testimony – how does this person present? Are they credible? In this administrative setting, I work with nurses and investigators to bridge the gap of their professional knowledge with the laws and rules of the nursing practice act. As a staff attorney, I have also provided assistance in the hiring process for investigators, legal assistants and other staff. Additionally, in my personal life I have volunteered through the Junior League of Raleigh ("JLR") for the past ten years to promote and strengthen several different organizations in the community. Through the JLR, I have co-chaired the Stop Abuse for Every Child (SAFEChild) committee and been involved with other committees including Heritage Park Mentoring Students, Brentwood Boys and Girls Club and Government Relations and Public Affairs. In each of these settings, I worked with other volunteers and staff to recruit contributing members for future committees.

2. What personal attributes and involvement with NCSBN (e.g., attending NCSBN meetings / conferences, subject matter expert panelist, participation on networking calls, and NCSBN committee member) make you a strong fit for the Leadership Succession Committee?

My dedication and commitment to the mission of protecting the public, team approach and communication skills along with my participation in NCSBN activities combine to present me a strong candidate for this Committee. The work of NCSBN connects state boards of nursing to help promote public safety through regulation and I want to be a part of building these connections. I can work to ensure that nurses practicing in North Carolina follow the laws and rules of practice act, but the mission is further strengthened when other state boards are informed of licensees who struggle in their practice so they can evaluate if that individual needs to be restricted in their practice within that state. I recognize the work I do is reliant on a strong team. I collaborate with nurses, investigators, rulemaking coordinators and even other boards to advance the mission of protecting the public. I am able to efficiently multitask and effectively prioritize my work, which would be an asset to working on the Leadership Succession Committee. Specifically, with NCSBN, I attended a Discipline Case Management conference and a Nurse Licensure Compact training workshop. I have sat in on numerous Discipline Network calls. I refer to the training materials on the website and, particularly with my work during the pandemic, have used NCSBN resources to examine how other boards are handling contested cases in a virtual setting.

3. What does leadership mean to you and identify the attributes of effective leaders?

Leadership is the manner in which a person or group of people work together to promote and build the mission of an agency from within. Effective leadership starts with knowledge of oneself and the agency. An effective leader must be a person who understands the vision of the agency and helps advance this vision at every level of involvement. Leadership to me doesn't mean "I, alone" but rather is a "we, together" mentality. One cannot work independently to achieve the best results. A leader should understand the value that others bring to the group in advancing the vision of an agency and recognize that no one person can do everything alone. Effective leaders excel in areas of communication. To be a good communicator, one must not only be able to convey ideas but must also listen and incorporate what you learn from others as well. The concept of active listening is crucial from a leadership perspective because it conveys the leader is engaged and recognizes the value of hearing from others. In turn, once others see that their contributions are heard and recognized by leaders within an agency, they are more inclined to participate and step outside their comfort zone. An effective leader sparks this voluntary participation and encourages increased involvement. A good leader exemplifies the enthusiasm they want to see in others. Honesty and Integrity are at the forefront of the manner in which a leader conducts themselves in all aspects of business. Those around a great leader know, based on how the leader has conducted themselves along the way, that the leader is looking to advance the mission of the public. In turn, a leader who is honest and displays integrity helps to build the public's trust and confidence in the mission of the agency. Being reliable helps promote this trust and advance the mission of the agency. A leader must be willing to make difficult decisions and step out of their comfort zone. Especially when looking at advancing the mission of an agency, a leader must be brave in their approach into the unknown. With respect to decision-making and outcomes, a leader should hold themselves accountable for their decisions in addition to acknowledging the contributions of others. In working towards promoting the mission of the agency, a leader should be able to identify issues and work with others towards solutions surrounding these issues.