Kansas State Board of Nursing Landon State Office Building, Room 509 Practice Committee Agenda December 10, 2024

NOTE: The audience may attend in person or via Zoom. Link to access meeting to follow agenda.

Time: 3:00 p.m. – 4:00 p.m.

Committee Members: Lori Owen, LPN, Chair

Michelle Terry, Public Member, V. Chair Melissa Oropeza, DNP, APRN-BC, CGRN

Amy Renn, MSN, RN

Gregg Morris, BSN, RN, CWCN, OMS

Brian Feldt, BSN, RN Melanie Burnett, MSN, RN Patty Palmietto, DNP, MSN, RN

Staff: Linda Davies, MSN, BSN, RN, Practice Specialist

Stephanie Wiley, Sr. Administrative Assistant

Jill Simons, Executive Assistant

- I. Quorum (minimum of 5 members present) Yes or No
- II. Call to Order
- III. Review Onsite Packet
- IV. Additions/Revisions to Agenda
- V. Announcements
- VI. Approval of Minutes September 10, 2024

Consent Item Agenda

- 1. Practice Calls Report
- VII. Unfinished Business
 - 1. New Regulations Review Process to be completed by March 2025 (13 of 27 completed) Review for Final comments:
 - a.K.A.R. 60-15-101 Definitions and functions
 - b. K.A.R. 60-15-102 Delegation procedures
 - c. K.A.R. 60-15-103 Supervision of delegated tasks
 - d. K.A.R. 60-15-104 Medication administration in a school

Review for Initial comments:

a. K.A.R. 60-7-101 – Licensure

- b. K.A.R. 60-7-102 Duplicate of initial license
- c. K.A.R. 60-7-103 Change of name
- d. K.A.R. 60-7-104 Reinstatement of license
- e. K.A.R. 60-7-105 Standards of practice
- f. K.A.R. 60-7-106 Unprofessional conduct
- g. K.A.R. 60-7-108 Inactive license
- h. K.A.R. 60-7-109 Exempt license
- i. K.A.R. 60-7-110 Expiration dates of licenses / applications
- j. K.A.R. 60-7-111 Reporting certain misdemeanor convictions

VIII. New Business

- 1. K.A.R. 60-7-105
- 2. Certified Nurse Midwife and Certified Professional Midwife
- IX. Agenda for March 2025 Committee meeting
- X. Adjournment

Committee Responsibilities:

To review and recommend revisions in RN, LPN and LMHT statutes and regulations. To provide nonbinding guidance on the scope of nursing and LMHT practice in response to written inquiries. To make recommendations to amend the practice act that reflect current nursing and mental health technician practice.

Please Note: Additional items, which have come to the attention of the Board, will be handled as time permits. Agenda is subject to change based upon items to come before the Board. Handouts or copies of materials brought to the board or committees for discussion by committee members or visitors must be submitted to staff 30 calendar days prior to start of the meeting. Any items received after the 30th calendar day may be addressed at the meeting at the discretion of the President of the Board or chairperson of the committee.

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89010661681?pwd=ej6FEEVSIHeJbp7otyLhToDeNwAobU.1

Passcode: KsbnPCComm Or One tap mobile:

- +17193594580,,89010661681#,,,,*1317310760# US
- +12532050468,,89010661681#,,,,*1317310760# US

Or Telephone:

Dial(for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):

- +1 719 359 4580 US
- +1 253 205 0468 US
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- +1 346 248 7799 US (Houston)
- +1 669 444 9171 US
- +1 669 900 6833 US (San Jose)
- +1 360 209 5623 US
- +1 386 347 5053 US
- +1 507 473 4847 US
- +1 564 217 2000 US
- +1 646 876 9923 US (New York)
- +1 646 931 3860 US
- +1 689 278 1000 US
- +1 301 715 8592 US (Washington DC)
- +1 305 224 1968 US
- +1 309 205 3325 US
- +1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago)

Webinar ID: 890 1066 1681

Passcode: 1317310760

International numbers available: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kl8P1Wdve

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Kansas Board of Nursing

Practice Call Data – December 2024

2023-2024

Month	Total 2023	Total 2024
Jan 2023	68	58
Feb	62	61
March	69	65
April	73	82
May	75	105
June	81	87
July	49	149
Aug	132	108
Sept	107	51
Oct	83	80
Nov	39	
Dec	53	
Total	891	846
Avg/month	74	70

Inquiries Received by KSBN Staff:

APRN's:

- Scope of practice
 - o referred to K.S.A. 65-1130 (education, training, certification) specific role and population focus;
- Starting a business guidance
 - referred to scope of practice and KSBN staff are not licensed attorneys, refer to Secretary of State's
 Office and their own attorney;
- Licensing in Kansas, Independent practice referred to KSBN website
- How to report medical malpractice
- Death certificates
- Pain management, lumbar punctures, hormone injections
- Collaborative practice agreement and Full practice authority
- Tele-health
- Sign guardianship
- Women's Health NP, treat males

RNs / LPNs:

- Reinstatement of license
- License verification
- Supervision of unlicensed professionals
- Facility report of malpractice
- How many hours can a nurse work

- School nurse Questions
- Billing and insurance claims/issues

Other:

- Anonymous reports of misconduct
 - KSBN does not take verbal complaints
 - o Refer caller to KSBN website to file complaint

Standard Response includes:

The Kansas State Board of Nursing ("KSBN") staff cannot and does not provide legal advice to members of the public. KSBN staff may provide assistance to the public by providing reference to the Kansas Nurse Practice Act. The Kansas Nurse Practice Act is available at https://ksbn.kansas.gov/npa/. This assistance should never be taken as legal advice, or as a complete reference to all relevant laws or regulations governing a particular situation. Any response given by KSBN staff is not binding on the Board and should not be taken as an official KSBN decision. If you believe you need legal advice, you should consult, at your own expense, a licensed attorney.

Determinations as to whether a nurse has violated the KNPA and whether disciplinary action is taken against a licensee, is a power granted to the Board. The Board does not make any determinations until after an investigation has been completed and evidence gathered has been presented to the Board. Therefore, agency staff are unable to provide an opinion as to whether there is a violation of the KNPA (see K.S.A. 65-1120, K.A.R. 60-3-110, and K.S.A. 65-1166 Art. III(c)(1)-(11).

The mission of the KSBN is to assure safe and competent practice.

KSBN Practice Committee
December 10, 2024

Regulations to Approve

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 15 - Performance of Selected Nursing Procedures in School Settings
Rule and Reg Title: 101 - Definitions and functions
Type (New/Amended):
Effective Date (history): May 27, 1988
Authorizing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1129
Implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1165
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) These definitions and functions give guidance and direction regarding nursing care that is delivered in the school setting. Gives clear guidance for school nurses for delegation to unlicensed healthcare providers for students during school hours while also addressing before and after school hours' needs. Gives guidance on what can be delegated. Gives direction for maintaining records. This promotes safe patient care in schools. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) N/A
Additional information:
Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Committee:	
Chair:	
Date:	

KSBN Regulation Review Form Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 15 - Performance of Selected Nursing Procedures in School Settings Rule and Reg Title: 102 - Delegation procedures Type (New/Amended): Effective Date (history): May 27, 1988 Authorizing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1129 Implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1165 Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y 🖂 or N 🗍 **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) This regulation ensures the registered nurse is accountable for care provided in the school setting and outlines how and which tasks can be delegated to unlicensed persons. This is necessary for safe patient care in schools. Gives direction for maintaining records. 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \square or N \boxtimes 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \rightarrow or N \rightarrow 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) N/A Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Committee: Practice

Chair:

Practice 11

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 15 - Performance of Selected Nursing Procedures in School Settings
Rule and Reg Title: 103 - Supervision of delegated tasks or procedures
Type (New/Amended):
Effective Date (history): May 27, 1988
Authorizing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124
Implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) This provides guidance for supervising delegated tasks for the care of students by an LPN and unlicensed person in the school setting. This outlines how the RN will supervise tasks that are delegated to unlicensed persons. This provides guidance related to determining the aspects of the nursing care needed, training considerations, etc. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA
Additional information:
Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)
Committee: Practice

Chair:

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 15 - Performance of Selected Nursing Procedures in School Settings
Rule and Reg Title: 104 - Medication administration in a school setting
Type (New/Amended):
Effective Date (history): May 27, 1988
Authorizing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1129
Implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A. 65-1165
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) This provides guidance for clear direction on delegation of medications administered in a school setting. These guidelines state what can and what cannot be delegated to an LPN and/or unlicensed persons which is necessary to ensure safe medication administration in the school setting. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the
 authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) N/A
Additional information:
Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)
Committee: Practice

Chair:

KSBN Practice Committee December 10, 2024

Regulations Review for Final Comments

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 7
Rule and Reg Title: 101 Licensure
Type (New/Amended): Amended
Effective Date (history): January 29, 1999
Authorizing K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-4203 and 1997 Supp. 74-1106
Implementing K.S.A. 1997 Supp. 65-4203; modified, L. 1975, Ch. 302, Sec. 8, May 1, 1975
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Gives clear guidelines for expectations of obtaining license, retesting if needed how long an applicate can test post-graduation. Provides guidance for failure of examination and possible avenues to ensure passage. Gives clear guidelines to new nursing graduates and expectations for examination need prior to licensing Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters)
Additional information:

Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Without clear guidelines as to what is expected of new graduates for licensure this would cause a potential safety issue to the Kansas public.

Committee:	
Chair:	
Date:	

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Additional information:

be verified via NURSEY.

Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the

Not necessarily sure this is needed anymore give the technology age we live in and how licenses are stored via data bases?? Looked up KSA 65-4208 it talks about fees I guess this would be less fees but not sure that would impact the KSBN since nurse are able to

authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters)

Revoked 12/14/2021 - Practice Committee minutes; Tabled in June, Sept; 2021. Minutes approved 3/29/2022 (see 12142021 Prac Comm Minutes.).

Committee:	
Chair:	
Date:	

Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 7 Rule and Reg Title: 103 Change of name Type (New/Amended): Effective Date (history): May 1, 1975 Authorizing K.S.A. 65-4201 et seq., K.S.A. 1974 Supp. 74-1106 et seq. Implementing K.S.A. Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⊠or N □ **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Needed to ensure safety for the citizens of Kansas and to ensure those who are caring for Kansans are who they say they are. We need to ensure those nurses that are working in Kansas have their legals names on their nursing license. 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \square or N \boxtimes 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \(\square\) or N \(\square\) 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters) Committee: Chair:

Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 7 Rule and Reg Title: 104 Resinstatement of license Type (New/Amended): Amended Effective Date (history): May 1, 1975; amended May 9, 1994; amended Feb. 16, 1996 Authorizing K.S.A. 1994 Supp. 65-4203, as amdended by L. 1995, Ch. 97, Sec. 4 Implementing K.S.A. 1994 Supp. 65-4205, as amended by L. 1995, Ch. 97, Sec. 5 Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y 🖂 or N 🗍 **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Need to give all opportunities to those individuals who have decided to return to nursing especially in the state of Kansas to ensure all opportunities are available for our healthcare workforce. Revocation could potentially impact the nursing workforce in the state of Kansas 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \ or N \ 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \(\square\) or N 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1.200 characters)

Committee:

Chair:

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 7
Rule and Reg Title: 105 Standards of practice
Type (New/Amended): New
Effective Date (history): May 1, 1975
Authorizing K.S.A. 65-4201 et seq., K.S.A. 1974 Supp. 74-1106 et seq, modified, L. 1975, Ch. 302, Sec 10.
Implementing K.S.A.
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) It is important to spell out expectations of healthcare providers in the state of Kansas, and important to have language that shows the public what is expected of their healthcare providers shows clear delineation of needs for populations in the mental health care setting. Revocation would not be in the public best interests especially with regard to mental health technician needs to be familiar with their scope of practice Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA
Additional information:
Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Committee:	
Chair:	
Date:	

Part 1 (completed by agency staff):

Ture I (compresed by agency stuff).
Regulation Number: 60
Article Title: 7
Rule and Reg Title: 108 Inactive License
Type (New/Amended): Amended
Effective Date (history): April 26, 1993; amended April 20, 2001.
Authorizing K.S.A. 1999 Supp. 65-4203
Implementing K.S.A. 1999 Supp. 65-4205 and K.S.A. 1999. 1999 Supp. 65-4208
Part 2 (completed by committee members):
Necessity:
 Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? Y ⋈ or N □ Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⋈ or N □
Potential for Revocation:
 Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Need to give all opportunities to those individuals who have decided to take an inactive license an opportunity to return to healthcare especially in the state of Kansas to ensure all opportunities are available for our healthcare workforce if they need to step away from mental healthcare settings. Revocation would impact getting those mental healthcare providers back at the bedside in a timely manner, you never know what an individuals situation is and why they might have to step away. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y or N If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA
Additional information:
Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Committee:	
Chair:	
Date:	

Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 7 Rule and Reg Title: 109 Exempt license Type (New/Amended): New Effective Date (history): April 3, 1998 Authorizing K.S.A. 1996 Supp. 65-4203, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 158, Sec. 8 Implementing K.S.A. 1996 Supp. 65-4203, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 158, Sec. 8 Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y 🖂 or N 🗍 **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) revocation would be unwise in this situation especially with those mental healthcare providers who are willing to provide chartable healthcare. Need to encourage those who are giving of their time and expertise for mental health care in a charitable setting should be encourage in the state of Kansas 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \sum or N \times 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \(\square\) or N 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1.200 characters)

Committee:

Practice 30

Chair:

Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 7 Rule and Reg Title: 110 Expiration dates of licenses; applications. Type (New/Amended): New Effective Date (history): April 3, 1998 Authorizing K.S.A. 1996 Supp. 65-4203, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 158, Sec. 8 and 1996 Supp. 74-1106, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 146, Sec 5 Implementing K.S.A. 1996 Supp. 65-4203, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 158, Sec. 8 and K.S.A. 1996 Supp. 65-4205, as amended by L. 1997, Ch. 146, Sec 3. Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⊠or N □ **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Need clear guidelines on expiration dates of licenses / applications. Revocation would be unwise we need to have guidelines of licenses /applications 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \square or N \boxtimes 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \rightarrow or N \rightarrow 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1.200 characters)

Committee:

Practice 32

Chair:

Part 1 (completed by agency staff): Regulation Number: 60 Article Title: 7 Rule and Reg Title: 111 Reporting of certain misdemeanor convictions by the licensee Type (New/Amended): New Effective Date (history): Nov. 7, 2008. Authorizing K.S.A. 65-4203 and K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-4205 Implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 65-4205 Part 2 (completed by committee members): **Necessity:** 1. Is the rule and regulation necessary for the implementation and administration of state law? $Y \boxtimes \text{ or } N \square$ 2. Does the rule and regulation service an identifiable public purpose in support of state law? Y ⊠or N □ **Potential for Revocation:** 1. Briefly describe how revocation would affect Kansans (max. 800 characters) Ensures convictions are being reported to the KSBN and what types of convictions need to be reported. Revocation would not be warranted in this type of reporting as we need to ensure we are keeping the public safe with our healthcare providers. 2. Is the rule and regulation being revoked? Y \square or N \boxtimes 3. If the rule and regulation is not in active use, would revocation require a change to the authorizing or implementing statute? Y \(\square\) or N \(\square\) 4. If the rule and regulation is not in active use and revocation would require a change in the authorizing or implementing statute, which changes? (max. 400 characters) NA Additional information: Additional information necessary to understanding the necessity of the rule and regulation (max. 1,200 characters)

Committee:

Chair:

Requested revision:

- **60-7-105. Standards of practice**. (a) The licensed mental health technician shall:
 - (1) Be familiar with the mental health technician's licensure act.;
- (2) Function function primarily in a psychiatric mental retardation setting, and shall not substitute for registered nurses or licensed practical nursing in adult care facilities facility that provides services in caring for and treatment of the mentally ill, emotionally disturbed, or people with an intellectual disability; and
- (3) not substitute for registered nurses or licensed practical nurses. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-4201-et seq.; implementing K.S.A. 1974 Supp. 74-1106 et seq.; modified, L. 1975, Ch. 302, Sec. 10, effective May 1, 1975; amended P-______.)

Possible revision:

- **60-7-105. Standards of practice**. (a) The licensed mental health technician shall:
 - (1) Be familiar with the mental health technician's licensure act. Lawfully practice mental health technology as defined in the mental health technician's licensure act; (KSA 65-4202)
- (2) Function <u>function</u> primarily in a psychiatric mental retardation setting, and shall not substitute for registered nurses or licensed practical nursing in adult care facilities <u>provides services</u> in caring for and treatment of the mentally ill, emotionally disturbed, or people with an intellectual <u>disability; and</u> (KSA 65-4202)
- (3) not substitute for registered nurses or licensed practical nurses. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-4201 et seq.; implementing K.S.A. 1974 Supp. 74-1106 et seq.; modified, L. 1975, Ch. 302, Sec. 10, effective May 1, 1975; amended P-_______.)



Comparison of Certified Nurse Midwives, Certified Midwives, and Certified Professional Midwives

Clarifying the distinctions among professional midwifery credentials in the United States

International Confederation of Midwives' Definition of MIDWIFE

While the profession of midwifery has developed differently in each country, we share a common understanding of the midwife internationally. The International Confederation of Midwives' definition is:

The midwife is recognized as a responsible and accountable professional who works in partnership with women to give the necessary support, care and advice during pregnancy, labor, and the postpartum period, to conduct births on the midwife's own responsibility and to provide care for the newborn and the infant. This care includes preventative measures, the promotion of normal birth, the detection of complications in mother and child, the accessing of medical care or other appropriate assistance and the carrying out of emergency measures. The midwife has an important task in health counseling and education, not only for the woman, but also within the family and the community. This work should involve antenatal education and preparation for parenthood and may extend to women's health, sexual or reproductive health and childcare. A midwife may practice in any setting including the home, community, hospitals, clinics, or health units.

NATIONAL MIDWIFERY CREDENTIALS IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	CERTIFIED NURSE-MIDWIFE (CNM)	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE (CM)	CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL MIDWIFE (CPM)		
EDUCATION					
Minimum Degree Required for Certification	Graduate Degree		Certification does not require an academic degree but is based on demonstrated competency in specified areas of knowledge and skills.		
Minimum Education Requirements for Admission to Midwifery	Bachelor's Degree or higher from an accredited college or university AND		High School Diploma or equivalent		
Education Program	Earn RN license prior to or within midwifery education program.	Successful completion of required science & health courses and related health skills training prior to or within midwifery education program.	Prerequisites for accredited programs vary, but typically include specific courses such as statistics, microbiology, anatomy and physiology, and experience such as childbirth education or doula certification. There are no specified requirements for entry to the North American Registry of Midwives (NARM) Portfolio Evaluation Process (PEP) pathway: an apprenticeship process that includes verification of knowledge and skills by qualified preceptors.		
Clinical Experience Requirements	Attainment of knowledge, skills, and professional behaviors as identified by the American College of Nurse-Midwives (ACNM) Core Competencies for Basic Midwifery Education.		Attainment of knowledge and skills, identified in the periodic job analysis conducted by NARM.		

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Practice 37

NATIONAL MIDWIFERY CREDENTIALS IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	CERTIFIED NURSE-MIDWIFE (CNM)	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE (CM)	CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL MIDWIFE (CPM)
	Clinical education must occur under the supervision of an American Midwifery Certification Board (AMCB)-certified CNM/CM or other qualified preceptor who holds a graduate degree, has preparation for clinical teaching, and has clinical expertise and didactic knowledge commensurate with the content taught; >50% of clinical education must be under CNM/CM supervision.		NARM requires that the clinical component of the educational process must be at least two years in duration and include a minimum of 55 births in three distinct categories. Clinical education must occur under the supervision of a midwife who must be nationally certified, legally recognized and who has practiced for at least three years and attended 50 out-of-hospital births post certification. CPMs certified via the PEP may earn a Midwifery Bridge Certificate (MBC) to demonstrate they meet the International Confederation of
			Midwives (ICM) standards for minimum education.
EDUCATION PROGRAM ACCREDITING	ORGANZATION		
	The Accreditation Commission for Midwi by the U.S. Department of Education to programs and institutions. Midwifery ed within or affiliated with a regionally accr	accredit midwifery education ucation programs must be located	The Midwifery Education Accreditation Council (MEAC) is authorized by the U.S. Department of Education to accredit midwifery education programs and institutions. The scope of recognition includes certificate and degree-granting institutions, programs within accredited institutions, and distance education programs.
SCOPE OF PRACTICE			
Range of care provided	Midwifery as practiced by CNMs and CM provision of care during pregnancy, child sexual and reproductive health; gynecold services, including preconception care. No individuals from adolescence throughout healthy newborn during the first 28 days individuals who seek midwifery care, inconsexual orientations.	lbirth, and the postpartum period; ogic health; and family planning Midwives also provide primary care for the lifespan as well as care for the of life. Midwives provide care for all	Midwifery as practiced by CPMs offers care, education, counseling and support to women and their families throughout the caregiving partnership, including pregnancy, birth and the postpartum period. CPMs provide on-going care throughout pregnancy and continuous, hands-on care during labor, birth and the immediate postpartum period, as well as maternal and well-baby care through the 6-8 week postpartum period. CPMs provide initial and ongoing comprehensive assessment, diagnosis,
	CNMs/CMs provide initial and ongoing c and treatment. They conduct physical ex medications including but not limited to substance use disorder, and expedited p discharge patients; order and interpret la order medical devices, durable medical ex Midwifery care as practiced by CNMs an	caminations; independently prescribe controlled substances, treatment of artner therapy; admit, manage, and aboratory and diagnostic tests; and equipment, and home health services.	and treatment. CPMs are trained to recognize abnormal or dangerous conditions requiring consultation with and/or referral to other healthcare professionals. They conduct physical examinations, administer medications, and use devices as allowed by state law, order and interpret laboratory and diagnostic tests.
Decation Cattings	disease prevention, risk assessment and wellness education and counseling. Thes with individuals and families in diverse s private offices, telehealth and other met community and public health systems, h	management, and individualized be services are provided in partnership ettings such as ambulatory care clinics, shods of remote care delivery, omes, hospitals, and birth centers.	
Practice Settings	All settings - hospitals, homes, birth ce CNMs and CMs attend		Homes, birth centers, and offices. The majority of CPMs attend births in homes and/or birth centers.

Prescriptive Authority	All US jurisdictions	Maine, Maryland, New York, Rhode Island, Virginia, and Washington, DC	CPMs do not maintain prescriptive authority; however, they may obtain and administer certain medications in select states.	
Third Party Reimbursement	Most private insurance; Medicaid coverage mandated in all states; Medicare, TRICARE	Most private insurance; Medicaid coverage in Maine, Maryland, New York, Rhode Island, and Washington, DC	Private insurance mandated in 6 states; coverage varies in other states; 13 states include CPMs in state Medicaid plans	
CERTIFICATION				
NATIONAL MIDWIFERY CREDENTIALS IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	CERTIFIED NURSE-MIDWIFE (CNM)	CERTIFIED MIDWIFE (CM)	CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL MIDWIFE (CPM)	
Certifying Organization	American Midwifery Certification Board (AMCB)		North American Registry of Midwives (NARM)	
	AMCB and NARM are accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies			
Requirements Prior to Taking National Certification Exam			Graduation from a midwifery education program accredited by the Midwifery Education Accreditation Council (MEAC) OR Completion of NARM's Portfolio Evaluation Process (PEP) OR AMCB-Certified CNM/CM with at least ten community-based birth experiences OR Completion of an equivalent state licensure program All applicants must also submit evidence of current adult CPR and neonatal resuscitation certification or course completion	
Recertification Requirement	Every 5 years		Every 3 years	
LICENSURE				
Legal Status	Licensed in 50 states plus the District of Columbia and U.S. territories as midwives, nurse-midwives, advanced practice registered nurses, or nurse practitioners.	Licensed in Delaware, Hawaii, Maine, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Virginia, and the District of Columbia.	Licensed in 35 states and the District of Columbia.	
Licensure Agency	Boards of Midwifery, Medicine, Nursing or Departments of Health	Boards of Midwifery, Medicine, Nursing, Complementary Health Care Providers or Departments of Health	Boards of Midwifery, Medicine, Nursing, Complementary Health Care Providers; Departments of Health or Departments of Professional Licensure or Regulation	
PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION				
	American College of Nurse-Midwives (ACNM		National Association of Certified Professional Midwives (NACPM)	
Note	। e: This document does not address individu	als who are not certified and may atten	d births with or without legal recognition.	

Updated: ACNM Government Affairs | April 2022

NARM – North American Registry of Midwives

- http://narm.org/about/
- Mission Statement
- Annual Reports (2001-2023)
- Certified Professional Midwife (CPM) Credential
 - o Accredited by National Commission for Certifying Agencies (NCCA)
- Candidate Information Booklit (CIB)
 - NARM wants CPM reported
 - Won't start investigation unless patient authorizes release of records
 - Only patient can file complaint
 - Patient has to authorize release of records with/in 2 weeks of the complaint being submitted or received
- CPM Practice Guidelines
 - o "reflect Midwifery Model of Care"
 - Drafted by CFM Citizens for Midwifery
 - https://www.citizensformidwifery.org/mmoc
 - o (Pages no longer exist in CFM for data)
 - Route to: Midwives Alliance North America
 - https://mana.org/
 - Last updated 2018
 - (now all NARM?)

AMCB - American Midwifery Certification Board

- National certifying body for CNM and CM
- Mission: "to protect and serve the public by leading the certification standards in midwifery"
- Responsible for any disciplinary action against a CNM or CM's certificate
- Grounds for disciplinary action: "Limitation or sanction by a federal, state, or private licensing board, administrative agency, association or health care organization relating to public health or safety, or midwifery practice"
- Send all discipline cases to:
 - o AMCB
 - o Attn: Linda Hunter, President
 - o 8825 Stanford Boulevard, Suite 150
 - o Columbia, MD 21045

NACPM – National Association of Certified Professional Midwives

- Vision: NACPM envisions a primary birth care system in our country where all birthing people access care through a midwife, where birth place is the choice of the family, and where all childbearing people and their babies have the same chance to be healthy.
- Strategic Plan, 2020-2023
- NACPM Core Documents (https://www.nacpm.org)
 - NACPM Philosophy and Principles of Practice
 - Scope of Practice for the NACPM

The NACPM Scope of Practice is founded on the NACPM Philosophy. NACPM members offer expert care, education, counseling and support to women and their families throughout the caregiving partnership, including pregnancy, birth and the postpartum period. NACPM members work with women and families to identify their unique physical, social and emotional needs. They inform, educate and support women in making choices about their care through informed consent. NACPM members provide on-going care throughout pregnancy and continuous, hands-on care during labor, birth and the immediate postpartum period. NACPM members are trained to recognize abnormal or dangerous conditions needing expert help outside their scope. NACPM members each have a plan for consultation and referral when these conditions arise. When needed, they provide emergency care and support for mothers and babies until additional assistance is available. NACPM members may practice and serve women in all settings and have particular expertise in out-of-hospital settings.

- o Standards of Practice for NACPM Members
- Legislative & Policy state by state variation
 - o Kansas "CPMs have legal status in Kansas but, as yet, there is (a) no designated regulatory agency, (b) no state law governing their relationship with physicians, nor (c) any requirement for their continuing education." (see KDHE Kansas Laws and Regulations of Licensing Birth Centers, July 2014)
 - o K.S.A. 65-502 (repealed 7/1/2012)
 - K.S.A. 65-503 (g) "Maternity center" means a facility which provides delivery services for normal, uncomplicated pregnancies but does not include a medical care facility as defined by K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto.
 - o K.A.R. 28-4-1300 through K.A.R. 28-4-1318
 - (d) "Certified midwife" means an individual who is educated in the discipline of midwifery and who is currently certified by the American college of nurse-midwives or the American midwifery certification board, inc.
 - (e) "Certified nurse-midwife" means an individual who meets the following requirements:

- (1) Is educated in the two disciplines of nursing and midwifery;
- (2) is currently certified by the American college of nursemidwives or the American midwifery certification board, inc; and
- (3) has a current nursing license in Kansas.
- (f) "Certified professional midwife" means an individual who is educated in the discipline of midwifery and who is currently certified by the North American registry of midwives.
- Initiative: Interstate Compact Agreement Development
 - NACPM is spearheading an initiative to create interstate compact agreements for midwifery licensure portability. This move is to address the state-specific licensure restrictions that limit access to maternal health services and contributes to health inequities.

ACNM - American College of Nurse Midwives

- Chart Comparison of CNM, CM, CPM
- Position Statement, 2016, Planned Home Birth

Joint Statement of Practice Relations Between Obstetrician-Gynecologists and Certified Nurse Midwives/Certified Midwives, 2022

ACOG – American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists

- Position Statement, 2017, Planned Home Birth

Data:

- # CPM's in KS = 34 (2023 NARM Annual Report)
- #CNM's in KS (licensed by KSBN) = 108 (as of 8/21/2024)